AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

Local Government Type	Local Government N	lame	County
[] City [] Township [] Village [x] Ot	ner Washtena	aw County	Washtenaw
Audit Date	Opinion Date	Date Accountant Re	port Submitted to State:
12/31/05	3/02/06	3/22/06	

We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the *Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan* by the Michigan Department of Treasury.

We affirm that:

- 1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised.
- 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations

You must check the applicable box for each item below.

[]	Yes	[x]	No	1.	Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements.
[]	Yes	[x]	No	2.	There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).
[x]	Yes	[]	No	3.	There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).
[]	Yes	[x]	No	4.	The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.
[]	Yes	[x]	No	5.	The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).
[]	Yes	[x]	No	6.	The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
[]	Yes	[x]	No	7.	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).
[]	Yes	[x]	No	8.	The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 (MCL 129.241).
[]	Yes	[x]	No	9.	The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.	Х		
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			Х
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).	X		

Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)			
REHMANN ROBSON GERALD J. DESLOOVER, CPA			
Street Address	City	State	Zip
5800 GRATIOT, PO BOX 2025	SAGINAW	MI	48605
Accountant Signature Kehmann Johan			

WASHTENAW COUNTY, MICHIGAN COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Prepared by the Finance Department

WASHTENAW COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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Barbara Levin Bergman Mark Ouimet

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COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Robert E. Guenzel

DEPUTY COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

Frank Cambria

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Peter Ballios

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Rehmann Robson

WASHTENAW COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

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COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR

220 NORTH MAIN STREET, P.O. BOX 8645 ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48107-8645 (734) 222-6850 FAX (734) 222-6715 http://www.ewashtenaw.org

March 1, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners and the Citizens of Washtenaw County:



The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Washtenaw County for the year ended December 31, 2005, is submitted herewith. It was prepared by staff in the Finance Department with significant assistance from the accounting personnel in the Treasurer's Office, Drain Commissioner's Office, Public Works, Road Commission, Community Support and Treatment Services, Public Health, and other County departments. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County.

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatement.

Rehmann Robson, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the Washtenaw County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Washtenaw County, incorporated in 1827, is located in the southeast region of Michigan's Lower Peninsula, approximately 40 miles west of Detroit. It is the sixth largest county in the State of Michigan, with an estimated 2005 population of 345,207. Sixty-five percent of the County's population resides in four main areas. Its major cities are Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti, with estimated populations of 112,837 and 21,848, respectively. The County's two largest townships are Ypsilanti and Pittsfield, with estimated populations of 52,872 and 34,070, respectively. It covers an area of approximately 710 square miles. The County seat is located in the City of Ann Arbor. Washtenaw County is empowered to levy a property tax, the primary source of funding, on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The governmental structure of Washtenaw County is based upon the State Constitution and the general laws of the State of Michigan. The County's legislative body, and its administrative body for many functions, is the County Board of Commissioners. The Board consists of eleven commissioners elected by direct vote from single-member districts every two years. In addition to the Board of Commissioners, there are fifteen elected officials serving the County in judicial, administrative, or staff officer roles. An organization chart depicting the County structure is shown on the page following this letter.

Washtenaw County provides a full range of services in the following community of interest areas: public safety and justice, emergency preparedness and response, planning and environment, housing and homelessness, health, children's well-being, civic infrastructure, and support services. The County is responsible for the management and financing of these operations. Other services are provided through legally separate entities. The Washtenaw County Building Authority, although legally separate, functions as a department because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the County's public buildings, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the County's financial statements. Washtenaw County is also financially accountable for five legally separate component units: Department of Public Works Projects, Drain Commissioner, Hazardous Material Response Team Authority, Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and Road Commission, all of which are reported separately within the County's financial statements. Additional information on all of these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See Note I.A.).

The Board of Commissioners is required to adopt a final operating budget prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for Washtenaw County's financial planning and control. The budget is approved and budgetary control is exercised at the department level. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. Departments are authorized to make budget adjustments up to \$10,000 within established categories of their budget. The County Administrator is authorized to make budget adjustments within and between categories of budgets up to \$100,000 or 10% of the budget, whichever is less. Budget adjustments greater than this must be approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Local Economy

Washtenaw County's vibrant economy is centered on five main industry clusters. Major industries located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include automotive components, life sciences, printing and print technology, small tech, and information technology. In addition, many high quality educational institutions, most notably the University of Michigan and Eastern Michigan University, and healthcare facilities are located within our borders. The County also is a significant economic presence thanks to the vast array of services provided by more than 1,200 employees.

Because of its location in a region with a varied economic base, unemployment is consistently below the state and national averages, 6.8 and 4.9 percent respectively. During the first half of the last decade, the unemployment rate decreased from 2.3 percent (1996) to a decade low of 1.6 percent (2000). Although Washtenaw County has one of the healthiest economies in the state, manufacturing layoffs and job losses in trade, transportation, and utilities affected the local unemployment rate. Since 2000, the unemployment rate steadily rose to a decade high and current rate of 4.3 percent (2005).

Unemployment is expected to remain below the state and national averages for two reasons. First, it is estimated that the labor force in the local region will continue increasing 3 percent annually for each of the next several years due to continued population growth and new entrants, high school and college graduates, into the work force. Second, above average employment growth rates in the region are projected among health care, professional, construction and repair, management, sales, and service occupations. Jobs in the County are expected to increase by 39,190 or 14.8 percent by 2012.

Washtenaw County has maintained strong population growth over the past two decades. This growth is expected to continue in the foreseeable future. Our 2000 Census population was 322,770. The estimated 2030 population is 448,020. Over 41% of our residents 25 years and older have completed four or more years of college. The median household income of our residents is over 16% higher than that of the State of Michigan and over 23% higher than the United States as a whole. Personal income figures for our citizens have risen significantly in recent years. This indicates a healthy economy and a higher standard of living for our residents.

Washtenaw County's total equalized value of taxable property has more than doubled over the last ten years. The County remains in good financial condition, as is demonstrated by the financial statements and schedules included in this report. The County's total equalized value of taxable property to fund the County's 2005 operations (the 2004 valuation) was approximately \$16.3 billion, an increase over the prior year of \$1.3 billion, or roughly 8.4%. The economic base of the County is continuing to increase. The 2005 valuation (to fund 2006 operations) shows a 7.5% increase over the 2004 valuation.

During the past five years, the government's expenses related to judicial, general government, public safety, health and social services have increased in amount, but have consistently remained within two percent of their category of total expenses (a five-year average of 13.6 percent, 10.6 percent, 27.4 percent, 22.0 percent and 15.7 percent, respectively). Judicial expenses increased for trial court operations and activities. General government expenses increased for facilities management because of higher utility costs, and risk management because of legal counsel and attorney fees for pending lawsuits. In the case of public safety, much of the increase reflects increased staffing levels and additional medical services, food and supplies being needed due to the elevated number of inmates. During jail overcrowding situations, the County must board inmates out to other jurisdictions which also contribute to cost increases. Increased costs for health and social services are products of continuing quality services and programs for at risk populations.

The growth in parks and recreation expenses over the past five years reflects an increase in recreational activities and programs, as well as major land acquisitions under the Natural Areas Preservation program and development of the 35-mile Border-to-Border Trail, a non-motorized multi-use trail connecting to Livingston County in the north to Wayne County in the southeast.

During the past five years, the government's expenses related to public works have decreased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total expenses (a five-year decrease of 47 percent). This decrease is due to the discontinuation of the solid waste revenue sharing program.

During the same five-year period, charges for services, while continuing to increase in amount, have actually decreased as a percentage of total revenue (a five-year decrease of 3 percent). The reason for this decline is the relative increase in expenses related to services that are not supported by fees and charges (e.g., public safety); thus, as taxes have increased to support these services, so has the proportion of total revenue generated by taxes.

Operating grants and contributions and property tax revenue have increased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total revenues (a five-year increase of 42.1 percent and 64.3 percent, respectively). Operating grants and contributions revenues increased as grant awards provided additional funding of new and existing programs in the areas of health, social services, general government, and public safety activities.

Property taxes increased by approximately \$4.9 million (5.9 percent over the prior year) during 2005. This increase is the product of increased taxable values and residential growth. A majority (\$19.5 million) of the 37.4 percent increase in 2004 over the prior four years resulted because of accelerated revenue recognition pursuant to Public Act 357 of 2004, which serves as a substitute for state revenue sharing payments.

During the past five years, the government's revenues related to capital grants and contributions, and grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs have decreased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total revenues (a five-year decrease of 81.1 percent and 93.6 percent, respectively). Decreases in both these revenue categories reflect programs that have ended, reduced funding and/or discontinued funding.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the general fund (8.1 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out) falls within policy guidelines set by the Board of Commissioners for budgetary and planning purposes. The Board has continued its commitment to plan future budgets to meet the goal of a reserve for subsequent years representing 8.0% of General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

The Board of Commissioners has committed to ensure the long-term fiscal stability of the County. The County has operated very deliberately over the past several years, making sound financial decisions to keep from having to react to a crisis situation. However, the 2006/07 adopted budget includes the use of certain non-General Fund reserves and the extra property tax revenue realized from the shift from a December to July tax levy as a means to stabilize the organization. The real challenge will be in 2008.

Projections over the next five years assume an expenditure reduction of nearly \$1.7 million by 2008. The reduction will be addressed through four identified cost saving measures that must be researched and acted upon prior to the adoption of the 2008/09 budget, including: additional police services revenue by moving to an incremental cost model; savings in salary, medical and pension costs through the identification of cost-containment strategies and negotiated labor contracts; re-evaluating the commitment to the human services departments for personnel costs; and determining if the policy to freeze/waive the cost allocation plan for human services and county grants can continue.

The County continues to struggle with the obligation to maintain our current infrastructure while striving to advance systems integration, which typically involved additions and modifications to existing infrastructure. The primary struggle revolves around the prioritization of funding for projects within fiscal constraints. There simply is not enough money to do everything that is needed, so difficult decisions must be made. Ongoing maintenance and operating costs must be provided for current business to continue. The Board of Commissioners has continued with the appropriations to the County's capital budgets, including 1/8th mill for building repair and maintenance.

The County has advanced significantly in its efforts to evaluate its operations, focus on who does what best, and identify its customer needs. These same concepts will carry Washtenaw County through these tough economic times as they continue into the future. The primary focus will be continued systems integration with Communities of Interests coupled with internal cost saving measures.

Relevant Financial Policies

In October 2004, the State legislature passed legislation that shifted the timing of property tax payments to create a revenue stream that, for the next ten years or so, will offset the reduction in state revenue sharing. The measure gradually moves up property tax collections from the winter

to the summer over three years, this beginning July, 2005. Counties will be able to take from this pool the exact amount of funding that would have been available through state revenue sharing. Specifically, the County will be able to draw monies from this fund equal to fiscal 2004 state revenue sharing payments adjusted for inflation.

Major Initiatives

There are many internal and external variables that limit the County's financial outlook. These constraints impact the County's ability to fund requests for enhancements or increases in resource allocations. Several factors have made the overall cost of doing business higher than the past. The major influences on the fiscal environment of the County are:

- ☐ Public Safety & Justice Initiative This initiative began during 2004 with the establishment of the Criminal Justice Collaborative Council (CJCC) and the development of a comprehensive strategic plan for ending jail overcrowding and enhancing the public This plan was developed through many months of safety and justice system. conversation at all levels of the organization. Staff from many parts of the organization came together, including the Sheriff's Department, Courts, Community Support and Treatment Services and Support Services. The ongoing impact on the budget was realized in February 2005 with the defeat of the proposed millage to fund the initiative. Over the next several months, the County staff, Administrator, and Board of Commissioners determined how to proceed. A revised plan was developed that was a scaled-down version of the original that focused on more immediate short-term needs of the system. On August 3, 2005, the Board of Commissioners adopted a plan that would expand jail beds, upgrade support areas within the jail, provide for a new district court and allow for alternative sanctions through a probation residential center and mental health diversion program.
- □ Police Services Methodology Review The conversation about the appropriate way in which to offer police services has been ongoing for many years. In 2000, the Board of Commissioners adopted a new methodology for contracting police services. According to this policy, area townships and cities can contract with the Sheriff to provide police services and the Board will subsidize these contracts at a rate of .5 mills. The costs associated with providing these services have been much higher than anticipated, resulting in a higher subsidization rate than originally planned and budgeted. As police services are not mandated, but continue to be a large commitment of County dollars, the Board of Commissioners began conversations once again as to the future of contract policing. The commitment is to move the County to an "Incremental Cost Model" whereby entities may contract with the County for an individual service as opposed to the current "Police Service Unit" concept where an entity contracts for a unit and receives all associated services. This new approach is being established and will be implemented in 2008/09.

- ☐ Jail Overcrowding Costs The jail has been operating in an overcrowding environment for the past several years. This greatly influences the costs of jail operations. First, the County boards out these additional inmates when possible and pays a per diem to the facility receiving the County inmates. Second, the higher number of inmates requires more staff supervision, food and supplies, and medical services. In addition, due to a variety of factors, the characteristics of jail inmates has become such that there is an increased need for medical and psychological treatment. At the same time, costs for these services have increased. It is estimated that overcrowding and medical cost increases will continue unless the system is improved. The Public Safety & Justice Initiative will provide strategies to reduce the inmate population and better manage jail overcrowding.
- ☐ Increased Appropriations/New Initiatives Given the economic conditions, very few enhancements or new programs were added to the budget. Based on the Board of Commissioner focus areas, the following adjustments were approved in the 2006/07 budget:
 - Day Break Program (Juvenile Substance Abuse) This program was established in 2004 in response to a desire by the trial courts and the County to offer direct services for juveniles with substance abuse issues. It has proven to be very successful offering great assistance to juveniles in need and impacting the need for institutional placement.
 - **Trial Court** Two significant enhancements include a new position for technology support and continued focus on community corrections to continue advancing plans developed to assist with jail overcrowding.
 - Housing/Community Development In 2004, the County and the City of Ann Arbor joined together to create one community development office focused on providing affordable housing to those citizens in need and moving towards the vision of ending homelessness in Washtenaw County. The majority of the funding for these efforts lies in federal and state revenue that come with many restrictions on how the monies can be utilized. An increased appropriation provides flexibility with operating costs and a pool of dollars for affordable housing projects as they are identified.
 - **SPARK** This is a new community partnership initiated by the University of Michigan in 2005 as a means to utilize the vast research avenues and talents located within the County. It will focus on helping new companies with recruiting and retention, as well as making connections to venture capital and other needed services.

• **Health Care** – The County's commitment for access to health care by all citizens has been evident throughout the past several years with the creation of the Health Improvement Plan, Washtenaw Health Plan and the Washtenaw Community Health Organization. The budget includes additional funding that will enable the expansion of services to an additional 500 individuals in need.

In addition to departmental operations, each county service is dependent on the infrastructure of space, technology and professional development. Without a strong plan in each of these areas, business will not be successful. Washtenaw County has continually progressed in its approach to providing infrastructure in an integrated manner. As with all government agencies, Washtenaw County faces the challenge of ever increasing needs and opportunities with limited resources. It is essential that these resources be used in a wise manner to serve citizens. The provision of infrastructure resources revolves around one coordinated plan with three priorities:

- Ensuring the stability of existing infrastructure There is a temptation to focus resources on expansion and new capabilities at the expense of maintaining what we already have. It is crucial that the County ensures that the foundation that has been built remains solid and current with the times.
- **Business continuity** The events of the last few years have driven home the message that we live in a fundamentally different world, today. Our reliance on technology makes it critical that those capabilities are not interrupted. The County has made great advances in making plans to ensure the critical business operations are not interrupted in the case of a disaster.
- Systems integration By looking at core businesses and integrating structures and processes where possible, the County can reduce redundancies and expand the capacity of the system as a whole. The progress made in systems integration has been dramatic over the last two years with major initiatives in Support Services, Planning & Environment, and Health. A primary purpose of infrastructure is to support the transitions from individual departments to integrated service delivery systems.

Finally, an infrastructure plan with technology, capital improvement, and professional development components provide strategies for employees, programs and departments in support of the organizational goals of Washtenaw County. Therefore, the governance of our infrastructure is critical in ensuring that our delivery systems are efficient and effective and that our employees have what they need to provide world class services.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Washtenaw County, Michigan for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. This was the 15th consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition to the Certificate of Achievement, the County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its budget for the biennium period beginning January 1, 2005. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the County's budget document was judged as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of Finance Department accounting staff and the accounting personnel from the Treasurer's Office, Drain Commissioner's Office, Public Works, Road Commission, Community Support and Treatment Services, Public Health and other County departments, as well as advice from Rehmann Robson. I wish to express my appreciation and acknowledge those who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report:

Dan AckermanSue BosJoe MooreRoberta AllenPeter CollinsonKirsten OsbornTerry BallantyneDick EckoffPat WillisKelly BelknapTina GavalierXiaohong WuDon BilbeyJanet Gilkey

Credit also must be given to the Board of Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Washtenaw County's finances.

Sincerely,

Robert E. Guenzel

County Administrator/Controller

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Washtenaw County, Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

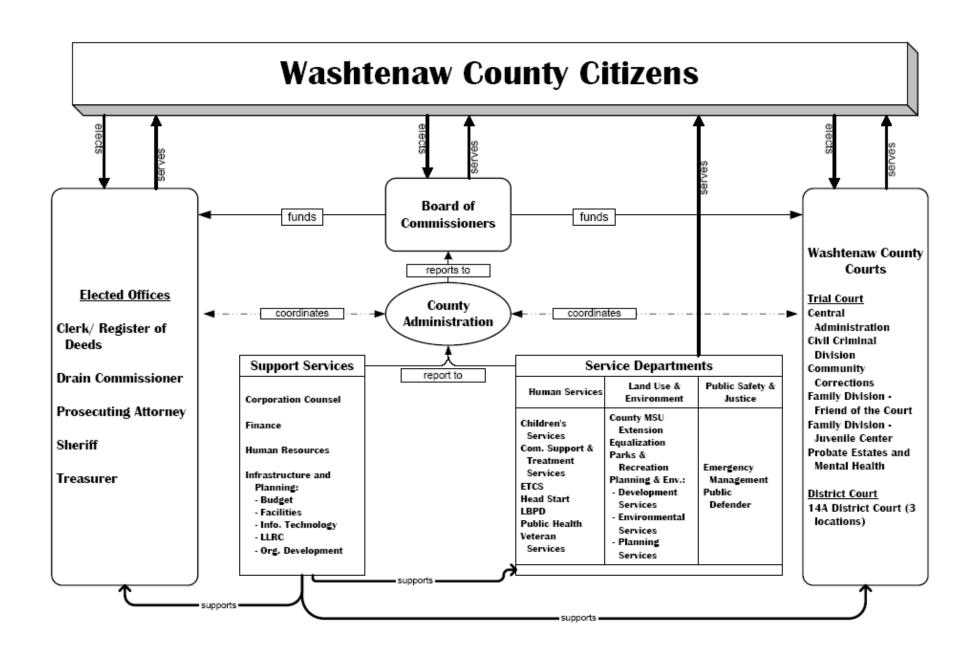
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and financial reporting.

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President

Caren Epinge

Executive Director



WASHTENAW COUNTY

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

At December 31, 2005

Board of Commissioners

Wesley Prater, Chair

Barbara Levin Bergman Robert Brackenbury Leah Gunn Jeff Irwin Martha Kern Mark Ouimet Ronnie Peterson Rolland Sizemore Jr. Conan Smith Stephen Solowczuk

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Clerk/Register of Deeds

Drain Commissioner

Prosecuting Attorney

Lawrence Kestenbaum

Janis A. Bobrin

Brian Mackie

Sheriff

Treasurer

Daniel J. Minzey

Catherine McClary

County Administrator

Robert E. Guenzel





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

March 2, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners of Washtenaw County Ann Arbor, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *WASHTENAW COUNTY*, *MICHIGAN* as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Washtenaw County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund, which represents 0.4% of the assets and 7.5% of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information and 0.5% of the assets and 4.2% of the revenues of the governmental activities. Also, we did not audit the financial statements of the Washtenaw County Road Commission, which represents 70.5% of the assets and 88.8% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Employment Training and Community Services Fund and Washtenaw County Road Commission, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Washtenaw County, Michigan*, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 2, 2006 on our consideration of *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* internal controls over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-16 and the employees' retirement system information on page 72 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Washtenaw County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based upon our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Rehmann Lohan



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Washtenaw County, Michigan we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i—ix of this report, and the accompanying basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$162,227,576 (net assets). Of this amount, \$77,228,596 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets increased by \$23,888,107 during 2005. Approximately half of this increase is attributable to the main program revenue area of operating grants and contributions and the general revenue area of property taxes.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds (this includes the general fund and special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$77,945,189, an increase of \$11,044,091 in comparison with the prior year. Ninety percent of the ending fund balances are subject to the underlying limitations applicable to the particular special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Approximately one tenth of this total amount, \$7,465,485, is available for spending at the government's discretion only (general fund unreserved, undesignated fund balance).
- The general fund had a surplus of \$439,533 for 2005. At the end of the year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$7,465,485, or approximately 8.1 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Total fund balance for the general fund was \$8,346,749.
- The County's investment in capital assets increased by \$8,707,884 during 2005.
- The County's total bonded debt, excluding delinquent tax notes, decreased by \$2,505,000 during the current fiscal year.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole (government-wide financial statements) and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds.

The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information. This is limited to a schedule concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to certain employees.

Reporting the County as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's *net assets* and changes in them. One can think of the County's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the County's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. During 2005, the net assets of the County increased by \$23.9 million.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

Governmental activities. All of the County's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including legislative, judicial, general government, public safety, public works, health, social services, culture and recreation, and other activities. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. Other functions of the County that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges are considered to be business-type activities. These include delinquent tax collections and property foreclosures.

Component units. The County includes four legally separate entities in its financial statements: the Washtenaw County Department of Public Works Projects, the Washtenaw County Drain Commissioner, the Washtenaw County Hazardous Materials Response Authority and the Washtenaw County Road Commission. Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the County is financially accountable for them.

Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Washtenaw County Building Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the County, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the County establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The County's two primary kinds of funds – *governmental and proprietary* – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds. Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the *modified* accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 25 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, community support and treatment services, parks and recreation, revenue sharing reserve, and county capital project funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 20 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-28 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for delinquent tax operations and property foreclosures. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for support services provided to other departments, which includes phone services, fleet, facilities management, insurance, duplicating and copier replacement, mail services and payroll fringe benefits. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the delinquent tax operations and other enterprise funds. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-32 of this report.

Reporting the County's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain amounts held on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets and Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-34 of this report.

Additional Information

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 37-77 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to a schedule concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to certain employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 78 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 79-112 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

The government-wide financial analysis focuses on the net assets and changes in net assets of the County's governmental and business-type activities. As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As the following table demonstrates, the County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$162,227,576 at December 31, 2005.

Washtenaw County's Net Assets

		Governmen	tal ac	tivities	Business-type activities			Total				
	2005			2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Current and other assets	\$	128,696,326	\$	128,514,046	\$	20,037,428	\$	20,783,627	\$	148,733,754	\$	149,297,673
Capital assets		113,937,886		105,230,002				-		113,937,886		105,230,002
Total assets		242,634,212		233,744,048		20,037,428		20,783,627		262,671,640		254,527,675
Long-term liabilities outstanding		47,406,161		49,384,433		10,011,207		11,005,648		57,417,368		60,390,081
Other liabilities		42,723,293		55,635,630		303,403		162,495		43,026,696		55,798,125
Total liabilities		90,129,454		105,020,063		10,314,610		11,168,143		100,444,064		116,188,206
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets, net												
of related debt		78,322,886		70,895,205		-		-		78,322,886		70,895,205
Restricted		6,676,094		6,228,085		-		-		6,676,094		6,228,085
Unrestricted		67,505,778		51,600,695		9,722,818	_	9,615,484	_	77,228,596		61,216,179
Total net assets	\$	152,504,758	\$	128,723,985	\$	9,722,818	\$	9,615,484	\$	162,227,576	\$	138,339,469

By far, the largest portion of the County's net assets, \$78,322,886 (48 percent), is its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles and equipment), net of any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net assets, \$6,676,094 (4 percent), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets*, \$77,228,596 (48 percent), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories (invested in capital assets-net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted) of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior year.

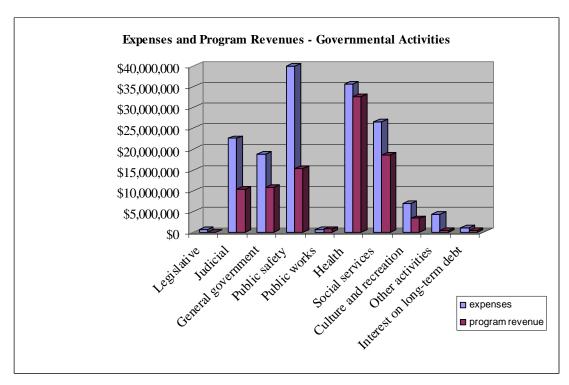
Washtenaw County's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	ivities	Business-type activities				Total				
	2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Revenue:					-						
Program revenue:											
Charges for services	\$ 32,766,765	\$	30,588,395	\$	3,048,951	\$	2,683,583	\$	35,815,716	\$	33,271,978
Operating grants and contributions	60,027,293		53,642,415		27,424		-		60,054,717		53,642,415
Capital grants and contributions	211,159		960,689		-		-		211,159		960,689
General revenue:											
Property taxes	87,864,506		82,991,160		-		-		87,864,506		82,991,160
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	457,637		3,003,251		-		-		457,637		3,003,251
Other	 2,558,336		1,512,323		(141,666)		(515,993)		2,416,670		996,330
Total revenue	 183,885,696		172,698,233		2,934,709		2,167,590		186,820,405		174,865,823
Expenses:											
Legislative	722,185		647,373		-		-		722,185		647,373
Judicial	22,588,152		21,443,309		-		-		22,588,152		21,443,309
General government	18,760,566		15,145,084		-		-		18,760,566		15,145,084
Public safety	45,341,263		42,748,613		-		-		45,341,263		42,748,613
Public works	608,029		611,126		-		-		608,029		611,126
Health	35,694,857		31,869,261		-		-		35,694,857		31,869,261
Social services	26,681,106		22,006,150		-		-		26,681,106		22,006,150
Culture and recreation	6,891,231		7,064,861		-		-		6,891,231		7,064,861
Other activities	4,336,497		4,036,568		-		-		4,336,497		4,036,568
Interest on long-term debt	1,027,653		1,273,833		-		-		1,027,653		1,273,833
Delinquent tax collections	 -		-		905,801		430,839		905,801		430,839
Total expenses	162,651,539		146,846,178		905,801		430,839		163,557,340		147,277,017
Increase in net assets before transfers	21,234,157		25,852,055		2,028,908		1,736,751		23,263,065		27,588,806
Transfers	2,546,616		2,515,704		(1,921,574)		(2,405,084)		625,042		110,620
Increase in net assets	23,780,773		28,367,759		107,334		(668,333)		23,888,107		27,699,426
Net assets - beginning	 128,723,985		100,356,226		9,615,484		10,283,817		138,339,469		110,640,043
Net assets - end of year	\$ 152,504,758	\$	128,723,985	\$	9,722,818	\$	9,615,484	\$	162,227,576	\$	138,339,469

The County's net assets increased by \$23.9 million during the current fiscal year; \$23.8 million increase for governmental activities and \$0.1 million increase for business-type activities.

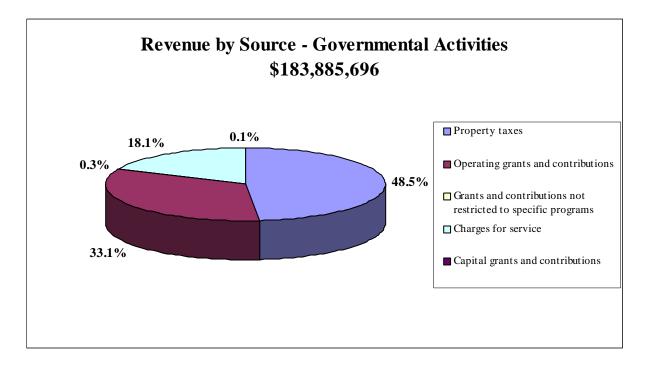
Governmental activities. Overall, total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$21.2 million, thereby accounting for 88.7 percent of the total growth in the net assets during 2005. Total revenues for governmental activities increased \$11.2 million over the prior year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions for governmental activities increased by \$6.4 million (11.9 percent) during the year. Grant awards furnished additional resources to supplement programs in the areas of health, social services, general government, and public safety activities.
- Property taxes increased by approximately \$4.9 million (5.9 percent) during the year. This increase is the product of increased taxable values and residential growth.
- Charges for services increased by approximately \$2.2 million (7.2 percent) during the year because of health, general government, and culture and recreation activities. Over half of the increases were in health programs for immunizations, maternal support and substance abuse services. Additional revenue was brought in through real estate transfers due to new mortgages and refinancing, as well as e-commerce for vital records and user fees for culture and recreation programs at Pierce Lake Golf Course and Rolling Hills County Park.
- Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs decreased by \$2.5 million (83.5 percent) in 2005 due to less miscellaneous, refund, reimbursement and rental revenues during the year.



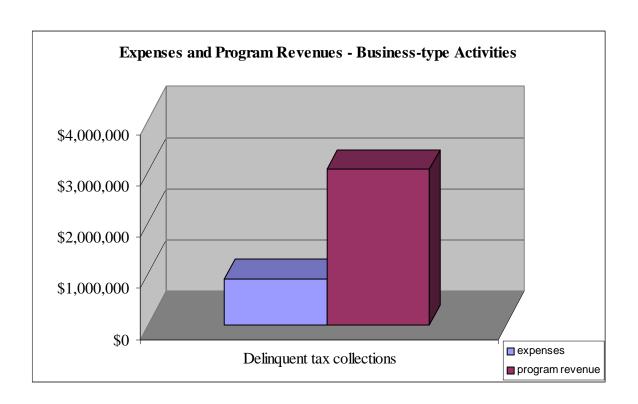
Overall, total expenses for governmental activities increased \$15.7 million during the year. The functional areas that comprise most of this increase are social services (\$4.6 million), health (\$3.8 million), general government (\$3.6 million), public safety (\$2.6 million) and judicial (\$1.1 million) activities.

Cost increases in the social services area were for children's well-being, community development, community support and treatment services, employment training and community services, and housing and homelessness initiatives. Costs increased in health operations because of the County's initiative to provide residents affordable insurance and heath care services. Costs increased in Sheriff's operations because of increased staffing levels and additional medical services, food and supplies being needed due to the elevated number of inmates. Jail overcrowding also increases costs when the County boards inmates out to other jurisdictions. Costs increased in judicial activities for trial court operations. Other increases closely paralleled inflation and the growth in demand for services.



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net assets by \$0.1 million. Key elements of the current year increase are as follows:

Charges for services revenue for business-type activities increased \$365,368 in comparison to the prior year due to higher delinquent tax and property foreclosure activity during 2005. Expenditures increased by \$474,962 due to salary and fringe benefit expenses for collection activity.



Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Washtenaw County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$77,945,189, an increase of \$11,044,091 in comparison with the prior year. Ninety percent of the ending fund balances are subject to the underlying limitations applicable to the particular special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. The other one tenth of this total amount, \$7,465,485, is *available for spending* at the government's discretion only (general fund *unreserved*, *undesignated fund balance*). The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) for land acquisition under the natural area preservation program, or 2) for long-term advances and prepaid items.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$7,465,485, while total fund balance was \$8,346,749. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 8.1 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out. This level of unreserved fund balance in the general fund meets the Board of Commissioners formal adopted policy, as well as the Government Finance Officer's Association recommended practices.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$439,533 during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to growth in property taxes, charges for services and grants and contributions, as previously discussed above, relative to government-wide governmental activities.

The financial position of the community support and treatment services fund improved by \$821,103 during 2005. Total fund balance at the end of the year is \$904,322.

The parks and recreation fund had a total fund balance of \$17,234,808, which increased by over \$2.2 million in the current year. The growth in fund balance is attributable to a voter-approved millage for the purpose of acquiring land. Fund balance will be used in subsequent years as the land acquisitions are completed.

The revenue sharing reserve fund had a total fund balance of \$29,192,442. This fund is mandated by the State of Michigan and accounts for accelerated property tax collections to serve as a substitute for state revenue sharing payments. Three annual payments, each equal to 1/3 of the annual property tax levy, must be placed in the fund, one third of the tax levy was assessed in July 2005, two thirds will be assessed in 2006, and finally the entire tax levy will be assessed in July 2007. Beginning in late 2004 and continuing until the fund balance is exhausted, the County will be able to draw monies from this fund equal to the fiscal 2004 state revenue sharing payments adjusted for inflation.

The county capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$14,890,649, all of which will be used for the remodeling and modification of existing facilities. In addition, improvements to existing facilities such as replacement of roof systems, carpeting, and other interior finishes are also included. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the county capital projects fund was \$4,955,179.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the delinquent tax, other enterprise and internal service funds at the end of the year amounted to \$8,243,609, \$1,479,209 and \$3,673,475, respectively. The delinquent tax fund had a decrease in net assets for the year of \$84,730, whereas the other enterprise funds had an increase of \$192,064 and the internal service funds had an increase of \$1,511,889. Other factors concerning the finances of the delinquent tax fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General fund revenues (including transfers in) increased by \$2,832,477 from the original to the final budget. This was attributable to an increase in the budget amount of \$1.9 million for fees and services, primarily due to changes in accounting practices or new pass through funding. Besides those revenues that just ran a surplus, such as court costs, filing fees, other related charges and real estate transfers, the major changes were an increase in both revenue and expenditures of approximately \$1 million due to substance abuse treatment services and school elections.

An intergovernmental revenue budget decrease in the amount of \$5.1 million was due to new legislation, as discussed previously, regarding the state revenue sharing budget amount being reduced by \$5,778,734 and offset by an increase of the same amount for a transfer in from the revenue sharing reserve fund. Other intergovernmental adjustments included an increase of \$358,750 for additional state grants, judicial aid and marine safety revenues. There was an increase in the amount of \$281,803 for local contributions to the Washtenaw Health Plan program. In addition, there was an increase in the amount of \$201,000 for property tax revenues. Various other small increases and decreases in budgeted revenues took place also.

There was a corresponding \$2,832,477 increase (3.2%) between the original and final amended expenditure budget (including transfers out). There was a \$1.8 million increase for public safety activities, primarily due to personnel services for additional positions and overtime, and food and medical contracts because the jail population has been over capacity. In addition, when the jail is overcrowded, the County must board inmates out to other jurisdictions which also contributed to this increase.

There was \$754,908 in allocated increases in general government activities for clerk/register of deeds (personnel services for temporary and additional positions to handle the increased volume of documents processed which is offset by a revenue surplus mentioned above), human resources (personnel services for temporary increases in personnel, office supplies and the update of the equal employment opportunity plan, as well as the reallocation of staff between units in organization development). It should also be noted that general government activities involving planning, environment and drain commissioner operations have been improved through an integrated systems approach that included reallocating staff between departments, reorganization of departments and technology enhancements which resulted in a decreased allocation in the amount of \$340,000. Various other small increases and decreases in budgeted expenditures also took place.

There was a net increase of \$209,271 in other unallocated expenditures and transfers out. The major reason for this was that certain budgeted transfers out were not made during 2005. It should also be noted, that other unallocated expenditures were designated as transfers out in the original budget, then reclassified later in the year as other services and charges, and have final budget amounts in that category, but no original budget amounts.

Overall during the year, actual general fund revenues, including other financing sources, were more than the final budget. Actual general fund expenditures, including other financing uses, were less than the final budget. Actual revenues were higher than actual expenditures. This resulted in an increase in the actual fund balance of \$439,533, which was more than the final amended budget amount of \$250,000.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2005, amounted to \$113,937,886 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 8.3 percent. The County's business-type activities have no capital assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Parks and Recreation acquired land in the amount of \$4.6 million under the Natural Areas Preservation Program.
- Construction in progress as of the close of the fiscal year had a balance of \$476,723. The County has active construction projects that include the Washtenaw County Space Plan Capital Improvement for architect, design services, and a border-to-border trail development under the culture and recreation activity. The decrease in construction in progress from the prior year is because of the completion of energy improvements to various buildings throughout the County.
- Various building additions/improvements, including the energy conservation improvements mentioned above, as well as the purchase of two new buildings (2215 Hogback Road, Ann Arbor, and 750 Towner, Ypsilanti) were completed during the year resulting in a net increase to capital assets of \$6.3 million.
- Other capital improvements resulted in a net increase to capital assets of \$1.3 million.
- Machinery and equipment as of the close of the fiscal year had a balance of \$4.7 million. The decrease from the prior year is a result of a smaller amount of new purchases than the amount of disposals.

Washtenaw County's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental activities							
	2005		<u>2004</u>					
Land	\$ 19,166,242	\$	14,602,684					
Construction in progress	476,723		2,183,486					
Buildings	80,735,820		74,442,185					
Improvements other than buildings	8,859,644		7,575,825					
Machinery and equipment	4,699,457		6,425,822					
Total =	\$ 113,937,886	\$	105,230,002					

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note III.C on pages 57-60 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$45,615,000. This entire amount comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Washtenaw County's Outstanding Debt General Obligation

	Governmental <u>activities</u>			Business-t activitie	• •	<u>Total</u>				
		<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2004</u>	
General obligation bonds	\$ 3	35,615,000 \$	38,120,000	\$ - \$	-	\$,,	\$	38,120,000	
Delinquent tax notes		-	<u>-</u>	 10,000,000	11,000,000		10,000,000		11,000,000	
Total	\$ 3	35,615,000 \$	38,120,000	\$ 10,000,000 \$	11,000,000	\$	45,615,000	\$	49,120,000	

The County's total debt decreased by \$3,505,000 (7.1 percent) during the current fiscal year. The County retired debt of \$13,980,000 in general obligation bonds and \$11,000,000 in delinquent tax notes during 2005.

The only new borrowing during the year was \$11,475,000 in general obligation bonds for governmental activities for the County's space plan projects and \$10,000,000 in delinquent tax notes for business-type activities. Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds of \$2,965,000 and interest of \$1,198,125 are payable during 2006. The principal payment for delinquent tax notes of \$10,000,000 and an interest payment of \$345,173 are due February 9, 2006.

The County has an "Aa2" rating for both general obligation bonds and tax notes from Moody's. The County has an "AA" rating for both general obligation bonds and tax notes from Standard & Poor's. Finally, the County has a "Prime-1" rating for general obligation tax notes from Fitch.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation (i.e., State Equalized Value). The current debt limitation for the County is \$1,753,462,361, which is significantly in excess of the County's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note III.G on pages 63-68 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the County's biennial budget for the 2006 and 2007 fiscal years:

- The sluggish Michigan economy downturn and prior stock market declines have a continuing impact on the County's fiscal operations. Stock market declines have increased the County's funding obligation for its defined benefit pension plans. This trend will continue into the foreseeable future.
- The County has continued its commitment to the 3% annual salary increase for all employees, as negotiated in union contracts, as well as fringe benefit health care, retirement, and others rate increases.
- The unemployment rate for the County is currently 4.3%, the same rate as a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 6.8% and the national average rate of 4.9%.
- Michigan has two constitutional laws that limit property tax growth to the rate of inflation or a maximum allowable increase in an assessment of 5.0%, whichever is smaller. For the 2006/2007 budget the applicable inflation rate is only 3.3%. Therefore, property tax revenues are budgeted to increase 6.0% in 2006 and 2007 due to new construction being added to the tax rolls and transfers of ownership.
- The State of Michigan has been dealing with projected budgetary shortfalls for the past three years and is projected to continue into the future, at least until 2008. The State has passed legislation that provides a funding mechanism to serve as a substitute for state revenue sharing payments. Annually, the County may make use of amounts equal to 2003/04 State revenue sharing payments adjusted for inflation.
- The County has committed to maintaining a general fund balance that is at least 8.0% of operating expenditures.
- Financial trends in the region compare favorably to national indices. Analysis of revenue, expenditure, operating position, debt structure, unfunded liabilities, condition of capital plant, and community needs and resources indicators are examined across time to provide a framework for objective investigation.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Washtenaw County Finance Department, 220 North Main Street, P.O. Box 8645, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107-8645.





Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

		F	rima	ry Governmen	ıt				
	Go	vernmental	Bı	ısiness-type			(Component	
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units	
Assets									
Cash and pooled investments	\$	60,798,934	\$	10,706,524	\$	71,505,458	\$	16,299,831	
Receivables, net		65,933,004		9,350,904		75,283,908		49,371,069	
Internal balances		20,000		(20,000)		-		-	
Prepaid items and other assets		1,944,388		-		1,944,388		1,295,828	
Capital assets not being depreciated		19,642,965		-		19,642,965		18,054,113	
Capital assets being depreciated, net		94,294,921		- 94,294,921			157,255,006		
Total assets		242,634,212		20,037,428		262,671,640		242,275,847	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		9,888,876		5,663		9,894,539		9,334,148	
Accrued interest payable		126,737		297,740		424,477		347,363	
Unearned revenue		32,707,680		-		32,707,680		-	
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year		4,060,699		10,002,143		14,062,842		5,587,092	
Due in more than one year		43,345,462		9,064		43,354,526		45,177,289	
Total liabilities		90,129,454		10,314,610		100,444,064		60,445,892	
Net assets									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		78,322,886		_		78,322,886		166,967,896	
Restricted for:									
Debt service		15,591		-		15,591		1,762,263	
Capital projects		6,038,045		_		6,038,045		6,147,913	
Other purposes		622,458		-		622,458		-	
Unrestricted		67,505,778		9,722,818		77,228,596		6,951,883	
Total net assets	\$	152,504,758	\$	9,722,818	\$	162,227,576	\$	181,829,955	

WASHTENAW COUNTY Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Program Revenues									
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue	
Primary government											
Governmental activities:											
Legislative	\$	722,185	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(722,185)	
Judicial	Ψ	22,588,152	Ψ	3,763,939	Ψ	6,685,857	Ψ	_	Ψ	(12,138,356)	
General government		18,760,566		7,572,808		3,146,181		118,138		(7,923,439)	
Public safety		45,341,263		12,110,959		3,268,451		-		(29,961,853)	
Public works		608,029		167,094		484,363		93,021		136,449	
Health		35,694,857		4,716,287		28,027,643		-		(2,950,927)	
Social services		26,681,106		1,031,688		17,527,408		_		(8,122,010)	
Culture and recreation		6,891,231		3,253,314		97,879		_		(3,540,038)	
Other activities		4,336,497		150,676		311,300		_		(3,874,521)	
Interest on long-term debt		1,027,653		-		478,211				(549,442)	
Total governmental activities		162,651,539		32,766,765		60,027,293		211,159		(69,646,322)	
Business-type activities:											
Delinquent tax collection		591,362		2,636,271		-		-		2,044,909	
Property foreclosure		287,015		412,680		-		-		125,665	
Brownfield		27,424				27,424				_	
Total business-type activities		905,801		3,048,951		27,424				2,170,574	
Total primary government	\$	163,557,340	\$	35,815,716	\$	60,054,717	\$	211,159	\$	(67,475,748)	
Component units											
Department of Public Works Projects	\$	2,682,125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,068,407	\$	(613,718)	
Drain Commissioner		1,344,399		63,166		-		1,064,499		(216,734)	
Hazardous Materials Response Authority		45,996		34,904		26,685		-		15,593	
Road Commission		25,879,960		-		29,481,135		-		3,601,175	
Total component units	\$	29,952,480	\$	98,070	\$	29,507,820	\$	3,132,906	\$	2,786,316	

Continued...

Statement of Activities (concluded) Year Ended December 31, 2005

Primary Government

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities Total				Component Units
Changes in net assets							
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(69,646,322)	\$ 2,170,574	\$	(67,475,748)	\$	2,786,316
General revenues:							
Property taxes		87,864,506	-		87,864,506		-
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs		457,637	-		457,637		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,558,336	(141,666)		2,416,670		755,994
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-		-		88,080
Transfers - internal activities		2,546,616	 (1,921,574)		625,042		<u> </u>
Total general revenues							
and transfers		93,427,095	 (2,063,240)		91,363,855		844,074
Change in net assets		23,780,773	107,334		23,888,107		3,630,390
Net assets, beginning of year		128,723,985	9,615,484		138,339,469		178,199,565
Net assets, end of year	\$	152,504,758	\$ 9,722,818	\$	162,227,576	\$	181,829,955



WASHTENAW COUNTY Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

	Community Support & Treatment General Services		Parks and Sharing Recreation Reserve				County Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds		
ASSETS													
Assets													
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	\$	10,040,290	\$	-	\$ 18,567,608	\$	9,895,907	\$	12,527,527	\$	3,425,390	\$	54,456,722
Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent		20,104,380 464,969		-	9,124,209		19,296,535		-		-		48,525,124 464,969
Accounts Interfund receivable		-		3,917,073	-		-		34,677 3,042,763		835,479		4,787,229 3,042,763
Due from other governments Notes receivable		1,444,612		-	-		-		-		6,003,314 288,390		7,447,926 288,390
Advances to other funds		881,264		-	-		-		913,381		-		1,794,645
Prepaid items	_	-		-	 			_	-	_	32,444	_	32,444
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	32,935,515	\$	3,917,073	\$ 27,691,817	\$	29,192,442	\$	16,518,348	\$	10,585,017	\$	120,840,212
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	403,286	\$	304,925	\$ 642,872	\$	-	\$	1,009,254	\$	669,522	\$	3,029,859
Retainage payable		-		-	-		-		606,498		-		606,498
Accrued liabilities		1,671,141		622,951	93,862		-		11,947		911,367		3,311,268
Due to other governments		-		-	-		-		-		113,755		113,755
Interfund payable		-		2,084,875	-		-		-		957,888		3,042,763
Deferred revenue		22,514,339		-	9,720,275		-		-		473,066		32,707,680
Advances from other governments	_		_		 	_					83,200		83,200
Total liabilities		24,588,766		3,012,751	 10,457,009				1,627,699		3,208,798		42,895,023
Fund balances Reserved:													
Reserved for land acquisition		-		-	5,261,395		-		-		-		5,261,395
Reserved for long-term advances		881,264		-	-		-		913,381		-		1,794,645
Reserved for prepaid items		-		-	-		-		-		32,444		32,444
Unreserved:													
Undesignated Undesignated, reported in nonmajor:		7,465,485		904,322	11,973,413		29,192,442		13,977,268		-		63,512,930
Special revenue funds		_		_	_		-		_		6,551,534		6,551,534
Debt service funds		-		-	-		-		_		15,591		15,591
Capital projects funds		_		-	 -		-		-		776,650		776,650
Total fund balances		8,346,749		904,322	 17,234,808	_	29,192,442		14,890,649		7,376,219		77,945,189
LIABILITIES AND		22 025 54 -		2 045 05-	25 404 04-		20.402.47		4 5 5 4 0 0 1 -		40 505 04-	•	400 040 0:-
FUND BALANCES	\$	32,935,515	\$	3,917,073	\$ 27,691,817	\$	29,192,442	\$	16,518,348	\$	10,585,017	\$	120,840,212

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2005

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 77,945,189
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - capital assets Deduct - accumulated depreciation	152,275,870 (40,676,320)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not recorded in the funds.	3,506,658
Discounts and premiums on bonds are reported as other financing uses or sources in the governmental funds, whereas they are capitalized and amortized for net assets (and netted against bonds payable)	
Add - bond discounts Deduct - bond premiums	42,500 (262,394)
Deferred charges for bond issuance costs are currently expended in the governmental funds, whereas they are capitalized and amortized for net assets.	591,118
Losses on refunding are not reported in the governmental funds, whereas they are capitalized and amortized for net assets (and netted against bonds payable)	1,278,363
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as insurance, worker's compensation, and building occupancy and maintenance. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	6,011,811
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - bonds and notes payable Deduct - accrued interest on bonds payable Deduct - accrued compensated absences and other long-term liabilities	 (35,887,658) (125,129) (12,195,250)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 152,504,758

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	General	Community Support & Treatment Services	Parks and Recreation	Revenue Sharing Reserve	County Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 59,645,096	\$ -	\$ 9,133,196	\$ 19,086,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,864,506
Licenses and permits	161.907	_		- 17,000,211	_	3,251,922	3,413,829
Intergovernmental	5,641,139	19,219,804	_	_	27,807	32,045,481	56,934,231
Charges for services	17,521,139	601,553	3,249,792		1,547,677	4,233,215	27,153,376
Fines and forfeits	1,106,638	001,333	3,247,172	_	1,547,077	61,234	1,167,872
Investment income	628,154	-	781,016	22,031	645,042	205,796	2,282,039
Other	1,032,874	504,052	46,770	22,031	169,497	3,433,829	
Other	1,032,874	304,032	40,770		109,497	3,433,629	5,187,022
Total revenues	85,736,947	20,325,409	13,210,774	19,108,245	2,390,023	43,231,477	184,002,875
Expenditures							
Current:							
Legislative	642,291	-	-	_	-	-	642,291
Judicial	14,916,715	-	_	-	_	6,259,691	21,176,406
General government	10,553,533	_	_	_	_	2,382,268	12,935,801
Public safety	38,948,971	_	_	_	_	5,214,288	44,163,259
Public works	-	_	_	_	_	600,718	600,718
Health	_	19,775,394	_	_	_	15,478,800	35,254,194
Social services	1,263,782	17,775,574	_	_	_	24,974,437	26,238,219
Culture and recreation	628,307	_	10,958,292	_	_	795,582	12,382,181
Other	4,473,369		10,730,272			775,502	4,473,369
Debt service:	4,473,309	-	-	-	-	-	4,473,309
Principal						3,449,476	3,449,476
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	1,059,088	1,059,088
ž.	-	-	-	-	-		, ,
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	0.716.600	235,176	235,176
Capital outlay					9,716,690	2,079,144	11,795,834
Total expenditures	71,426,968	19,775,394	10,958,292		9,716,690	62,528,668	174,406,012
Revenues over (under)							
expenditures	14,309,979	550,015	2,252,482	19,108,245	(7,326,667)	(19,297,191)	9,596,863
Other financing sources (uses)							
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	11,475,000	11,475,000
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	95,406	95,406
Payment to refunding escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	(11,336,730)	(11,336,730)
Transfers in	6,611,427	271,088	-	-	6,894,751	30,744,690	44,521,956
Transfers out	(20,481,873)			(5,731,819)	(4,523,263)	(12,571,449)	(43,308,404)
Total other sources (uses)	(13,870,446)	271,088		(5,731,819)	2,371,488	18,406,917	1,447,228
Net change in fund balances	439,533	821,103	2,252,482	13,376,426	(4,955,179)	(890,274)	11,044,091
Fund balances:							
	7.007.216	92.210	14.002.225	15.016.016	10.045.020	0.266.402	CC 001 000
Beginning of year	7,907,216	83,219	14,982,326	15,816,016	19,845,828	8,266,493	66,901,098
End of year	\$ 8,346,749	\$ 904,322	\$ 17,234,808	\$ 29,192,442	\$ 14,890,649	\$ 7,376,219	\$ 77,945,189

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,044,091
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement	
of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay	14,898,218
Deduct - depreciation expense	(5,589,453)
Deduct - loss on disposal of capital assets	(99,826)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not	
reported as revenues in the funds.	(391,976)
Pand proceeds provide current financial recourses to governmental funds in the period	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the	
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Deduct - refunding bond and note proceeds	(11,475,000)
Add - payment to refunding bond escrow agent	11,336,730
Add - bond issuance costs	233,676
Deduct - premium on bonds	(95,406)
Add - principal payments on long-term liabilities	3,449,476
Accrued interest expense on bonds and the amortization of bond issuance costs,	
discounts, premiums and deferred losses are not recorded by governmental funds,	
but are reported under interest and fiscal charges for purposes of net assets:	
Accrued interest expense	207,422
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(50,252)
Amortization of discount on bonds	(2,500)
Amortization of premium on bonds	28,029
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	(120,459)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities	
such as insurance, workers' compensation, and building occupancy and maintenance	
to individual governmental funds. The net revenue (expense) attributable to those funds	
is reported with governmental activities.	
Add - net operating income from governmental activities in internal service funds	3,119
Add - interest revenue from governmental internal service funds	276,297
Add - net loss on disposal of capital assets in governmental internal service funds	(69,786)
Deduct - interest expense and fiscal charges from governmental internal service funds	(30,805)
Deduct - net transfer from governmental internal service fund to debt service fund	1,333,064
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - increase in accrual for accrued compensated absences	 (1,103,886)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 23,780,773

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Rı	udget		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 59,430,088	\$ 59,631,188	\$ 59,645,096	\$ 13,908
Licenses and permits	123,200	153,200	161,907	8,707
Intergovernmental	10,714,465	5,593,299	5,641,139	47,840
Charges for services	15,640,432	17,511,408	17,521,139	9,731
Fines and forfeits	1,262,100	1,262,100	1,106,638	(155,462)
Investment income	464,400	464,400	628,154	163,754
Other	949,212	1,022,045	1,032,874	10,829
Total revenues	88,583,897	85,637,640	85,736,947	99,307
Expenditures				
Legislative -				
Board of commissioners	693,868	643,868	642,291	1,577
Judicial:				
Circuit court	4,273,110	4,358,110	4,354,890	3,220
District court	4,175,278	4,175,278	4,127,608	47,670
Probate court	939,990	979,990	977,061	2,929
Probate court - juvenile	2,881,336	2,831,336	2,818,955	12,381
Probation department	147,333	147,333	132,467	14,866
Public defender	2,490,192	2,517,192	2,505,734	11,458
Total judicial	14,907,239	15,009,239	14,916,715	92,524
General government:				
Information technology	5,870,550	5,870,550	5,692,290	178,260
Building authority	8,090	8,090	7,040	1,050
Clerk / Register	4,301,093	4,965,001	4,964,044	957
Human resources	1,637,936	1,947,936	1,937,613	10,323
Drain commissioner	2,210,563	2,141,263	2,125,631	15,632
Equalization	1,373,193	1,508,193	1,501,775	6,418
Planning	1,944,820	1,669,120	1,633,509	35,611
Finance	2,796,284	2,811,284	2,808,845	2,439
Corporation counsel	265,365	271,365	270,606	759
Treasurer	1,238,474	1,148,474	1,143,551	4,923
Administrator	727,325	787,325	782,848	4,477
Allocated to other departments	(12,234,322)		(12,314,219)	79,897
Total general government	10,139,371	10,894,279	10,553,533	340,746

Continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

	_	_		Variance with Final Budget -
	Bud Original	dget Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
	Original	Tillai	Actual	(regative)
Public safety:				
Emergency management	\$ 411,391	\$ 418,589	\$ 418,190	\$ 399
Sheriff	31,849,335	33,467,435	33,392,610	74,825
Prosecuting attorney	4,960,181	5,140,181	5,138,171	2,010
Total public safety	37,220,907	39,026,205	38,948,971	77,234
Social Services:				
Children's services	633,787	618,787	617,479	1,308
Veterans counselor	622,614	648,614	646,303	2,311
Total social services	1,256,401	1,267,401	1,263,782	3,619
Culture - county extension	633,421	633,421	628,307	5,114
Other unallocated expenditures	3,981,477	4,210,732	4,473,369	(262,637)
Total expenditures	68,832,684	71,685,145	71,426,968	258,177
Revenues over expenditures	19,751,213	13,952,495	14,309,979	357,484
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	903,054	6,681,788	6,611,427	(70,361)
Transfers out	(20,404,267)	(20,384,283)	(20,481,873)	(97,590)
Total other sources (uses)	(19,501,213)	(13,702,495)	(13,870,446)	(167,951)
Net change in fund balance	250,000	250,000	439,533	189,533
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,907,216	7,907,216	7,907,216	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,157,216	\$ 8,157,216	\$ 8,346,749	\$ 189,533

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Support & Treatment Services Special Revenue Fund Year Ended September 30, 2005

		lget			Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 17,079,899	\$	18,513,245	\$ 19,219,804	\$	706,559	
Charges for services	337,000		335,000	601,553		266,553	
Other	 536,744		538,744	504,052		(34,692)	
Total revenues	17,953,643		19,386,989	20,325,409		938,420	
Expenditures							
Health	 18,709,207		19,658,077	 19,775,394		(117,317)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(755,564)		(271,088)	550,015		821,103	
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	755,564		271,088	271,088			
Net change in fund balance	-		-	821,103		821,103	
Fund balance, beginning of year	83,219		83,219	83,219			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 83,219	\$	83,219	\$ 904,322	\$	821,103	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Bud	lget				Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	9,019,265	\$	9,019,265	\$	9,133,196	\$	113,931
Charges for services		2,941,000		2,935,000		3,249,792		314,792
Investment income		225,000		225,000		781,016		556,016
Other		1,000		7,000		46,770		39,770
Total revenues		12,186,265		12,186,265		13,210,774		1,024,509
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		14,836,450		14,836,450		10,958,292		3,878,158
Net change in fund balance		(2,650,185)		(2,650,185)		2,252,482		4,902,667
Fund balance, beginning of year		14,982,326		14,982,326		14,982,326		-
	-	<u> </u>				· · · · · ·		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	12,332,141	\$	12,332,141	\$	17,234,808	\$	4,902,667

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Revenue Sharing Reserve Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Bud	lget				Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive	
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 19,506,856	\$	19,506,856	\$	19,086,214	\$	(420,642)	
Investment income	 319,006		319,006		22,031		(296,975)	
Total revenues	19,825,862		19,825,862		19,108,245		(717,617)	
Other financing uses Transfers out	 (5,731,819)		(5,731,819)		(5,731,819)		<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance	14,094,043		14,094,043		13,376,426		(717,617)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 15,816,016		15,816,016		15,816,016			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 29,910,059	\$	29,910,059	\$	29,192,442	\$	(717,617)	

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2005

	Business-ty	Governmental			
	Delinquent	Other		Activities -	
	Tax	Enterprise		Internal	
	Revolving	Funds	Total	Service Funds	
Aggeta					
Assets					
Current assets:	¢ 0.212.520	¢ 1.402.096	¢ 10.706.524	¢ (242.212	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 9,213,538	\$ 1,492,986	\$ 10,706,524	\$ 6,342,212	
Receivables:	7.656.922		7.656.922		
Delinquent taxes	7,656,832	-	7,656,832	-	
Interest and collection fees	1,591,470	-	1,591,470	-	
Accounts	-	-	-	445,345	
Interfund receivable	-	20.002	20.002	440,000	
Due from other governments	- 01 000	20,802	20,802	467,363	
Due from component units	81,800	-	81,800	-	
Inventories	-	-	-	121,766	
Prepaid items				1,199,060	
Total current assets	18,543,640	1,513,788	20,057,428	9,015,746	
Noncurrent assets -					
Capital assets, net				2,338,336	
Total assets	18,543,640	1,513,788	20,057,428	11,354,082	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	-	-	-	390,174	
Accrued liabilities	2,291	3,372	5,663	2,354,122	
Interfund payable	-	20,000	20,000	420,000	
Interest payable	297,740	-	297,740	1,608	
General obligation notes payable	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-	
Total current liabilities	10,300,031	23,372	10,323,403	3,165,904	
Long-term liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	_	11,207	11,207	381,722	
Advances from other funds	-			1,794,645	
Total long-term liabilities	-	11,207	11,207	2,176,367	
Total liabilities	10,300,031	34,579	10,334,610	5,342,271	
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,338,336	
Unrestricted	8,243,609	1,479,209	9,722,818	3,673,475	
	\$ 8,243,609	\$ 1,479,209	\$ 9,722,818	\$ 6,011,811	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental	
	Delinquent Tax Revolving		Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 9	5 \$	412,680	\$ 412,775	\$ 31,150,210	
Intergovernmental revenue		-	27,424	27,424	-	
Investment income	1,739,68	5	12,768	1,752,453	-	
Collection fees on taxes	883,72	3	-	883,723		
Total operating revenues	2,623,50	3	452,872	3,076,375	31,150,210	
Operating expenses						
Personnel services	101,27	9	175,210	276,489	3,299,162	
Contractual services	46,73	7	82,582	129,319	926,562	
Supplies		-	31,709	31,709	1,500,918	
Occupancy		-	-	-	2,485,536	
Telephone		-	280	280	435,485	
Equipment repair and rental		-	809	809	467,642	
Building repair and rental		-	-	-	292,329	
Benefits and insurance premiums		-	-	-	19,775,133	
Other		-	23,849	23,849	1,231,448	
Depreciation					732,876	
Total operating expenses	148,01	6	314,439	462,455	31,147,091	
Operating income	2,475,48	7	138,433	2,613,920	3,119	
Non-operating income (expense)						
Investment earnings (loss)	(195,29	7)	53,631	(141,666)	276,297	
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(443,34	6)	-	(443,346)	(30,805)	
Loss on disposal of equipment			-		(69,786)	
Total non-operating income (expense)	(638,64	3)	53,631	(585,012)	175,706	
Income before transfers	1,836,84	4	192,064	2,028,908	178,825	
Transfers in		-	-	-	1,809,676	
Transfers out	(1,921,57	4)		(1,921,574)	(476,612)	
Change in net assets	(84,73	0)	192,064	107,334	1,511,889	
Net assets, beginning of year	8,328,33	9	1,287,145	9,615,484	4,499,922	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 8,243,60	9 \$	1,479,209	\$ 9,722,818	\$ 6,011,811	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental	
	Delinquent Tax Revolving	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash received from interfund services Cash payments for delinquent taxes Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments for interfund services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 21,618,071 (20,241,124) (98,987) (208,121) - 1,069,839	\$ 452,340 - (167,390) (139,229) - 145,721	\$ 22,070,411 (20,241,124) (266,377) (347,350) - 1,215,560	\$ 823,164 32,212,376 (3,241,748) (26,478,181) (1,295,005) 2,020,606	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers in Transfers out Advances from other funds Proceeds from issuing long term debt Principal paid on long term debt Interest paid on long term debt Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,921,574) - 10,000,000 (11,000,000) (145,606) (3,067,180)	- - - - - -	(1,921,574) - 10,000,000 (11,000,000) (145,606) (3,067,180)	1,809,676 (476,612) (85,588) - - - - 1,247,476	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Interest paid on capital lease obligations Proceeds from sale of equipment Payments for equipment acquistions Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	(21,924) 154,268 (592,745) (460,401)	
Cash flows from investing activities Investment earnings (loss)	(128,247)	53,631	(74,616)	267,412	
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,125,588)	199,352	(1,926,236)	3,075,093	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	11,339,126	1,293,634	12,632,760	3,267,119	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 9,213,538	\$ 1,492,986	\$ 10,706,524	\$ 6,342,212	

Continued...

Statement of Cash Flows (concluded) Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental		
		Delinquent Tax Revolving	E	Other nterprise Funds		Total		ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash								
provided (used) by operating activities:	ф	0 475 407	¢.	120 422	Ф	2 (12 020	Ф	2 110
Operating income	\$	2,475,487	\$	138,433	\$	2,613,920	\$	3,119
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
to net cash provided by operating activities:								722.076
Depreciation		-		-		-		732,876
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(1.046.555)				(1.046.555)		00.000
Receivables		(1,246,555)		-		(1,246,555)		98,293
Interfund receivable		-		-		-		(440,000)
Due from other governments		-		(20,532)		(20,532)		862,347
Inventories		-		-		-		(35,602)
Prepaid items		-		-		-		(286,563)
Accounts payable		(161,385)		-		(161,385)		147,573
Accrued liabilities		2,292		(3,134)		(842)		656,308
Interfund payable		-		20,000		20,000		420,000
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		(137,745)
Accrued compensated absences				10,954		10,954		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,069,839	\$	145,721	\$	1,215,560	\$	2,020,606

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2005

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds		Agency Fund		
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	813,306	\$	24,872,484	
Investments, at fair value:					
Equities		112,723,876		-	
United States treasuries		1,744,789			
United States treasury strips		9,524,028		-	
United States agencies		23,077,302		-	
Corporate securities		17,472,121		-	
Mutual funds		60,469,584		_	
Money market funds		12,876,151			
Accrued interest and dividends		478,670		-	
Total assets		239,179,827	\$	24,872,484	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		88,742	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		304,070		-	
Undistributed receipts				24,872,484	
Total liabilities		392,812	\$	24,872,484	
Net assets Held in trust for pension and other employee benefits	\$	238,787,015			

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

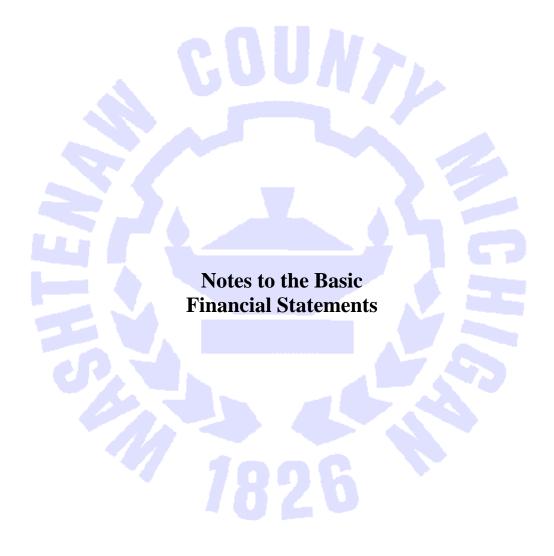
A 33:4:		
Additions Investment income:		
From investing activities:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		\$ 4,814,150
Interest and dividends		7,725,384
Investment management fees		(826,758)
Net income from investing activities		11,712,776
Net meone from investing activities		11,712,770
From securities lending activities:		
Gross earnings		573,288
Borrower rebates		(533,083)
Securities fees		(16,027)
Net income from securities lending activities		24,178
Total net investment income		11,736,954
Contributions:		
Employer		13,489,492
Employees		3,545,059
Total contributions		17,034,551
Total Contributions		17,034,331
Other additions		15,959
Total additions		28,787,464
Deductions		
Participant benefits		21,192,427
Participant refunds		32,474
Administrative expenses		548,644
Total deductions		21,773,545
Net additions (deductions) to net assets held in trust		
Employees' pension benefits	\$ 3,540,686	
Postemployment healthcare benefits	3,280,766	
Other employee benefits	192,467	
Total net additions to net assets held in trust		7,013,919
Net assets held in trust for benefits, beginning of year		231,773,096
Net assets held in trust for benefits, end of year		
Restricted for employees' pension benefits	202,561,777	
Restricted for employees' postemployment healthcare benefits	35,698,966	
Restricted for other employees' benefits	526,272	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total net assets held in trust for benefits, end of year		\$ 238,787,015

Combining Statement of Net Assets Component Units December 31, 2005

	partment of iblic Works Projects	Co	Drain ommissioner	N R	azardous Materials Response Authority	(Road Commission	 Total
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,185,027	\$	8,903,857	\$	137,520	\$	5,073,427	\$ 16,299,831
Receivables, net	41,491,523		4,227,186		-		3,652,360	49,371,069
Prepaid items and other assets	259,527		7,716		-		1,028,585	1,295,828
Capital assets not being depreciated	-		665,564		-		17,388,549	18,054,113
Capital assets being depreciated	 		13,497,346				143,757,660	 157,255,006
Total assets	43,936,077		27,301,669		137,520		170,900,581	 242,275,847
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	270,192		5,199,708		-		3,864,248	9,334,148
Accrued interest payable	308,284		39,079		-		-	347,363
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year	3,655,000		1,082,095		-		849,997	5,587,092
Due in more than one year	 37,266,050		2,453,419	-			5,457,820	 45,177,289
Total liabilities	 41,499,526		8,774,301			_	10,172,065	 60,445,892
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	-		10,627,396		-		156,340,500	166,967,896
Debt service	51,853		1,710,410		_		-	1,762,263
Acquisition/construction of capital assets	2,384,698		3,763,215		_		-	6,147,913
Unrestricted	 <u> </u>		2,426,347		137,520		4,388,016	 6,951,883
Total net assets	\$ 2,436,551	\$	18,527,368	\$	137,520	\$	160,728,516	\$ 181,829,955

Combining Statement of Activities Component Units Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Department of Public Works Projects	Drain Commissioner	Hazardous Materials Response Authority	Road Commission	Total
Expenses					
Public safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,996	\$ -	\$ 45,996
Public works	2,682,125	1,344,399	-	-	4,026,524
Highways and streets				25,879,960	25,879,960
Total expenses	2,682,125	1,344,399	45,996	25,879,960	29,952,480
Program revenues					
Charges for services	-	63,166	34,904	-	98,070
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	26,685	29,481,135	29,507,820
Capital grants and contributions	2,068,407	1,064,499			3,132,906
Total program revenues	2,068,407	1,127,665	61,589	29,481,135	32,738,796
Net program (expense) revenue	(613,718)	(216,734)	15,593	3,601,175	2,786,316
General revenues					
Unrestricted investment earnings	157,125	330,393	4,555	263,921	755,994
Gain on sale of capital assets				88,080	88,080
Total general revenues	157,125	330,393	4,555	352,001	844,074
Change in net assets	(456,593)	113,659	20,148	3,953,176	3,630,390
Net assets, beginning of year	2,893,144	18,413,709	117,372	156,775,340	178,199,565
Net assets, end of year	\$ 2,436,551	\$ 18,527,368	\$ 137,520	\$ 160,728,516	\$ 181,829,955



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Washtenaw County, Michigan (the "County" or "government") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Washtenaw County is a municipal corporation governed by an 11-member commission and administered by an appointed county administrator. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The blended and discretely presented component units have December 31 year ends.

Blended Component Unit

The *Washtenaw County Building Authority* is governed by a five-member board appointed by the Board of Commissioners. The Building Authority is reported as if it was part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the County's public buildings.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Washtenaw County Department of Public Works Projects is managed by the Board of Public Works, a seven-member board appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. The Board of Public Works is responsible for administering various public works construction projects and the associated debt service funds on behalf of local units of government within the County under the provisions of Act 185, Public Acts of 1957, as amended. All of the Board of Public Works' contractual agreements including bond issuances require County Board of Commissioners approval. The full faith and credit of the County is given for the long-term debt of these projects.

Each of the drainage districts included in the financial statements of the *Washtenaw County Drain Commissioner* are separate legal entities with the power to contract; to sue and to be sued; and to hold, manage and dispose of real and personal property. The Statutory Drain Board consists of the Drain Commissioner, the Chair of the County Board of Commissioners, and one other member of the Board of Commissioners. The Drain Commissioner is responsible for the construction and maintenance of storm drains within the County. The full faith and credit of the County is often given for the long-term debt of the drainage districts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Washtenaw County Hazardous Materials Response Team Authority (WCHMRTA) is managed by an eleven-member board composed of a representative from each of the five enabling jurisdictions (Washtenaw County, City of Ann Arbor, City of Ypsilanti, Pittsfield Township and Ypsilanti Township) appointed by their governing bodies, three representatives appointed by the Mutual Aid Association, and one member each from the Criminal Justice Association, Washtenaw County Public Health Department, and Huron Valley Ambulance. A Technical Advisory Committee supports the Board. The WCHMRTA was formed to develop and manage a county wide hazardous material response team. The Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners approves the operating budget and the Authority has delegated fiscal powers to the County.

The Washtenaw County Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (WCBRA) is governed by a nine-member board appointed by the Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners. Its purpose is to encourage and support the redevelopment of under-utilized and environmentally contaminated properties in partnership with member communities in Washtenaw County. The County Board of Commissioners approves WCBRA's operating budget; WCBRA has delegated fiscal powers to the County. The WCBRA had no financial activity during 2005.

The *Washtenaw County Road Commission* is responsible for the maintenance and construction of the county road system in Washtenaw County. It is governed by a three-member board appointed by the County Board of Commissioners. The Road Commission may not issue debt or levy a tax without the approval of the County Board of Commissioners. The Road Commission deposits its receipts with and has investments through the County.

Complete financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units can be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices, as follows:

Department of Public Works	Drain Commissioner	WCHMRTA	Road Commission
705 North Zeeb Road	705 North Zeeb Road	220 North Main Street	555 North Zeeb Road
Ann Arbor, MI 48107	Ann Arbor, MI 48107	Ann Arbor, MI 48107	Ann Arbor, MI 48106

Funds with Another Year End

The Community Support & Treatment Services Fund and Public Health Fund (special revenue funds of the County) are reported on a September 30 year end in order to enhance the value of this document to certain readers and users.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. So agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for reimbursement-based grants which use one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property taxes, state revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *community support and treatment services fund* accounts for the activities of delivering an array of mental health services to residents.

The *parks and recreation fund* accounts for the operations of the County-owned parks and recreational facilities and to account for the millage approved by County voters for the purchase of natural areas within the County.

The *revenue sharing reserve fund* is mandated by the State of Michigan and accounts for property tax collections to serve as a substitute to state revenue sharing payments. This substitute funding mechanism involves a gradual shift of County property tax millage from a winter tax levy to a summer tax levy.

The *county capital projects fund* accounts for renovation/small construction projects performed on County facilities and the purchase of capital equipment.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *delinquent tax revolving fund* accounts for the County's annual purchase of delinquent real property taxes from each of the local taxing units within the County and the ultimate collection from the property owners of the delinquent taxes with penalty and interest. The fund also accounts for the County's issuance of debt (to provide cash flow for the purchase of the taxes) and for the resulting debt service payments.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes not including major capital projects.

The *debt service funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds not being financed by proprietary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *enterprise funds* account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the County has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The *internal service funds* account for operations that provide services (such as the County's telephone system, building repair and maintenance, self-insurance, fleet and equipment management) to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The agency funds account for assets held for other governments in an agency capacity.

The pension and other employee benefit trust funds account for the activities of the Employees Retirement System, Money Purchase Pension Plan, and Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association, which accumulate resources for pension and health benefit payments for qualified employees. The trust funds also include the Unemployment and Severance funds, which accumulate resources for unemployment and severance benefit payments, respectively, to qualified employees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the delinquent tax fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The County Treasurer maintains a cash management pool that is used by all funds and component units of the government, except for the pension and other employee benefit trust funds. In addition to their participation in the cash management pool, certain funds and component units also have separate checking accounts. The cash management pool has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that deposits and withdrawals may be made at any time without prior notice or penalty. Accordingly, each fund's portion of this pool, along with any amounts in separate demand deposit accounts, is reported as "cash and pooled investments."

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is determined as follows: (a) short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value; (b) securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates; (c) investments that do not have established market values are reported at estimated fair value; and (d) cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably approximates fair value.

State statutes authorize the County to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments (except those with a fluctuating per share value). State statutes authorize pension and other employee benefit plans to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in the proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. For the Road Commission component unit, inventory is valued at average cost.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. For the County, infrastructure exists in the Drain Commissioner and Road Commission component units. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are defined by the Road Commission as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government and component units, except for the Road Commission, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements 50 years
Drain infrastructure 50 years
Equipment (computer, office and vehicles) 2.5 to 10 years

For the Road Commission component unit, capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings40 to 60 yearsMachinery and equipment5 to 20 yearsRoads5 to 30 yearsInfrastructure12 to 50 years

5. Compensated Absences

The County's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay and 50 percent of sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if these amounts have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and special revenue funds. Budgets are not required for debt service and capital projects funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The County utilizes a biennial budget to improve the efficiency of the overall budgeting process. The first year of the biennial budget is prepared for approval and adoption, and the second year is based on information currently available. The second year budget is amended during the first year to reflect necessary revisions as economic conditions warrant. Necessary changes are brought back to the Board of Commissioners prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for final adoption.

The County Administrator submits a proposed budget to the Board of Commissioners before September 15. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is adopted no later than December 31 through a Board of Commissioners resolution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make limited transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval by the Board of Commissioners or County Administrator, depending on the dollar value of the transfers. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level for the General Fund and the function level for special revenue funds. Supplemental budgetary appropriations were made during the year, but were not material for purposes of these disclosures.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are recorded in the amount of the outstanding purchase orders and contracts at the time the purchase orders and contracts are issued. The encumbrances are liquidated when the goods or services are received. Unliquidated encumbrances at the end of the year are not carried forward to the next year.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the County were adopted on a department level basis for the General Fund and the function level for the special revenue funds.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds are as follows:

	Final		
	Budget	Actual	Excess
General fund			
Other unallocated expenditures	\$ 4,210,732	\$ 4,473,369	\$ 262,637
Transfers out	20,384,283	20,481,873	97,590
Special revenue funds			
Community Support & Treatment Services - health	19,658,077	19,775,394	117,317
Public Works Solid Waste Program - public works	393,000	507,697	114,697
Head Start - social services	4,462,286	4,586,767	124,481
Inmate Concessions - public safety	270,972	286,127	15,155
Other Special Revenue:			
Public works	-	93,021	93,021
Culture and recreation	-	30,000	30,000
Transfers out	-	380	380
Public Health - transfers out	-	14,832	14,832

These over-expenditures were funded by available fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits, Investments and Securities Lending

Following is a reconciliation of deposits and investments as of December 31, 2005:

	Primary <u>Government</u>	Component <u>Units</u>	<u>Total</u>
Statement of Net Assets: Cash and pooled investments	\$ 71,505,458	\$ 16,299,831	\$ 87,805,289
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets: Cash and pooled investments Investments	25,685,790 237,887,851		25,685,790 237,887,851
Total	<u>\$335,079,099</u>	<u>\$ 16,299,831</u>	<u>\$351,378,930</u>
Deposits and Investments: Bank deposits (checking accounts a Investments in securities, mutual fu Treasurer's investment pool Employees retirement system Money purchase pension plan Voluntary employees benefit asse Cash on hand Net effect of funds with different fis	\$ 22,931,509 92,528,299 153,720,804 48,454,185 35,712,862 42,080 (2,010,809)		
Total			<u>\$351,378,930</u>

Bank Deposits and Treasurer's Investment Pool

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance. As of December 31, 2005, \$18,593,787 of the County's total bank balance of \$19,493,787 (total book balance was \$22,931,509) was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

In accordance with the County's investment policy and State law, all deposits are uncollateralized, held in the County's name, and evidenced by a safekeeping receipt. Also, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, the County believes it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the County evaluates each financial institution and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Following is a summary of the County's investments as of December 31, 2005:

Total	\$ 92 528 299
Money market	 3,507,337
Washtenaw County tax notes	10,000,000
Commercial paper	8,814,835
U.S. agencies	38,441,597
U.S. treasuries	\$ 31,764,530

Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, unregistered or held by a counterparty or its agent but not in the government's name. In accordance with the County's investment policy, all investments are held in the name of the County and are evidenced by a safekeeping receipt confirmation, and thus not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investment policy and State law require that commercial paper be rated in the top two ratings by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO); investments in local government tax notes must be rated in the top two ratings by one NRSRO. Ratings are not required for U.S. treasuries or money market funds.

As of December 31, 2005, all of the County's investments in securities of U.S. agencies were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Of the County's holdings in commercial paper, \$5,878,855 was rated A-1+ and \$2,935,980 was rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's; all of the County's commercial paper was rated P-1 by Moody's. The County's investment in its own general obligation limited tax notes was rated F1+ by Fitch.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy requires diversification by security type and institution, but does not place a fixed percentage limit for any one issuer. At December 31, 2005, the County had greater than 5% of its total investment portfolio concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of Portfolio
U.S. agencies	Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	26.8% 14.7%
Local government	Washtenaw County tax notes	10.8%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. The County's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, it is the practice of the County to manage this risk by purchasing a mix of short and longer term investments. This laddering approach also matches investment maturities to projected cash flow needs.

As of December 31, 2005, maturities of the County's debt securities were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (fair value by years)						
		Less				Mo	ore	
	Fair Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10		Than 10		
U.S. treasuries	\$ 31,764,530	\$ 31,764,530	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. agencies	38,441,597	24,812,657	13,628,940		-		-	
Commercial paper	8,814,835	8,814,835	-		-		-	
Local government	10,000,000	10,000,000					_	
	\$ 89,020,962	\$ 75,392,022	\$13,628,940	\$		\$		

Employees Retirement System Investments

The System's investments are primarily held in a bank-administered trust fund. Following is a summary of the System's investments as of December 31, 2005:

Investments at fair value, as determined by quoted market price:

Equities:	7 1	•	
Not on securities loan		\$	78,424,942
On securities loan			9,416,892
U.S. treasuries			1,409,168
U.S. treasury strips			9,105,987
U.S. agencies:			
Not on securities loan			19,910,464
On securities loan			2,556,268
Corporate securities:			
Not on securities loan			16,084,958
On securities loan			961,920
Mutual funds			5,545,675
Money market funds			10,304,530
Total investments		<u>\$</u>	153,720,804

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total realized and unrealized gains and losses for the year ended December 31, 2005, are as follows:

	Realized	Unrealized	Net
	Gain	Gain	Appreciation
	(Loss)	(<u>Loss</u>)	(Depreciation)
Equities Corporate and U.S. securities	\$ 6,413,202	\$ (3,994,207)	\$ 2,418,995
	(53,918)	(991,959)	(1,045,877)
Total	<u>\$ 6,359,284</u>	<u>\$ (4,986,166</u>)	<u>\$ 1,373,118</u>

The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of System investments. Unrealized gains and losses on investments sold in the current year that had been held for more than one year were included in the net appreciation (depreciation) reported in prior years and the current year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The System's investment policy provides that 90% of its investments in fixed income securities be limited to those rated BAA or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, except for United States treasury securities which are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and not considered to have credit risk.

As of December 31, 2005, the System's investments in securities of U.S. agencies are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The System's investments in corporate securities were rated by Standard & Poor's as follows:

	\$ 17,046,878
Not Rated	 1,573,604
BB	514,945
BBB	2,156,909
A	4,667,289
AA	2,103,717
AAA	\$ 6,030,414

The System's investments in mutual funds and money market funds are not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The System's investment policy requires that securities be held in trust by a third-party institution in the System's name or its nominee custodian's name or in bearer form. Although uninsured and unregistered, the System's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the System's name. Short-term investments in money market funds and openend mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the System's investment in a single issuer. The System's investment policy requires that no more than 10% of equity securities be invested in any one industry and no more than 8% of large cap equities be invested in any one company. The policy also provides that no more than 10% of fixed income securities may be invested in any one company and no more than 8% may be invested in any single issue.

At December 31, 2005, the System's investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of Portfolio
Equities	Wells Real Estate Investment Trust Inc.	5.1%
U.S. agencies	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	6.6% 6.3%

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System's investment policy does not discuss the maximum maturity for any single fixed income security or the weighted average portfolio maturity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2005, maturities of the System's debt securities were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (fair value by years)							
		Less			More				
	Fair Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10				
U.S. treasuries	\$ 1,409,168	\$ 101,520	\$ 260,813	\$ -	\$ 1,046,835				
U.S. treasury strips	9,105,987	-	257,420	5,202,562	3,646,005				
U.S. agencies	22,466,732	23	825,043	2,149,143	19,492,523				
Corporate securities	17,046,878	621,820	6,604,442	2,949,990	6,870,626				
	\$ 50,028,765	\$ 723,363	\$ 7,947,718	\$ 10,301,695	\$ 31,055,989				

Of the above balances, \$10,973,455 of the U.S. agencies securities and \$10,465,902 of corporate securities were callable.

The System's portfolio of U.S. agencies and corporate securities includes certain collateralized mortgage obligations (with interest-only and principal-only strips), variable-rate securities, and inverse variable-rate securities. The fair value of these investments is summarized as follows:

Collateralized mortgage obligations:	
Interest-only strips	\$ 203,745
Principal-only strips	1,293,034
Variable-rate securities	424,953
Inverse variable-rate securities	1,510,575

The System invests in interest-only strips, in part, to maximize yields and as protection against a rise in interest rates. These securities are based on cash flows from interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates.

The System invests in principal-only strips to reduce the price sensitivity of its fixed-income portfolio to changes in interest rates. These principal-only strips are sensitive to interest rate increases that may result from decreasing mortgage prepayments, thus increasing the average maturity of these investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A variable-rate investment's coupon amount enhances or amplifies the effects of interest rate changes by greater than a one-to-one basis. The multiplier makes the fair value of these investments highly sensitive to interest rate changes. As of December 31, 2005, the System held three variable-rate investments with a fair value of \$424,953. The coupon rates for these investments range from 0.0% to 5.0%; the benchmark indexes include one-month LIBOR, and 11th District Monthly Weighted Average Cost of Funds Index (San Francisco); the reset frequency is generally monthly; the coupon payment frequency is monthly; and coupon multipliers range from 1.0 to 44.8 times the benchmark index, minus 268.8% to plus 1.25%.

As of December 31, 2005, the System held four inverse variable-rate investments with a fair value of \$1,510,575. With inverse variable-rate securities, coupon payments decline as interest rates increase. The coupon rates for these investments range from 0.67% to 9,018.50%; the benchmark indexes include one-month LIBOR, 11th District Monthly Weighted Average Cost of Funds Index (San Francisco), and three-month and ten-year treasury rate; the reset and coupon payment frequency is monthly; and coupon multipliers range from negative 2,253.07 to negative .60 times the benchmark index, plus 5.05% to 1,199.99%.

Securities Lending. A contract approved by the System's Board of Directors, permits the System to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The System's custodial bank manages the securities lending program and receives securities or irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the System unless the borrower defaults. Collateral securities and letters of credit are initially pledged at 102 percent of the market value of the securities lent, and may not fall below 100 percent during the term of the loan. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned.

Securities on loan at year-end are classified in the preceding schedule of custodial credit risk according to the category for the collateral received on the securities lent. At year end, the System has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the System owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the System. The contract with the System's custodian requires it to indemnify the System if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the System for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

Money Purchase Pension Plan Investments

The Plan's investments are held by its trustee, a third-party financial institution. The management agreement between the Plan and the trustee requires fifteen separate mutual funds, including eleven stock funds, one balanced fund, one bond fund, one guaranteed interest fund, and a self-directed brokerage option. Participants select the particular funds into which their contributions and the related County matching contributions are made. All of the Plan's investments totaling \$48,454,185 are in mutual funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2005 the Plan's bond mutual fund was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's rating agency. The Plan's investment policy does not address credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Short-term investments in money market funds and open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form. At December 31, 2005, the Plan's bond mutual fund is an open-end mutual fund. Accordingly, the Plan's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk. The Plan's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At December 31, 2005, the weighted average maturity of the Plan's bond mutual fund was 5.63 years. The Plan's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association (VEBA) Investments

The VEBA's investments are held by an independent investment management company. Following is a summary of its investments as of December 31:

Investments at fair value, as determined

by gueted market prices

by quoted market prices:	
Equities	\$ 24,882,042
United States treasuries	335,621
United States treasury strips	418,041
United States agencies	610,570
Corporate securities	425,243
Bond mutual fund	6,469,724
Money market funds	2,571,621

Total investments \$ 35,712,862

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The VEBA's investment policy provides that all of its investments in fixed income securities be rated A1 or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, except for United States treasury securities which are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and not considered to have credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2005, the VEBA's investments in securities of U.S. agencies are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's; investments in money market funds are not rated. The VEBA's investments in the bond mutual fund and corporate securities are rated by Standard & Poor's as follows:

	\$ 6,894,967
Not Rated	 131,620
CCC+	132,073
B+	161,550
AAA	\$ 6,469,724

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the VEBA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The VEBA's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk. Although uninsured and unregistered, the VEBA's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department in the VEBA's name. Short-term investments in money market funds and open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the VEBA's investment in a single issuer. The VEBA's investment policy requires that no more than ten percent of its assets be invested in money market funds or short-term U.S. treasuries, no more than five percent in any one issuer and no more than twenty percent in any one industry. At December 31, 2005, the VEBA's investment portfolio was not exposed to concentration credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy provides that the weighted average maturity of its portfolio may not exceed 10 years. At year-end, maturities of debt securities were as follows:

			Investment Maturities (fair value by years)							
			Le	SS						More
	F	air Value	Tha	ın 1		1-5	6-10		7	Than 10
U.S. treasuries	\$	335,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 176,826		\$	158,795
U.S. treasury strips		418,041		-		-	133,166			284,875
U.S. agencies		610,570		-	(57,273	-			543,297
Corporate securities		425,243			2	57,705				167,538
	\$	1,789,475	\$		\$ 32	24,978	\$ 309,992		\$ 3	1,154,505

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The bond mutual fund has a weighted average maturity of 14.01 years as of December 31, 2005. Of the above balances, \$176,826 of the U.S. treasuries and all of the corporate securities are callable.

The Association's portfolio of U.S. agencies securities includes two inverse variable-rate notes; one with a par value of \$50,000 that matures November 2008 and the other with a par value of \$100,000 that matures November 2023. The fair value of these notes as of December 31, 2005 was \$8,174 and \$19,716, respectively. For the \$50,000 note, the amount of the monthly coupon is calculated at negative 2.592 times the Eleventh District Monthly Weighted Average Cost of Funds Index (San Francisco) plus 18.144%, with a cap of 18.144%; thus, as interest rates increase, the coupon rate paid declines. For the \$100,000 note, the amount of the monthly coupon is calculated at negative 2.167 times one-month LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) plus 17.333%, with a cap of 17.333%; similarly, as interest rates increase, the coupon rate paid declines. For both notes, the frequency of the coupon's reset date is monthly.

B. Receivables

Receivables in the governmental activities are as follows:

Taxes	\$ 48,990,093
Accounts	5,584,961
Leases	3,795,048
Intergovernmental	7,915,288
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	(352,386)
	\$ 65,933,004

The only amount not expected to be collected within one year is \$2,841,500 of leases receivable.

Receivables for the business-type activities are composed entirely of amounts due from taxpayers for delinquent taxes and related interest and collections fees.

The aggregate component unit receivables totaling \$49,371,069 are comprised of leases receivable (83.2 percent), special assessments receivable (9.4 percent), and due from other governments (7.4 percent).

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables that are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and with resources that have been received, but not earned. At year-end, deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds, and the unearned revenue in the governmental activities based on the nature of the respective items, was comprised of the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	\$ 32,707,680
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	 473,066
Property taxes receivable (Parks and Recreation Fund)	9,720,275
Property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 22,514,339

C. Capital Assets

Primary Government - Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 14,602,684	\$ 4,563,558	\$ -	\$ 19,166,242
Construction in progress	2,183,486	365,008	(2,071,771)	476,723
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,786,170	4,928,566	(2,071,771)	19,642,965
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	101,444,010	9,545,820	(84,736)	110,905,094
Improvement other than buildings	11,072,065	1,629,653	-	12,701,718
Machinery and equipment	15,065,657	1,290,346	(1,622,766)	14,733,237
Total capital assets being depreciated	127,581,732	12,465,819	(1,707,502)	138,340,049
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(27,001,825)	(3,185,838)	18,389	(30,169,274)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,496,240)	(345,834)	-	(3,842,074)
Machinery and equipment	(8,639,835)	(2,790,657)	1,396,712	(10,033,780)
Total accumulated depreciation	(39,137,900)	(6,322,329)	1,415,101	(44,045,128)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	88,443,832	6,143,490	(292,401)	94,294,921
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$105,230,002	\$ 11,072,056	\$ (2,364,172)	\$ 113,937,886

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions / programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Legislative	\$ 30,470
Judicial	1,072,722
General government	2,252,172
Public safety	895,368
Health	352,934
Social services	283,799
Culture and recreation	701,988
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 732,876
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 6,322,329

Construction Commitments

The County has two active construction projects as of December 31, 2005. The Parks and Recreation department project is for border-to-border trail development. The commitments for the project are financed by Parks and Recreation revenues and reserves, along with state and federal grants. The Washtenaw County Space Plan Capital Improvement project includes architect, design services, and energy improvements to various buildings. The commitments for the projects are financed by general obligation bonds and reserves.

			Re	maınıng
<u>Project</u>	Spe	nt-to-Date	Con	nmitment
Border-to-Border Trail Recreation Development	\$	1,574,736	\$	8,425,264
Energy Conservation Measures (various buildings)		5,914,680		450,320
Total	\$	7,489,680		8,875,584

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Discretely Presented Component Units

Drain Commissioner. Capital asset activity for the Drain Commissioner for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated- Construction in progress	\$ 710,516	\$ 293,419	\$ (338,371)	\$ 665,564
Capital assets, being depreciated- Infrastructure	19,166,423	338,371	-	19,504,794
Less accumulated depreciation for- Infrastructure	(5,625,914)	(381,534)	<u> </u>	(6,007,448)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	13,540,509	(43,163)		13,497,346
Drain Commissioner capital assets, net	\$14,251,025	\$ 250,256	\$ (338,371)	\$14,162,910

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Road Commission. Capital asset activity for the Road Commission for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$16,668,153	\$ 720,396	\$ -	\$17,388,549
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and storage bins	12,779,219	2,855	_	12,782,074
Road equipment	12,341,223	862,226	(1,094,651)	12,108,798
Other equipment	1,788,871	68,474	-	1,857,345
Brine wells and gravel pits	136,386	_	-	136,386
Infrastructure	206,166,995	12,305,934		218,472,929
Total capital assets being depreciated	233,212,694	13,239,489	(1,094,651)	245,357,532
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and storage bins	(2,903,678)	(313,756)	_	(3,217,434)
Road equipment	(9,712,727)	(972,815)	1,088,927	(9,596,615)
Other equipment	(1,114,735)	(152,606)	-	(1,267,341)
Brine wells and gravel pits	(136,386)	-	-	(136,386)
Infrastructure	(78,933,516)	(8,448,580)		(87,382,096)
Total accumulated depreciation	(92,801,042)	(9,887,757)	1,088,927	(101,599,872)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	140,411,652	3,351,732	(5,724)	143,757,660
Road Commission capital assets, net	\$157,079,805	\$ 4,072,128	\$ (5,724)	\$161,146,209

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

D. Payables

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the governmental activities are as follows:

	\$ 9,888,874
Intergovernmental	 195,143
Wages, fringe benefits and other accrued liabilities	5,667,061
Accounts	\$ 4,026,670

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2005, is as follows:

Advances to/from other funds	Receivable	<u>Payable</u>
General Fund	\$ 881,264	\$ -
County Capital Projects	913,381	
Internal service funds		1,794,645
Total	\$ 1,794,645	\$ 1,794,645
Interfund receivable/payable		
County Capital Projects	\$ 3,042,763	\$ -
Community Support & Treatment Services	-	2,084,875
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	957,888
Nonmajor enterprise funds	-	20,000
Internal service funds	440,000	420,000
Total	\$ 3,482,763	\$ 3,482,763
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The advances from the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund as well as the interfund receivable in the County Capital Projects fund were executed in order to assist the cash position (cash flow) of the respective recipient funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2005, is as follows:

Interfund transfers	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$ 6,611,427	\$20,481,873
Community Support & Treatment Services	271,088	-
Revenue Sharing Reserve	-	5,731,819
County Capital Projects	6,894,751	4,523,263
Nonmajor governmental funds	30,744,690	12,574,719
Delinquent Tax Revolving	-	1,921,574
Internal service funds	1,809,676	476,612
Total per financial statements	\$46,331,632	\$45,709,860
Adjustments for September 30 year end	(621,772)	
Total	\$45,709,860	\$45,709,860

Transfers are used to: (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; and (3) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due.

Total transfers in for the primary government as shown in the accompanying financial statements were \$46,331,632 and total transfers out were \$45,709,860. The difference between these amounts, \$621,772, was attributable to transactions with the Public Health and Community Support & Treatment Services funds, which are reported on a September 30 year-end. As such, this is reported as an uneliminated internal balance in the statement of activities.

F. Leases

Operating Leases - The County has commitments under operating lease agreements which provide for annual minimum lease payments as follows:

2006	\$ 353,318
2007	198,906
2008	182,526
2009	182,526
2010	182,526
2011	1,026
2012	1,026
2013	1,026
Total	\$ 1,102,880

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Rental expense for all operating leases aggregated \$291,826 for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Lessor Leases – The County has leased certain land to Huron Valley Ambulance, Inc. (HVA) under a capital lease agreement. HVA has commitments under the lease which provide for annual minimum lease payments of \$51,802 during 2005 and continuing for the next four years. At the end of the lease, the County is required to quit claim deed the land to HVA.

G. Long-term Debt

Primary Government

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$55,910,000. The County issues general obligation notes to provide monies for the purchase of the delinquent taxes receivable from local units of government. The original amount of general obligation notes was \$10,000,000.

General obligation bonds and notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Bonds are generally issued as 15 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. Notes are generally issued with a six-month due maturity. General obligation bonds and notes currently outstanding are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	2.0 - 5.5%	\$ 10,230,000
Governmental activities - refunding	2.0 - 4.75%	25,385,000
Business-type activities	5.175%	10,000,000
		\$ 45,615,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities
December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2006	\$ 2,965,000	\$ 1,198,125	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 345,173
2007	2,755,000	1,117,593	-	-
2008	2,825,000	1,037,766	-	-
2009	2,865,000	964,196	-	-
2010	2,910,000	885,659	-	-
2011-2015	12,270,000	3,033,948	-	-
2016-2020	6,860,000	1,280,488	-	-
2021-2024	2,165,000	226,312		
Total	\$ 35,615,000	\$ 9,744,087	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 345,173

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to general obligation bonds and notes, the County has an interest-free loan from the Michigan Economic Development Corporation in the original amount of \$292,133. The borrowed monies were used in conjunction with funds received under a federal Community Development Block Grant to fund renovation work in Hanger 1 at Willow Run Airport. The loan will be repaid in 60 quarterly installments of \$4,869 beginning in the first quarter of 2005 and ending in the fourth quarter of 2019. The total remaining amount outstanding at December 31, 2005 is \$272,658. Willow Run Airport Authority will be reimbursing the County for the debt service payments made by the County.

Advance refundings. During the year, the County issued \$11,475,000 of general obligation limited tax refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$10,550,000 bonds. As a result, the \$10,550,000 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$786,730. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life, which is the same as the refunded debt. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$516,165 and a reduction of \$651,604 in future debt service payments.

Component Units

Department of Public Works Projects. General obligation bonds are issued by the County to finance construction projects managed and administered by the Department of Public Works. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$58,893,594.

These bonds are direct obligations, and pledge the full faith and credit, of the County and the associated municipalities and/or authorities. The bonds are issued as 10 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year through June 1, 2022 and bear interest at varying rates from 2.0% to 6.75%. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are summarized as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	2.25 - 7.625%	\$ 33,777,279
Governmental activities - refunding	3.35 - 6.75%	7,330,000
		<u>\$41,107,279</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	Governmental Activities			
December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>			
2006	\$ 3,655,000	\$ 1,730,356			
2007	3,145,000	1,593,099			
2008	2,715,000	1,480,357			
2009	2,650,000	1,368,419			
2010	2,720,000	1,250,666			
2011-2015	13,710,000	4,510,698			
2016-2020	10,077,279	1,696,459			
2021-2022	2,435,000	112,815			
Total	\$ 41,107,279	\$ 13,742,869			

Drain Commissioner. General obligation drain improvement bonds and notes are issued by the County to finance certain drainage district construction projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds and notes issued in prior years was \$7,693,970. During the year general obligation notes totaling \$234,000 were issued.

These bonds and notes are direct obligations, and pledge the full faith and credit of the County and the respective drainage districts. The bonds are generally issued as 10 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds and notes currently outstanding are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities	1.97 - 6.8%	\$3,539,805

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	Governmental Activities			
December 31	Principal	<u>Interest</u>			
2006	\$ 1,082,095	\$ 143,405			
2007	684,550	105,938			
2008	448,260	73,328			
2009	419,450	53,086			
2010	347,950	35,588			
2011-2015	557,500	55,495			
Total	\$ 3,539,805	\$ 466,840			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Road Commission. The Road Commission has capital leases and notes outstanding.

The Road Commission has a lease payable to the Washtenaw County Building Authority for the debt service costs related to bonds that were sold for the construction of Yard 2. The lease agreement terminates with the retirement of the bond issue in September 2013. The annual lease payment is equal to the related bond principal and interest.

The transportation fund notes were issued in accordance with the statutory requirements of Michigan Public Act 143 of 1943, as amended. The monies from these notes were used to fund improvements on county highways in Scio Township and Ypsilanti Township. Following is a summary of debt currently outstanding:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental activities	3.75 - 7.0%	\$ 5,600,000

Annual principal and interest requirements to service outstanding debt as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
December 31	Principal Interest				
2006	\$ 755,000	\$ 200,150			
2007	775,000	174,877			
2008	770,000	148,732			
2009	780,000	121,714			
2010	675,000	93,438			
2011-2013	1,845,000	127,939			
Total	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 866,850			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government					
Governmental activities:					
Loan from State of Michigan	\$ 292,133	\$ -	\$ (19,475)	\$ 272,658	\$ 19,476
Capital leases	136,872	-	(136,872)	-	
General obligation bonds	38,120,000	11,475,000	(13,980,000)	35,615,000	2,965,000
Less deferred amounts for:					
Issuance discounts	(45,000)	-	2,500	(42,500)	-
Issuance premiums	195,017	95,406	(28,029)	262,394	-
Refunding loss	(612,092)	(786,730)	120,459	(1,278,363)	-
Compensated absences	11,297,503	9,373,830	(8,094,361)	12,576,972	1,076,223
	\$ 49,384,433	\$ 20,157,506	\$ (22,135,778)	\$ 47,406,161	\$ 4,060,699
Business-type activities:					
Delinquent Tax -					
General obligation notes	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ (11,000,000)	\$ 10,000,000	\$10,000,000
Compensated absences	5,648	15,475	(9,916)	11,207	2,143
	\$ 11,005,648	\$ 10,015,475	\$ (11,009,916)	\$ 10,011,207	\$10,002,143
Component Units Department of Public Works Projects:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 45,237,279	\$ -	\$ (4,130,000)	\$ 41,107,279	\$ 3,655,000
Less deferred amounts for					
issuance discounts	(197,702)		11,473	(186,229)	
	\$ 45,039,577	\$ -	\$ (4,118,527)	\$ 40,921,050	\$ 3,655,000
Drain Commissioner:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,620,000	\$ -	\$ (405,000)	\$ 2,215,000	\$ 405,000
Notes payable	1,741,400	234,000	(650,595)	1,324,805	677,095
Less deferred amounts for					
issuance discounts	(5,070)		779	(4,291)	
	\$ 4,356,330	\$ 234,000	\$ (1,054,816)	\$ 3,535,514	\$ 1,082,095
Road Commission:					
Michigan transportation fund notes	\$ 2,875,000	\$ -	\$ (395,000)	\$ 2,480,000	\$ 395,000
Special assessment bonds	70,000	-	(70,000)	-	-
Lease payable	3,460,000	-	(340,000)	3,120,000	360,000
Less deferred amounts for refunding loss	(135,470)	-	27,094	(108,376)	-
Compensated absences	751,057	771,892	(706,756)	816,193	94,997
	\$ 7,020,587	\$ 771,892	\$ (1,484,662)	\$ 6,307,817	\$ 849,997
					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end, \$381,722 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has established internal service funds to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the internal service funds provide coverage up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each general liability, police liability or property claim, with no loss fund. The internal service funds also provide coverage up to \$250,000 for any settlement, with all attorney fees being covered under the insurance policy for public officials and employee liability claims, up to \$300,000 for each worker's compensation claim, and up to \$250,000 for each professional liability claim. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the funds and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the internal service funds based on rates established to fund estimated actual liabilities. The total claims liability of \$2,273,000 reported in the funds at December 31, 2005, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, as amended, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The County has estimated its ultimate liability based upon estimates of known claims and actuarial based computations of incurred but not reported claims. The claims liability is presented at its net present value using an annual discount rate of 6%.

Changes in the funds' claims liability amount for the past two years were:

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,806,000	\$ 1,970,000
Current year claims and changes		
in estimates	17,474,178	14,402,649
Claims paid	(17,007,178)	(14,566,649)
Balance at end of year	\$ 2,273,000	\$ 1,806,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Component units participate in the County's self-insurance program, except for the Road Commission, which purchases commercial insurance for health care claims and participates in the Michigan County Road Commission Self-Insurance Pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. The Michigan County Road Commission Self-Insurance Pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the County's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

C. Property Taxes

Through 2004, the County property taxes have been levied on December 1 of each year (the lien date) and are due in full by March 1 of the year following the levy, at which time uncollected taxes become delinquent. Pursuant to Public Act 357 of 2004, which provides a funding mechanism to replace state revenue sharing payments to counties, the County's levy date is gradually shifting (or accelerating) from December 1 to July 1 of each year. As such, for the year ended December 31, 2005, the County recognized the full December 1, 2004 levy and the July 1, 2005 levy, which represents one-third of the total tax levy for calendar 2005. In 2006, two-thirds of the County property tax will be levied July 1 and then in 2007, and for each year thereafter, all of the County property tax will be levied July 1.

Property taxes are levied on the assessed taxable value of the property as established by local units, accepted by the County and equalized under State statute at approximately 50% of the current estimated market value. In March 1994, Michigan voters approved Proposal A, which limits annual increases in assessed values to the lesser of 5% or the rate of inflation with assessed value reverting to 50% of true cash value when the property is sold.

The assessed and taxable value of real and personal property for the December 1, 2004 levy, for which revenue was recognized in fiscal 2005, was \$12.8 billion. The general operating tax rate for this levy was at the maximum rate of 4.6110 mills, as adjusted by the Headlee Amendment to the State of Michigan Constitution. The County also had a voter approved tax of 0.4786 mills for parks and recreation purposes and 0.2443 mills for purchase of selected natural areas in the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The assessed and taxable value of real and personal property for the July 1, 2005 levy, for which revenue was recognized in fiscal 2005, was \$13.7 billion. The general operating tax rate for this levy was at the maximum rate of 4.5713 mills, as adjusted by the Headlee Amendment to the State of Michigan Constitution.

By agreement with various taxing authorities, the County purchases at face value the real property taxes returned delinquent each March 1 and records a corresponding delinquent taxes receivable. These receivables (\$7.7 million at December 31, 2005) are pledged to a bank for payment of the notes payable and subsequent collection of the receivables, interest and collection fees thereon, and investment earnings are used to extinguish the debt.

D. Joint Venture

In 1999, the County entered into an agreement with the University of Michigan (the "University") to form the *Washtenaw Community Health Organization (WCHO)* for the purpose of establishing an integrated health care delivery system to provide mental health, substance abuse, and primary and specialty health care to Medicaid, low income and indigent consumers as defined by the Michigan Mental Health Code and Medicaid eligibility guidelines.

WCHO is governed by a 12-member board; both the County and University appoint six members each. Under the agreement, WCHO replaced the County as the contractor for the mental health and substance abuse managed care contracts with the State of Michigan. This change was effective October 1, 2000, and currently provides the primary source of funding for WCHO.

The agreement also provides that the County and University will share equally in any gains or losses generated by WCHO, subject to certain limitations. However, because the agreement prohibits the distribution of any assets until WCHO is terminated and/or dissolved (and there are specific restrictions on the use of gains under the managed care contracts with the State of Michigan), WCHO is deemed to be a "joint venture with no equity interest." Accordingly, no amounts are reported in the accompanying financial statements for the County's equity in WCHO.

WCHO has a September 30 fiscal year end. Financial information may be obtained by writing to WCHO at P.O. Box 917, Ypsilanti, Michigan 48197.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Washtenaw Central Dispatch and Technology Authority (WCDTA) was originally established to provide centralized public safety dispatching for law enforcement, fire and emergency medical services to the Sheriff's Department, the Michigan State Police, Northfield Township Police, Huron Valley Ambulance, the townships of Ann Arbor, Augusta, Manchester, Northfield, Salem, Scio and Superior, and Dexter Area Fire Department. The organization is governed by a 12-member board. There was no financial activity for the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2005. Public safety dispatching services for the Sheriff's Department, Northfield Township Police and the Michigan State Police were provided by the County during 2005.

The County has no significant influence over the management of WCDTA. Therefore, WCDTA is not included in the County's financial report.

The Washtenaw County 800 MHz Communications Consortium (the Consortium) was formed to provide for the ownership, governance and management of a public safety/public service communications system that delivers reliable, interoperable wireless communications throughout Washtenaw County. The County and the cities of Ann Arbor, Saline, and Milan are charter members of the Consortium. The Consortium is governed by an executive board.

The County has no significant influence over the management of the Consortium. Financial accountability is limited to the extent of any appropriated operating grant. Therefore, the Consortium is not included in the County's financial report. Separate financial statements for the Consortium may be obtained by writing to the Washtenaw County Finance Department, 220 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107 or by calling (734) 222-6750.

The *Washtenaw County HOME Consortium* (the Consortium) was formed pursuant to the Urban Cooperation Act (MCLA 124.501) for the purpose of cooperating with other local governments in housing assistance activities under the HOME program (Home Investment Partnership Program) and for the purpose of formulating and submitting a consolidated plan in order to receive a HOME program allocation from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The City of Ypsilanti and Washtenaw County are members of the Consortium. The County serves as lead entity for the Consortium. The County has been granted financial and fiscal authority and responsibility for all funds received. The County is the official recipient of the HOME program dollars from HUD. The HOME program is included in the audit of Washtenaw County.

Financial information may be obtained by writing to the Washtenaw County Finance Department, 220 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107 or by calling (734) 222-6750.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *Washtenaw Urban County* was created by a formal cooperation agreement between the County and the following townships: Ypsilanti, Salem, Pittsfield, Superior, Bridgewater, Northfield and Ann Arbor. The Urban County is an Entitlement Community created under the Urban Cooperation Act for the period of July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2006. Beginning July 1, 2006, the Washtenaw Urban County will include the following three new jurisdictions: City of Ypsilanti, Scio Township, and York Township. The Urban County jurisdictions receive HOME (Home Investment Partnership Program) funds and CDBG (Community Development Block Grant) funds for use in those jurisdictions to address community development and housing needs. The chairperson of the Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners and the chief elected officials of the ten jurisdictions participating in the Urban County have joined together to form the Urban County Executive Committee. The Urban County Executive Committee serves as the decision-making body for those funds.

Financial information may be obtained by writing to the Washtenaw County Finance Department, 220 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107 or by calling (734) 222-6750.

F. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County provides pension and postemployment health care benefits to eligible employees through the following plans:

County administered:

Employees Retirement System (ERS)
Money Purchase Pension Plan (MPPP)
Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association (VEBA)
Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS)

The County issues publicly available financial reports for ERS, MPPP and VEBA that include financial statements and required supplementary information, as applicable. These financial reports may be obtained by writing to Washtenaw County Finance Department, 220 North Main Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107 or by calling (734) 222-6750. Information regarding the aforementioned plans is presented below.

County Administered Plans – Plan Descriptions, Funding Policies and Other Disclosures

Employees Retirement System (ERS). The County has a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan which provides pension benefits to all full-time, regular employees hired prior to January 1, 1989. County Ordinances assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions and contribution requirements to the County Board of Commissioners, subject to the terms of collective bargaining agreements. Sheriff and non-Sheriff department Plan members are required to contribute 7% and 5%, respectively, of their annual compensation to the System for pension benefits. The County's contribution for the Sheriff and non-Sheriff department Plan members for the year ended December 31, 2005, represents 15.16% and 25.08%, respectively, of annual covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution / cost	\$ 2,700,525
Contributions made	2,700,525
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	-
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ -

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2003, actuarial valuation using the aggregate cost actuarial funding method, which does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on investments of 7.75% per year compounded annually; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 7.4% per year, depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit; and (d) the assumptions that pension benefits will not increase after retirement and health insurance premiums will increase 5.0% per year. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the fair value of investments over a five-year period. The latest actuarial valuation was performed as of December 31, 2004.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Annual		
	Pension	Percentage	Net
	Cost	of APC	Pension
Year Ended	<u>(APC)</u>	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/03	\$ 1,651,416	100%	\$ -
12/31/04	2,451,764	100%	-
12/31/05	2,700,525	100%	_

GASB Statement 25 required supplementary information is presented after the notes to the financial statements section of this report.

Money Purchase Pension Plan (MPPP). The Washtenaw County Money Purchase Pension Plan (MPPP; the "Plan") is a defined contribution pension plan established and administered by Washtenaw County to provide benefits at retirement to all regular employees of the County hired on or after January 1, 1989 who work greater than 50% hours. Plan members are required to contribute 6% or 7.5% of covered salary depending on the particular collective bargaining unit. The County is required to match the plan member contributions. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners, subject to the County's various collective bargaining agreements. The employer and employee contributions totaled approximately \$3.3 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2005.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association (VEBA). The Washtenaw County Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association (VEBA; the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan established by Washtenaw County to provide medical and healthcare benefits for retirees and their beneficiaries. Eligible participants include any retirees who receive pension benefits under one of the County's pension plans. Plan provisions are established and may be amended by the Washtenaw County Board of Commissioners, subject to the County's various collective bargaining agreements. The Plan is funded by a trust agreement established pursuant to Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code which allows for the formation of a VEBA.

Subject to certain age and length of service requirements, eligible participants receive the same or comparable medical insurance coverage under the Plan as was in effect at the time of their employment. At such time that participants become Medicare eligible, the benefits under the Plan change to Medicare Supplemental coverage.

Employer contributions to fund the Plan are currently on a pay-as-you-go basis with additional contributions intended to build the fund for purposes of paying future benefits. Employer contributions for the year ended December 31, 2005 were \$6,039,693. Although an actuarial valuation of the Plan was completed during 2005, the County has determined that it will establish an annual employer contribution rate using the actuarial valuation as a reference, but not as a definitive requirement. Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan.

As of December 31, 2005, 570 members received healthcare benefits under the Plan, and the cost of those benefits amounted to \$5,161,271.

County Administered Plans – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of ERS, MPPP and VEBA are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan

The County participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan providing retirement, death and disability benefits for certain full-time Washtenaw County Sheriff Department employees. The System is administered by the MERS Retirement Board. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 6.07% of annual covered payroll. Participating employees are required to contribute 5.0% of their annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the County are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County, subject to collective bargaining agreements and depending on the MERS contribution program adopted by the County.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the County's annual pension cost of \$972,278 for MERS was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0%; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; and (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.2% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return and includes an adjustment to reflect fair value. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2004, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Annual		
	Pension	Percentage	Net
	Cost	of APC	Pension
Year Ended	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/03	\$ 774,093	100%	\$ -
12/31/04	956,387	100%	-
12/31/05	972,278	100%	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio <u>Total</u>	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/95	\$ 2,435,138	\$ 3,283,020	\$ 847,882	74%	\$ 4,480,912	19%
12/31/96	3,085,321	4,802,223	1,716,902	64%	5,328,994	32%
12/31/97	3,993,680	5,664,736	1,671,056	71%	6,757,788	25%
12/31/98	5,553,259	6,585,312	1,032,053	84%	7,300,718	14%
12/31/99	7,104,392	8,961,586	1,857,194	79%	8,736,898	21%
12/31/00	8,825,067	10,626,535	1,801,468	83%	9,571,961	19%
12/31/01	10,576,339	12,361,200	1,784,861	86%	11,020,092	16%
12/31/02	12,389,117	15,438,644	3,049,527	80%	13,046,728	23%
12/31/03	15,087,281	18,117,442	3,030,161	84%	14,256,334	22%
12/31/04	17,732,213	22,080,360	4,348,147	80%	15,616,254	28%

Component Unit

The Road Commission participates in MERS, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers nearly all employees of the Road Commission. The Road Commission's MERS plan is separate from that of the County's. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by resolution of the Road Commission Board.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Road Commission's annual pension cost of \$823,729 for the plan was equal to the Road Commission's required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2004, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (a) an 8.0% investment rate of return; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% to 8.7% per year, which include an inflation component of 4.5%; and (c) no post retirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period is 30 years. Employees are required to contribute 5.0% of their annual covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Three-Year Trend Information

	_	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage of APC	P	Net ension
Year Ended	_	(APC)	Contributed	<u>Ob</u>	ligation
12/31/03	\$	610,255	100%	\$	-
12/31/04		633,502	100%		-
12/31/05		823,729	100%		-

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	Total	<u>(c)</u>	((b-a)/c)
12/31/98	\$ 17,646,976	\$ 18,438,632	\$ 791,656	96%	\$ 4,911,946	16%
12/31/99	19,916,284	19,652,840	(263,444)	101%	5,557,826	0%
12/31/00	21,416,609	21,954,492	537,883	98%	5,393,251	10%
12/31/01	22,474,326	23,152,354	678,028	97%	5,761,249	12%
12/31/02	22,566,839	27,539,205	4,972,366	82%	6,054,035	82%
12/31/03	23,848,237	31,276,579	7,428,342	76%	6,790,857	109%
12/31/04	25,129,965	33,025,576	7,895,611	76%	6,911,250	114%
12/31/04	25,127,705	33,023,370	7,075,011	70%	0,711,230	114%

* * * * * *



Employees' Retirement System Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Only

	(1) (2) (3) Actuarial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued AAL Value of Liability (AAL) (UAAL) Assets Entry Age (2-1)		(3)	(4)		(5)	(6) UAAL as a				
Actuarial Valuation Date December 31			Accrued Liability (AAL)			AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (1/2)		 Covered Payroll	% of Covered Payroll (3/5)	
1995	\$	101,442,954	\$	86,726,240	\$	(14,716,714)		117.0%	\$ 12,044,411	-122.3	2%
1996		108,627,450		95,561,046		(13,066,404)		113.7%	11,600,274	-112.0	6%
1997		120,280,457		117,942,286		(2,338,171)		102.0%	10,637,600	-22.0	0%
1998		133,580,663		133,430,791		(149,872)		100.1%	11,295,189	-1	3%
1999		146,587,299		144,026,699		(2,560,600)		101.8%	11,609,168	-22.	1%
2000		156,959,460		152,942,076		(4,017,384)		102.6%	11,589,561	-34.	7%
2001		163,564,179		166,381,778		2,817,599		98.3%	13,843,557	20.4	4%
2002		157,473,610		169,389,000		11,915,390		93.0%	12,836,355	92.8	8%
2003		157,237,691		173,989,111		16,751,420		90.4%	12,332,026	135.8	8%
2004		150,576,655		177,524,551		26,947,896		84.8%	12,134,962	222.	1%

For purposes of the Schedule of Funding Progress, the actuarial accrued liability values as shown are determined using the entry age actuarial cost method. However, the System uses the aggregate cost actuarial funding method, which does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended December 31	Annual Required Contribution		Co	Annual Actual ontribution	Percentage Contributed		
1996	\$	146,136	\$	151,280	103.5%		
1997		-		-	0.0%		
1998		-		-	0.0%		
1999		1,038,243		1,038,243	100.0%		
2000		1,513,759		1,513,759	100.0%		
2001		1,449,631		1,449,631	100.0%		
2002		1,456,780		1,456,780	100.0%		
2003		1,651,416		1,651,416	100.0%		
2004		2,451,764		2,451,764	100.0%		
2005		2,700,525		2,700,525	100.0%		



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

						Special Rev	enue l	Funds			
		Aerial Photo	Building Services		Child Care		County Library		Public Works Solid Waste Program		 E-911
Assets Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Notes receivable Prepaid items	\$	210,537	\$	202,628 13,245 - -	\$	2,633 809,642	\$	146,176 - - - -	\$	210,156 132,370 - -	\$ 512,843 1,362 100,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	210,537	\$	215,873	\$	812,275	\$	146,176	\$	342,526	\$ 614,205
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Interfund payable Deferred revenue Advances from other governments	\$	- - - - -	\$	24,469 - - - -	\$	82,683 114,903 - 252,745	\$	17,372	\$	3,155	\$ 240,057 4,204 - -
Total liabilities				24,469		450,331		17,372		3,155	 244,261
Fund balances Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved, undesignated		210,537		191,404		361,944		128,804		339,371	 369,944
Total fund balances		210,537		191,404		361,944		128,804		339,371	 369,944
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	210,537	\$	215,873	\$	812,275	\$	146,176	\$	342,526	\$ 614,205

Special Revenue Funds

Environ- mental Health	T	mployment raining and Community Services	 Friend of the Court	Ind	Family ependence Agency	 Head Start	Inmate oncessions	 Other Special Revenue Funds	rosecuting Attorney Grants
\$ 230,336	\$	1,081,141 - 32,444	\$ 867,203	\$	77,439 - 55,913	\$ 350,240	\$ 230,168	\$ 157,835 32,558 1,401,814 288,390	\$ 305,579
\$ 247,621	\$	1,113,585	\$ 867,203	\$	133,352	\$ 350,240	\$ 230,168	\$ 1,880,597	\$ 305,579
\$ 1,453 70,607 - -	\$	1,216 166,105 55,239 178,656 109,230	\$ 997 110,865 1,822 147,132	\$	- - - - 82,000	\$ 59,699 62,351 - 120,397	\$ 180 - - - -	\$ 54,416 101,414 - - 187,394	\$ 25 20,226 250 233,317
 72,060		510,446	 260,816		82,000	 242,447	 180	 343,224	 253,818
175,561 175,561		32,444 570,695 603,139	 606,387		51,352 51,352	 107,793 107,793	229,988	 1,537,373 1,537,373	 51,761
\$ 247,621	\$	1,113,585	\$ 867,203	\$	133,352	\$ 350,240	\$ 230,168	\$ 1,880,597	\$ 305,579

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Concluded) December 31, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds						Debt Service Funds				
<u>ASSETS</u>		Public Health		Sheriff's Grants		eterans' Trust	(County	Building Authority		
Assets											
Cash and pooled investments	\$	-	\$	646,928	\$	9,848	\$	-	\$	13,846	
Accounts receivable		653,311		-		-		-		-	
Due from other governments		832,056		177,572		-		4,869		-	
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid items		-								-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,485,367	\$	824,500	\$	9,848	\$	4,869	\$	13,846	
<u>LIABILITIES</u> <u>AND FUND BALANCES</u>											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	220,635	\$	8,161	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		210,127		5,479		90		-		-	
Due to other governments		54,882		1,562		-		-		-	
Interfund payable		22,517		-		-		3,124		-	
Deferred revenue		101,737		74,705		-		-		-	
Advances from other governments		-		1,200		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		609,898		91,107		90		3,124			
Fund balances											
Reserved for prepaid items		-		-		_		-		_	
Undesignated		875,469		733,393		9,758		1,745		13,846	
Total fund balances		875,469		733,393		9,758		1,745		13,846	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1 107 0 5		004.50-		0.040			Φ.	12.01	
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,485,367	\$	824,500	\$	9,848	\$	4,869	\$	13,846	

Projects	
	Total Other
Building	Governmental
 Authority	 Funds
\$ 776,650	\$ 3,425,390
-	835,479
-	6,003,314
-	288,390
 	 32,444
\$ 776,650	\$ 10,585,017
\$ - -	\$ 669,522 911,367
-	113,755
-	957,888
-	473,066
 	 83,200
 	 3,208,798
-	32,444
 776,650	 7,343,775
776,650	 7,376,219
\$ 776,650	\$ 10,585,017

Capital

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Aerial Photo	Building Services	Child Care	County Library	Public Works Solid Waste Program	E-911				
Revenues										
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 1,641,910	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	-	2,288	4,406,133	51,025	9,951	-				
Charges for services	41,997	1,724	-	-	-	1,891,263				
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	3,522	-	-				
Investment income	7,327	5,292	-	-	10,240	29,757				
Other		(3)	1,031,686	84	474,412	39,366				
Total revenues	49,324	1,651,211	5,437,819	54,631	494,603	1,960,386				
Expenditures										
Current:										
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-				
General government	15,627	-	-	-	-	-				
Public safety	-	1,241,416	-	-	-	1,108,565				
Public works	-	-	-	-	507,697	-				
Health	-	308,683	-	-	-	-				
Social services	-	-	10,355,679	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	765,582	-	-				
Debt service:										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay										
Total expenditures	15,627	1,550,099	10,355,679	765,582	507,697	1,108,565				
Revenues over (under)										
expenditures	33,697	101,112	(4,917,860)	(710,951)	(13,094)	851,821				
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	_	-	-				
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Payment to refunding escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	-	-	4,987,144	725,148	-	80,209				
Transfers out		(30,000)	(8,768)			(959,817)				
Total other sources (uses)		(30,000)	4,978,376	725,148		(879,608)				
Net change in fund balances	33,697	71,112	60,516	14,197	(13,094)	(27,787)				
Fund balances, beginning of year	176,840	120,292	301,428	114,607	352,465	397,731				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 210,537	\$ 191,404	\$ 361,944	\$ 128,804	\$ 339,371	\$ 369,944				

Special Revenue Funds

Employment Environ- Training and Friend Family mental Community of the Independence Head Inmate Revenue Health Services Court Agency Start Concessions Funds	Prosecuting Attorney Grants
\$ 1,610,012 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 3,780,58 843,516 7,551,978 3,559,895 697,872 3,794,745 - 3,780,58 104,365 - 224,222 558,82 8,725 - 547 29,24	;
3,301 - - - 9,166 40,05 14,185 218,183 165 - 368,624 280,166 567,43	
2,584,104 7,770,161 3,784,829 697,872 4,163,369 289,332 4,976,14	1,057,934
5,116,001 1,143,69 2,366,64	
286,127 701,42	1,253,920
93,02 3,610,662 78,50	
- 8,397,743 - 744,725 4,586,767 - 877,74	-
30,00	-
	· -
	<u> </u>
3,610,662 8,397,743 5,116,001 744,725 4,586,767 286,127 5,291,02	1,253,920
(1,026,558) (627,582) (1,331,172) (46,853) (423,398) 3,205 (314,88	(195,986)
	-
990,932 595,374 1,511,400 54,880 630,931 - 430,40 (181,404) - (38	
990,932 595,374 1,511,400 54,880 449,527 - 430,02	184,720
(35,626) (32,208) 180,228 8,027 26,129 3,205 115,14	(11,266)
<u>211,187</u> <u>635,347</u> <u>426,159</u> <u>43,325</u> <u>81,664</u> <u>226,783</u> <u>1,422,22</u>	63,027
\$ 175,561 \$ 603,139 \$ 606,387 \$ 51,352 \$ 107,793 \$ 229,988 \$ 1,537,37	\$ 51,761

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Concluded) Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Spe	cial Revenue Fund	Debt Service Funds		
	Public Health		Sheriff's Grants	Veterans' Trust	County	Building Authority
Revenues						
Licenses and permits	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	5,211,44	14	565,014	15,414	456,951	40,736
Charges for services	1,342,77	70	68,048	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits		-	19,197	-	-	-
Investment income		-	23,116	-	2,278	1,363
Other	439,52	20	1		1_	4
Total revenues	6,993,73	34	675,376	15,414	459,230	42,103
Expenditures						
Current:						
Judicial		-	-	-	-	-
General government		-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	622,832	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-	-
Health	11,480,95	51	-	-	-	-
Social services		-	-	11,779	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-	-	1,464,476	1,985,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	-	624,327	434,761
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	235,176	-
Capital outlay	-					
Total expenditures	11,480,95	51	622,832	11,779	2,323,979	2,419,761
Revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(4,487,2	17)	52,544	3,635	(1,864,749)	(2,377,658)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of refunding bonds		-	-	-	11,475,000	-
Premium on refunding bonds		-	-	-	95,406	-
Payment to refunding escrow agent		-	-	-	-	(11,336,730)
Transfers in	5,016,94	15	3,174	-	1,632,773	13,715,304
Transfers out	(14,83	32)			(11,336,730)	
Total other sources (uses)	5,002,1	13	3,174		1,866,449	2,378,574
Net change in fund balances	514,89	96	55,718	3,635	1,700	916
Fund balances, beginning of year	360,5	73	677,675	6,123	45	12,930
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 875,46	<u> </u>	\$ 733,393	\$ 9,758	\$ 1,745	\$ 13,846

Capital Projects	
Building Authority	Total Other Governmental Funds
73,899	\$ 3,251,922 32,045,481 4,233,215 61,234 205,796 3,433,829
73,899	43,231,477
2,079,144	6,259,691 2,382,268 5,214,288 600,718 15,478,800 24,974,437 795,582 3,449,476 1,059,088 235,176 2,079,144
(2,005,245)	(19,297,191)
185,350 (39,518)	11,475,000 95,406 (11,336,730) 30,744,690 (12,571,449)
145,832	18,406,917
(1,859,413)	(890,274)
2,636,063	8,266,493
\$ 776,650	\$ 7,376,219

	Aerial Photo						Building Services				
		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget + (-)		Final Budget	Actual		Var	iance with al Budget + (-)
Revenues											
Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,855,825	\$	1,641,910	\$	(213,915)
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-		2,288		2,288
Charges for services		80,000	41	,997	(38,003)		600		1,724		1,124
Fines and forfeits		-	7	-	7 207		-		- 5 202		- 5 202
Investment income Other		-	/	,327	7,327		-		5,292		5,292
Other	-	-		-	-	-	-		(3)		(3)
Total revenues		80,000	49	,324	(30,676)		1,856,425		1,651,211		(205,214)
Expenditures											
Current:											
Judicial		-		-	-		-		-		-
General government		80,000	15	,627	64,373		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-	-		1,482,257		1,241,416		240,841
Public works		-		-	-		-		-		-
Health		-		-	-		344,168		308,683		35,485
Social services		-		-	-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-	-		-		-		-
Other		-		-	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-	-		-		-
Total expenditures		80,000	15	,627	64,373		1,826,425		1,550,099		276,326
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-	33	,697	33,697		30,000		101,112		71,112
Other financing sources (uses											
Transfers in		-		-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-	-		(30,000)		(30,000)		-
Total other sources (uses)		-		-	-		(30,000)	ı	(30,000)		-
Net change in fund balances		-	33	,697	33,697		-		71,112		71,112
Fund balances, beginning of year		176,840	176	,840	-		120,292		120,292		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	176,840	\$ 210	,537 \$	33,697	\$	120,292	\$	191,404	\$	71,112

		Child Care		County Library			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$ -		Ψ	\$ -	Ψ	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	4,573,359	4,406,133	(167,226)	45,980	51,025	5,045	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	1,100	3,522	2,422	
Investment income	1 250 502	1 021 606	(2.10, 007)	-	-	-	
Other	1,279,783	1,031,686	(248,097)	-	84	84	
Total revenues	5,853,142	5,437,819	(415,323)	47,080	54,631	7,551	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial	-	-	=	=	-	-	
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Social services	10,737,345	10,355,679	381,666	=	=	=	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	776,883	765,582	11,301	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-		-	<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	10,737,345	10,355,679	381,666	776,883	765,582	11,301	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,884,203)	(4,917,860)	(33,657)	(729,803)	(710,951)	18,852	
Other financing sources (uses							
Transfers in	4,899,139	4,987,144	88,005	729,803	725,148	(4,655)	
Transfers out	(14,936)	(8,768)	6,168	727,803	725,146	(4,033)	
Transfers out	(11,750)	(0,700)	0,100				
Total other sources (uses)	4,884,203	4,978,376	94,173	729,803	725,148	(4,655)	
Net change in fund balances	-	60,516	60,516	-	14,197	14,197	
Fund balances, beginning of year	301,428	301,428		114,607	114,607	<u>-</u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 301,428	\$ 361,944	\$ 60,516	\$ 114,607	\$ 128,804	\$ 14,197	

	Public Works Solid Waste Program					E-911			
				Variance with				Variance with	
]	Final		Final Budget		Final		Final Budget	
	B	udget	Actual	+ (-)		Budget	Actual	+ (-)	
Revenues									
Licenses and permits	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental		-	9,951	9,951		-	-	-	
Charges for services		-	-		-	2,100,000	1,891,263	(208,737)	
Fines and forfeits		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Investment income		-	10,240	10,240)	-	29,757	29,757	
Other		392,175	474,412	82,237	<u>' </u>	36,000	39,366	3,366	
Total revenues		392,175	494,603	102,428	<u> </u>	2,136,000	1,960,386	(175,614)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Judicial		-	-		-	-	-	-	
General government		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Public safety		-	-		-	1,232,946	1,108,565	124,381	
Public works		393,000	507,697	(114,697	")	-	-	-	
Health		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Social services		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Other		-	-		-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-				-		
Total expenditures		393,000	507,697	(114,697	<u>') </u>	1,232,946	1,108,565	124,381	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(825)	(13,094)	(12,269	<u>))</u>	903,054	851,821	(51,233)	
Other financing sources (uses									
Transfers in		_	_		_	105,000	80,209	(24,791)	
Transfers out		-	-			(1,008,054)	(959,817)	48,237	
Total other sources (uses)		-	-			(903,054)	(879,608)	23,446	
Net change in fund balances		(825)	(13,094)	(12,269))	-	(27,787)	(27,787)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		352,465	352,465			397,731	397,731		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	351,640 \$	339,371	\$ (12,269	9) \$	397,731	\$ 369,944	\$ (27,787)	

]	Environmental Ho	ealth	Employment Training and Community Services			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,719,188	\$ 1,610,012	\$ (109,176)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	1,024,897	843,516	(181,381)	7,734,336	7,551,978	(182,358)	
Charges for services	74,041	104,365	30,324	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits	8,926	8,725	(201)	-	-	_	
Investment income	-	3,301	3,301	-	_	-	
Other	24,707	14,185	(10,522)	156,020	218,183	62,163	
Total revenues	2,851,759	2,584,104	(267,655)	7,890,356	7,770,161	(120,195)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	=	-	-	
Health	3,842,689	3,610,662	232,027	-	-	-	
Social services	-	-	-	8,485,631	8,397,743	87,888	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	3,842,689	3,610,662	232,027	8,485,631	8,397,743	87,888	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(990,930)	(1,026,558)	(35,628)	(595,275)	(627,582)	(32,307)	
Other financing sources (uses Transfers in Transfers out	990,930	990,932	2	595,275	595,374	99 -	
Total other sources (uses)	990,930	990,932	2	595,275	595,374	99	
Net change in fund balances	-	(35,626)	(35,626)	-	(32,208)	(32,208)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	211,187	211,187	<u> </u>	635,347	635,347	<u> </u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 211,187	\$ 175,561	\$ (35,626)	\$ 635,347	\$ 603,139	\$ (32,208)	

]	Friend of the Cou	rt	Family Independence Agency			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ - \$	_	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	3,616,337	3,559,895	(56,442)	800,000	697,872	(102,128)	
Charges for services	185,000	224,222	39,222	-	077,072	(102,120)	
Fines and forfeits	-	547	547	_	_	_	
Investment income	_	-	-	_	_	_	
Other		165	165		-	<u>-</u>	
Total revenues	3,801,337	3,784,829	(16,508)	800,000	697,872	(102,128)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial	5,312,735	5,116,001	196,734	-	-	-	
General government	-	-	=	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	=	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Social services	-	-	-	854,109	744,725	109,384	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-		-		
Total expenditures	5,312,735	5,116,001	196,734	854,109	744,725	109,384	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,511,398)	(1,331,172)	180,226	(54,109)	(46,853)	7,256	
Other financing sources (uses Transfers in Transfers out	1,511,398	1,511,400	2	54,109	54,880	771	
Total other sources (uses)	1,511,398	1,511,400	2	54,109	54,880	771	
Net change in fund balances	-	180,228	180,228	-	8,027	8,027	
Fund balances, beginning of year	426,159	426,159	<u> </u>	43,325	43,325	<u> </u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 426,159	\$ 606,387	\$ 180,228	\$ 43,325 \$	51,352	\$ 8,027	

	Head Start					Inmate Concessions			
		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Revenues									
Licenses and permits	\$	- \$	_	\$ -	\$	- \$	_	\$ -	
Intergovernmental		3,598,568	3,794,745	196,177		-	-	-	
Charges for services		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Investment income		-	-	-		-	9,166	9,166	
Other		422,678	368,624	(54,054)		270,972	280,166	9,194	
Total revenues		4,021,246	4,163,369	142,123		270,972	289,332	18,360	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Judicial		-	-	-		-	-	-	
General government		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Public safety		-	-	-		270,972	286,127	(15,155)	
Public works		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Health		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Social services		4,462,286	4,586,767	(124,481)		-	-	-	
Culture and recreation		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Other		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-			-	-	-	
Total expenditures		4,462,286	4,586,767	(124,481)		270,972	286,127	(15,155)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(441,040)	(423,398)	17,642		-	3,205	3,205	
Other financing sources (uses									
Transfers in		650,510	630,931	(19,579)		_	_	_	
Transfers out		(209,470)	(181,404)	28,066		-	-	-	
Total other sources (uses)		441,040	449,527	8,487		-	-	-	
Net change in fund balances		-	26,129	26,129		-	3,205	3,205	
Fund balances, beginning of year		81,664	81,664	-		226,783	226,783	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	81,664 \$	107,793	\$ 26,129	\$	226,783 \$	229,988	\$ 3,205	

	Oth	er Special Reven	ue Funds	Prosecuting Attorney Grants			
		_	Variance with			Variance with	
	Final		Final Budget	Final		Final Budget	
	Budget	Actual	+ (-)	Budget	Actual	+ (-)	
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	4,629,102	3,780,58	8 (848,514)	1,530,232	1,057,931	(472,301)	
Charges for services	405,748	558,82	6 153,078	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits	8,500	29,24	3 20,743	-	-	-	
Investment income	-	40,05	7 40,057	-	-	-	
Other	433,665	567,432	2 133,767		3	3	
Total revenues	5,477,015	4,976,14	(500,869)	1,530,232	1,057,934	(472,298)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial	1,362,838	1,143,690	219,148	-	-	-	
General government	3,116,415	2,366,64	1 749,774	-	-	-	
Public safety	1,155,536	701,42	8 454,108	1,714,953	1,253,920	461,033	
Public works	-	93,02	1 (93,021)	-	-	· <u>-</u>	
Health	660,000	78,50	4 581,496	-	-	-	
Social services	551,258	877,74	4 (326,486)	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	· -	30,00	0 (30,000)	-	-	-	
Other	-			-	-	-	
Capital outlay			<u> </u>		-		
Total expenditures	6,846,047	5,291,02	8 1,555,019	1,714,953	1,253,920	461,033	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,369,032)	(314,88	2) 1,054,150	(184,721)	(195,986)	(11,265)	
Other financing sources (uses							
Transfers in	1,294,079	430,40	6 (863,673)	184,721	184,720	(1)	
Transfers out		(38			-	-	
Total other sources (uses)	1,294,079	430,02	6 (864,053)	184,721	184,720	(1)	
Net change in fund balances	(74,953)) 115,14	4 190,097	-	(11,266)	(11,266)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,422,229	1,422,229	9 -	63,027	63,027		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,347,276	\$ 1,537,373	3 \$ 190,097	\$ 63,027	\$ 51,761	\$ (11,266)	

		Public Health		Sheriff's Grants			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Damanaa							
Revenues Licenses and permits	\$ - :	s -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	5,405,058	5,211,444	(193,614)	588,377	565,014	(23,363)	
Charges for services	1,039,375	1,342,770	303,395	48,000	68,048	20,048	
Fines and forfeits	1,037,373	1,542,770	303,373		19,197	19,197	
Investment income	_	_	_	_	23,116	23,116	
Other	455,995	439,520	(16,475)		1	1	
Total revenues	6,900,428	6,993,734	93,306	636,377	675,376	38,999	
Expenditures							
Current:							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	646,336	622,832	23,504	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health	11,968,665	11,480,951	487,714	-	-	-	
Social services	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-			-	-	
Total expenditures	11,968,665	11,480,951	487,714	646,336	622,832	23,504	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,068,237)	(4,487,217)	581,020	(9,959)	52,544	62,503	
Other financing sources (uses							
Transfers in	4,993,322	5,016,945	23,623	9,959	3,174	(6,785)	
Transfers out		(14,832)	(14,832)		<u> </u>	-	
Total other sources (uses)	4,993,322	5,002,113	8,791	9,959	3,174	(6,785)	
Net change in fund balances	(74,915)	514,896	589,811	-	55,718	55,718	
Fund balances, beginning of year	360,573	360,573	<u>-</u>	677,675	677,675	-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 285,658	\$ 875,469	\$ 589,811	\$ 677,675 \$	733,393	\$ 55,718	

		Veterans' Trust		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget + (-)	
Revenues				
Licenses and permits	\$ - 9		\$ -	
Intergovernmental	29,264	15,414	(13,850)	
Charges for services	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeits Investment income	-	-	-	
Other	- -	-	-	
Total revenues	29,264	15,414	(13,850)	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial	-	-	-	
General government	-	-	-	
Public safety Public works	-	-	-	
Health	- -	-	-	
Social services	29,264	11,779	17,485	
Culture and recreation		-		
Other	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	_			
Total expenditures	29,264	11,779	17,485	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		3,635	3,635	
Other financing sources (uses				
Transfers in	-	-	-	
Transfers out	_			
Total other sources (uses)	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balances	-	3,635	3,635	
Fund balances, beginning of year	6,123	6,123	<u> </u>	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 6,123	9,758	\$ 3,635	

Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2005

	Property Foreclosure	Brownfield Revolving Loan Fund	Principal Residence Exemption	Total	
Assets Current assets:					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$ 1,474,174	\$ 139 20,802	\$ 18,673	\$ 1,492,986 20,802	
Total assets	1,474,174	20,941	18,673	1,513,788	
Liabilities Current liabilities:					
Accrued liabilities Interfund payable	2,001	688 20,000	683	3,372 20,000	
Total current liabilities	2,001	20,688	683	23,372	
Long-term liabilities - Accrued compensated absences	10,954	253		11,207	
Total liabilities	12,955	20,941	683	34,579	
Net assets - unrestricted	\$ 1,461,219	\$ -	\$ 17,990	\$ 1,479,209	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Property Foreclosure		Brownfield Revolving Loan Fund		Principal Residence Exemption		Total
Operating revenues							
Charges for services	\$	412,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 412,680
Intergovernmental revenue		-		27,424		-	27,424
Investment income						12,768	 12,768
Total operating revenues		412,680		27,424		12,768	452,872
Operating expenses							
Personnel services		138,387		25,900		10,923	175,210
Contractual services		82,395		-		187	82,582
Supplies		30,185		1,524		-	31,709
Telephone		280		-		-	280
Equipment repair and rental		809		-		-	809
Other		23,849					 23,849
Total operating expenses		275,905		27,424		11,110	314,439
Operating income		136,775				1,658	 138,433
Non-operating income							
Investment earnings		53,531				100	 53,631
Total non-operating income (expense)		53,531				100	 53,631
Change in net assets		190,306		-		1,758	192,064
Net assets, beginning of year		1,270,913				16,232	 1,287,145
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,461,219	\$		\$	17,990	\$ 1,479,209

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Property Foreclosure		Brownfield Revolving Loan Fund		Principal Residence Exemption		 Total
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers	\$	412,681 (132,192) (137,518)	\$	26,892 (24,959) (1,524)	\$	12,767 (10,239) (187)	\$ 452,340 (167,390) (139,229)
Net cash provided by operating activities		142,971		409		2,341	145,721
Cash flows from investing activities Investment earnings		53,531				100	 53,631
Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		196,502		409		2,441	199,352
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,277,672		(270)		16,232	 1,293,634
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,474,174	\$	139	\$	18,673	\$ 1,492,986
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$	136,775	\$	-	\$	1,658	\$ 138,433
Due from other governments Accrued liabilities Interfund payable Accrued compensated absences		(4,758) - 10,954		(20,532) 941 20,000		683	(20,532) (3,134) 20,000 10,954
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	142,971	\$	409	\$	2,341	\$ 145,721

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds December 31, 2005

	Facilities Management Revolving	Fleet Management Revolving	Fringe Benefit Revolving		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,607,682	\$ 631,950	\$ 239,055		
Accounts receivable	207,978	=	160,367		
Interfund receivable	-	=	-		
Due from other governments	465,239	-	158		
Inventories	-	85,000	-		
Prepaid items	79,954		87,700		
Total current assets	2,360,853	716,950	487,280		
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net		2,017,156			
Total assets	2,360,853	2,734,106	487,280		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	-	35,431	281,153		
Accrued liabilities	65,446	5,564	6,971		
Interfund payable	65,000	- -	-		
Interest payable	1,608				
Total current liabilities	132,054	40,995	288,124		
Long-term liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	336,287	45,435	-		
Advances from other funds	1,764,645		30,000		
Total long-term liabilities	2,100,932	45,435	30,000		
Total liabilities	2,232,986	86,430	318,124		
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets	-	2,017,156	-		
Unrestricted	127,867	630,520	169,156		
Total net assets	\$ 127,867	\$ 2,647,676	\$ 169,156		

S	General Services Revolving		Insurance Revolving		Medical Insurance Revolving		Telephone Revolving		Vorker's npensation evolving	 Total				
\$	104,251	\$	526,252	\$	2,566,074	\$	12,104	\$	654,844	\$ 6,342,212				
	65,000		-		375,000		- -		77,000	445,345 440,000				
	1,966		_		-		-		-	467,363				
	36,766		-		-		-		-	121,766				
	2,341		708,443		320,622					 1,199,060				
	210,324		1,234,695		3,261,696		12,104		731,844	9,015,746				
	321,180									 2,338,336				
	531,504		1,234,695		3,261,696		12,104		731,844	11,354,082				
	19,486		_		-		12,104		42,000	390,174				
	-		904,567		914,000		-		457,574	2,354,122				
	190,000		165,000		-		-		-	420,000				
-						-				 1,608				
	209,486		1,069,567		914,000		12,104		499,574	 3,165,904				
	_		_		_		_		_	381,722				
	-		-				-			1,794,645				
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>							2,176,367				
	209,486		1,069,567		914,000		12,104		499,574	5,342,271				
	221 122									2 225 22 2				
	321,180 838		- 165 120		- 2 247 606		-		- 222 270	2,338,336				
	838		165,128		2,347,696	- _							232,270	3,673,475
\$	322,018	\$	165,128	\$	2,347,696	\$		\$	232,270	\$ 6,011,811				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Facilities Management Revolving	Fleet Management Revolving	Fringe Benefit Revolving	
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 6,147,661	\$ 2,100,681	\$ 2,759,608	
Operating expenses				
Personnel services	2,669,607	283,431	_	
Contractual services	117,413	29,425	17,820	
Supplies	492,850	627,569	· -	
Occupancy	2,181,364	273,038	_	
Telephone	33,075	482	-	
Equipment repair and rental	247,087	135,416	-	
Building repair and rental	292,329	-	-	
Benefit payments and insurance premiums	-	-	2,569,047	
Other	1,094,290	-	136,602	
Depreciation		606,351	<u> </u>	
Total operating expenses	7,128,015	1,955,712	2,723,469	
Operating income (loss)	(980,354)	144,969	36,139	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest income	109,368	33,613	7,128	
Interest expense	(8,881)	(14,539)	· -	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(71,311)		
Total nonoperating revenues				
(expenses)	100,487	(52,237)	7,128	
Income (loss) before transfers	(879,867)	92,732	43,267	
Transfers in	1,223,676	-	-	
Transfers out	(476,612)			
Change in net assets	(132,803)	92,732	43,267	
Net assets, beginning of year	260,670	2,554,944	125,889	
Net assets, end of year	\$ 127,867	\$ 2,647,676	\$ 169,156	

S	General ervices	nsurance	Medical Insurance		elephone	Co	Worker's mpensation	T-4-1
R	evolving	 Revolving	 Revolving	K	evolving		Revolving	 Total
\$	628,339	\$ 2,098,419	\$ 16,018,011	\$	391,320	\$	1,006,171	\$ 31,150,210
		236,228					109,896	2 200 162
	-	708,246	10,000		-		43,658	3,299,162 926,562
	379,950	175	10,000		_		374	1,500,918
	-	31,134	_		_		-	2,485,536
	_	10,608	_		391,320		_	435,485
	85,139	-	-		-		-	467,642
	-	-	-		_		-	292,329
	-	1,632,219	14,823,943		-		749,924	19,775,133
	-	556	-		-		-	1,231,448
	126,525	 	 					 732,876
	591,614	2,619,166	14,833,943		391,320		903,852	31,147,091
	36,725	 (520,747)	 1,184,068		<u>-</u>		102,319	 3,119
	2,986	4,841	99,962		-		18,399	276,297
	(7,385)	-	-		-		-	(30,805)
	1,525	 	 					 (69,786)
	(2,874)	 4,841	 99,962				18,399	 175,706
	33,851	(515,906)	1,284,030		-		120,718	178,825
	65,000	521,000	-		-		-	1,809,676
	<u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	 (476,612)
	98,851	5,094	1,284,030		-		120,718	1,511,889
	223,167	160,034	1,063,666				111,552	4,499,922
\$	322,018	\$ 165,128	\$ 2,347,696	\$	<u> </u>	\$	232,270	\$ 6,011,811

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Facilities Management Revolving			Fleet nnagement Revolving]	Fringe Benefit Revolving
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	653,562	\$	-	\$	165,402
Cash received from interfund services		6,870,923		2,530,677		2,753,307
Cash payments to employees		(2,504,522)		(254,501)		(136,602)
Cash payments to suppliers		(4,572,530)		(807,040)		(2,643,724)
Cash payments for interfund services		(546,670)		(705,086)		-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(99,237)		764,050		138,383
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers in		1,223,676		-		-
Transfers out		(476,612)		-		-
Advances from other funds		(40,588)				(45,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		706,476				(45,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Interest paid on long-term debt		-		(14,539)		-
Proceeds from sale of equipment		-		152,743		-
Payments for equipment acquisitions				(469,155)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities				(330,951)		-
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest on investments		100,483	-	33,613		7,128
Net increase in cash and pooled investments		707,722		466,712		100,511
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		899,960		165,238		138,544
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	1,607,682	\$	631,950	\$	239,055
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(980,354)	\$	144,969	\$	36,139
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		-		606,351		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		19,257		-		54,036
Interfund receivable		-		-		-
Due from other governments		857,522		- (21 000)		(4)
Inventories		(70.052)		(21,800)		- (07.700)
Prepaid items		(79,953)		- - (02		(87,700)
Accounts payable		(8,049)		5,602		135,482
Accrued liabilities		165,085		28,928		430
Interfund payable Deferred revenue		65,000 (137,745)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(99,237)	\$	764,050	\$	138,383
Lander (mann) of all annound many trans		(,==,)		,000		5,000

General Services Revolving	Insurance Revolving]	Medical Insurance Revolving	irance T		Co	Worker's mpensation Revolving	 Total
\$ 4,200 752,728 - (504,010)	\$ 2,263,419 (236,227) (2,046,735) (43,249)	\$	15,643,011 - (14,819,702)	\$	392,140 - (379,216)	\$	1,006,171 (109,896) (705,224)	\$ 823,164 32,212,376 (3,241,748) (26,478,181) (1,295,005)
 252,918	 (62,792)		823,309		12,924		191,051	 2,020,606
65,000	521,000		- - -		- - -		- - -	 1,809,676 (476,612) (85,588)
 65,000	 521,000				<u>-</u>			 1,247,476
(7,385) 1,525 (123,590)	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	 (21,924) 154,268 (592,745)
 (129,450)	 							 (460,401)
 2,986	 4,841		99,962				18,399	 267,412
191,454	463,049		923,271		12,924		209,450	3,075,093
 (87,203)	 63,203		1,642,803		(820)		445,394	 3,267,119
\$ 104,251	\$ 526,252	\$	2,566,074	\$	12,104	\$	654,844	\$ 6,342,212
\$ 36,725	\$ (520,747)	\$	1,184,068	\$	-	\$	102,319	\$ 3,119
126,525	-		-		-		-	732,876
(65,000) 4,009 (13,802) 105 (25,644)	25,000 - (41,256) (948) 310,159 165,000		(375,000) - (77,759) - 92,000		820 - 12,104 -		29,026 59,706	98,293 (440,000) 862,347 (35,602) (286,563) 147,573 656,308 420,000 (137,745)
\$ 252,918	\$ (62,792)	\$	823,309	\$	12,924	\$	191,051	\$ 2,020,606

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds December 31, 2005

	Employees' Retirement System	Money Purchase Pension Plan	Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association	Severance Benefits	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 406,254	
Investments:					
Equities	87,841,834	-	24,882,042	-	
United States treasuries	1,409,168	-	335,621	-	
United States treasury strips	9,105,987	-	418,041	-	
United States agencies	22,466,732	-	610,570	-	
Corporate securities	17,046,878	-	425,243	-	
Mutual funds	5,545,675	48,454,185	6,469,724	-	
Money market funds	10,304,530	-	2,571,621	-	
Accrued interest and dividends	475,530	<u> </u>		1,496	
Total assets	154,196,334	48,454,185	35,712,862	407,750	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	88,742	-	-	-	
Accrued liabilities		<u> </u>	13,896	2,793	
Total liabilities	88,742		13,896	2,793	
Net assets held in trust for pension and health benefits	\$ 154,107,592	\$ 48,454,185	\$ 35,698,966	\$ 404,957	

	mployment	
]	Benefits	 Total
\$	407,052	\$ 813,306
	-	112,723,876
	-	1,744,789
	-	9,524,028
	-	23,077,302
	-	17,472,121
	-	60,469,584
	-	12,876,151
	1,644	 478,670
	408,696	239,179,827
	-	88,742
	287,381	304,070
	287,381	 392,812
\$	121,315	\$ 238,787,015

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Employees' Retirement System			Money Purchase Pension Plan]	Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association	Severance Benefits	
Additions								
Investment income:								
From investing activities:								
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	\$	1,373,118	\$	1,574,121	\$	1,866,911	\$	-
Interest and dividends		5,103,387		1,740,919		856,790		10,204
Investment management fees		(615,613)				(211,145)		
Net income from investing activites		5,860,892		3,315,040		2,512,556		10,204
From securities lending activities:								
Gross earnings		573,288		-		-		-
Borrower rebates		(533,083)		-		-		-
Securities fees		(16,027)				=_		-
Net income from securities lending activities		24,178						
Total net investment income		5,885,070		3,315,040		2,512,556		10,204
Contributions:								
Employer		2,700,525		3,276,943		6,039,693		1,080,111
Employees		615,193		2,929,866		=_		-
Total contributions		3,315,718		6,206,809		6,039,693		1,080,111
Other additions		<u>-</u>		15,959				-
Total additions		9,200,788		9,537,808		8,552,249		1,090,315
Deductions								
Participant benefits		12,659,443		2,067,561		5,161,271		1,015,208
Participant refunds		32,474		-		-		-
Administrative expenses		323,660		114,772		110,212		-
Total deductions		13,015,577		2,182,333		5,271,483		1,015,208
Net additions (deductions) to net assets								
held in trust		(3,814,789)		7,355,475		3,280,766		75,107
Net assets held in trust for benefits:								
Beginning of year		157,922,381		41,098,710		32,418,200		329,850
End of year	\$	154,107,592	\$	48,454,185	\$	35,698,966	\$	404,957

Benefits	Total
\$ -	\$ 4,814,150
14,084	7,725,384
14,004	(826,758)
14,084	11,712,776
-	573,288
-	(533,083)
-	(16,027)
-	24,178
14,084	11,736,954
392,220	13,489,492
	3,545,059
392,220	17,034,551
	15.050
	15,959
406,304	28,787,464
,201	20,707,101
288,944	21,192,427
-	32,474
_	548,644
288,944	21,773,545
117,360	7,013,919
2077	221 772 225
3,955	231,773,096
\$ 121,315	\$ 238,787,015
Ψ 121,313	Ψ 230,707,013

Unemployment

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	(Deductions)	Balance December 31, 2005
Agency Fund				
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$ 19,102,003	\$ 347,795,878	\$ (342,025,397)	\$ 24,872,484
Liabilities Undistributed receipts	\$ 19,102,003	\$ 347,795,878	\$ (342,025,397)	\$ 24,872,484

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Comparative Schedules by Source December 31, 2005 and 2004

	 2005	2004
Capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds		
Land	\$ 19,166,242	\$ 14,602,684
Buildings	110,905,094	101,444,010
Improvements other than buildings	12,701,718	11,072,065
Machinery and equipment	9,026,092	8,822,097
Construction in progress	 476,723	 2,183,486
Total capital assets	\$ 152,275,869	\$ 138,124,342
Investment in general capital assets by source		
General Fund	\$ 12,766,853	\$ 12,466,175
Special revenue funds	8,960,957	7,427,988
Capital projects funds	 130,548,059	 118,230,179
Total investment in capital assets	\$ 152,275,869	\$ 138,124,342

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule by Function and Activity December 31, 2005

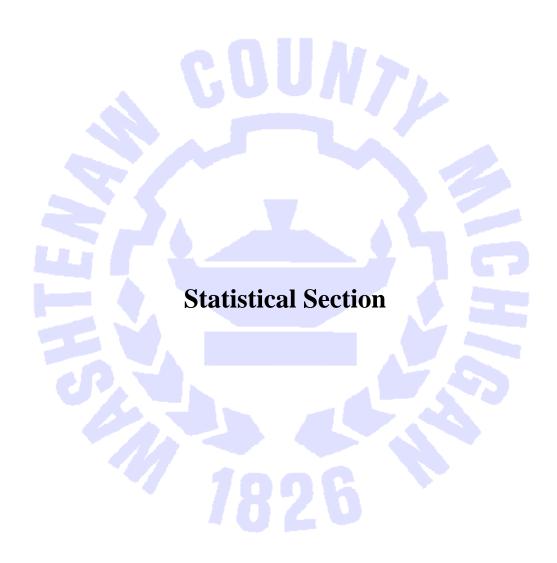
Function / Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Construction in Process	Total
Legislative - Board of Commissioners	\$ -	\$ 1,331,593	\$ 2,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,333,949
Judicial:						
Circuit/Probate/Friend of the Court	-	6,886,854	141,954	335,088	-	7,363,896
District court	-	8,140,056	146,396	-	35,123	8,321,575
Juvenile court	-	598,928	115,190	26,118	-	740,236
General government:						
Main county building	635,133	3,756,482	1,939,001	632,956	-	6,963,572
Administration building	34,000	3,361,158	258,268	2,475,556	-	6,128,982
Service center	40,000	1,929,844	926,619	180,252	-	3,076,715
Fourth Avenue building	5,000	4,208,254	63,908	3,863,580	-	8,140,742
North Main building	-	7,054,484	32,606	8,823	-	7,095,913
Library learning resource center	-	931,215	5,410	-	-	936,625
Public safety:						
Corrections enter	-	13,855,106	8,718	588,969	-	14,452,793
Juvenile detention building	_	10,781,011	36,115	-	-	10,817,126
E-911 tower	-	-	739,413	239,557	-	978,970
Human services:						
County health programs	-	8,585,189	60,954	128,334	-	8,774,477
Mental health programs	-	270,995	25,776	154,683	-	451,454
Culture and recreation:						
Parks and recreation	15,435,961	16,504,423	7,855,565	334,629	441,600	40,572,178
County library	-	503,220	-	5,545	-	508,765
Social services:						
O'Brien center	-	175,011	15,039	-	-	190,050
Ypsilanti social services	167,661	3,902,283	136,818	16,833	-	4,223,595
Community services agency	-	-	-	35,169	-	35,169
Ann Arbor FIA building	1,435,175	2,223,345	175,066	-	-	3,833,586
Ypsilanti FIA building	912,419	3,473,998	9,873	-	-	4,396,290
Shelter - 310-318 Huron	355,093	5,990,154	-	-	-	6,345,247
Head Start building	145,800	3,180,689	6,286	-	-	3,332,775
Other agencies		3,260,802	387			3,261,189
Total	\$ 19,166,242	\$ 110,905,094	\$ 12,701,718	\$ 9,026,092	\$ 476,723	\$ 152,275,869

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity Year Ended December 31, 2005

Function / Activity	January 1, 2005		 Additions	De	eductions	December 31, 2005		
Legislative - Board of Commissioners	\$	1,333,949	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,333,949	
Judicial:								
Circuit/Probate/Friend of the Court		4,579,620	2,864,703		80,427		7,363,896	
District court		7,885,012	436,563		-		8,321,575	
Juvenile court		734,796	5,440		-		740,236	
General government:								
Main county building		6,963,572	-		-		6,963,572	
Administration building		3,618,208	2,907,670		396,896		6,128,982	
Service center		2,873,624	203,091		-		3,076,715	
Fourth Avenue building		8,023,815	116,927		-		8,140,742	
North Main building		6,980,840	115,073		-		7,095,913	
Library learning resource center		821,822	114,803		-		936,625	
Public safety:								
Corrections enter		14,182,785	270,008		-		14,452,793	
Juvenile detention building		10,727,177	89,949		-		10,817,126	
E-911 tower		878,170	100,800		-		978,970	
Human services:								
County health programs		8,514,875	259,602		-		8,774,477	
Mental health programs		517,737	34,736		101,019		451,454	
Culture and recreation:								
Parks and recreation		35,094,887	5,477,291		-		40,572,178	
County library		508,765	-		-		508,765	
Social services:								
O'Brien center		190,050	_		_		190,050	
Ypsilanti social services		3,254,327	969,268		_		4,223,595	
Community services agency		25,885	9,284		-		35,169	
Ann Arbor FIA building		3,234,257	599,329		-		3,833,586	
Ypsilanti FIA building		4,396,290	-		_		4,396,290	
Shelter - 310-318 Huron		6,327,989	17,258		-		6,345,247	
Head Start building		3,203,567	129,208		-		3,332,775	
Other agencies		3,252,323	 8,866				3,261,189	
Total	\$	138,124,342	\$ 14,729,869	\$	578,342	\$	152,275,869	

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets.



Net Assets by Component Last Five Years (A)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	 2001	2002		2003		2004		 2005
Governmental activities								
Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	\$ 49,634,365	\$	53,104,933	\$	71,844,722	\$	70,895,205	\$ 78,322,886
Restricted	9,488,701		13,190,358		5,063,594		6,228,085	6,676,094
Unrestricted	 23,994,559		25,598,647		23,447,913		51,600,695	 67,505,778
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 83,117,625	\$	91,893,938	\$	100,356,229	\$	128,723,985	\$ 152,504,758
Business-type activities								
Restricted	\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	9,000,000	\$	-	\$ -
Unrestricted	3,182,698		4,002,441		1,283,817		9,615,484	9,722,818
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 9,182,698	\$	10,002,441	\$	10,283,817	\$	9,615,484	\$ 9,722,818
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net								
of related debt	\$ 49,634,365	\$	53,104,933	\$	71,844,722	\$	70,895,205	\$ 78,322,886
Restricted	15,488,701		19,190,358		14,063,594		6,228,085	6,676,094
Unrestricted	27,177,257		29,601,088		24,731,730		61,216,179	77,228,596
Total primary government net assets	\$ 92,300,323	\$	101,896,379	\$	110,640,046	\$	138,339,469	\$ 162,227,576

⁽A) - Washtenaw County implementaed GASB Statement No. 34 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001. Accordingly, data prior to 2001 is not available.

Changes in Net Assets Last Five Years (A)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2001 2002		2003	2004	2005
Expenses	-				
Governmental activities:					
Legislative	\$ 588,623	\$ 638,162	\$ 597,651	\$ 647,373	\$ 722,185
Judicial	16,940,482	18,074,212	19,584,218	21,443,309	22,588,152
General government	13,223,113	13,966,388	16,429,079	15,145,084	18,760,566
Public safety	34,060,565	36,228,288	40,927,414	42,748,613	45,341,263
Public works	1,154,023	1,413,125	2,246,625	611,126	608,029
Health	29,462,897	31,477,846	30,669,892	31,869,261	35,694,857
Social services	20,944,476	22,484,108	21,672,601	22,006,150	26,681,106
Culture and recreation	5,605,340	6,382,489	6,634,291	7,064,861	6,891,231
Other activities	4,642,941	6,062,374	6,088,589	4,036,568	4,336,497
Interest on long-term debt	1,485,302	1,791,363	1,643,952	1,273,833	1,027,653
Total governmental activities expenses	128,107,762	138,518,355	146,494,312	146,846,178	162,651,539
Business-type activities:					
Delinquent tax collection	456,868	489,348	180,046	241,083	591,362
Property foreclosure	-	-	228,598	189,756	314,439
Total business-type activities expenses	456,868	489,348	408,644	430,839	905,801
Total primary government expenses	128,564,630	139,007,703	146,902,956	147,277,017	163,557,340
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Judicial	3,305,460	3,176,945	3,352,989	3,613,380	3,763,939
General government	5,365,352	5,995,338	7,406,625	6,992,302	7,572,808
Public safety	10,363,234	11,449,421	11,049,685	12,141,274	12,110,959
Public works	650,755	1,025,351	187,780	169,811	167,094
Health	4,260,570	3,627,541	3,279,950	3,504,205	4,716,287
Social services	507,997	1,219,687	359,584	1,195,278	1,031,688
Culture and recreation	2,564,996	2,601,704	2,958,441	2,823,269	3,253,314
Other activities	636,161	724,019	145,126	148,876	150,676
Operating grants and contributions	42,221,235	46,297,193	52,695,000	53,642,415	60,027,293
Capital grants and contributions	1,218,521	1,091,143	3,473,175	960,689	211,159
Total governmental activities program revenues	71,094,281	77,208,342	84,908,355	85,191,499	93,005,217
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Delinquent tax collection	2,600,927	3,435,482	2,563,993	2,398,603	2,636,271
Property foreclosure	2,000,227		646,920	284,980	412,680
Operating grants and contributions	_	_	- 010,720	201,700	27,424
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,600,927	3,435,482	3,210,913	2,683,583	3,076,375
Total primary government program revenues	73,695,208	80,643,824	88,119,268	87,875,082	96,081,592
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Government activities	(56,932,523)	(61,300,153)	(61,585,957)	(61,654,679)	(69,646,322)
Business-type activities	2,144,059	2,946,134	2,802,269	2,252,744	2,170,574
Total primary government net expense	(54,788,464)	(58,354,019)	(58,783,688)	(59,401,935)	(67,475,748)

Continued...

Changes in Net Assets (Concluded) Last Five Fiscal Years (A)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2001		2002	2003		2004		2005	
General Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Property taxes	\$ 50,424,580	\$	56,462,144	\$	60,406,712	\$	82,991,160	\$	87,864,506
Unrestricted grants and contributions	7,709,801		7,503,237		6,538,510		3,003,251		457,637
Investment earnings	4,381,595		2,387,051		1,640,730		1,512,323		2,558,336
Transfers	1,711,915		3,733,894		2,462,465		2,515,704		2,546,616
Total governmental activities	 64,227,891		70,086,326		71,048,417		90,022,438		93,427,095
Business-type activities:									
Investment earnings	430,304		1,611,591		(74,699)		(515,993)		(141,666)
Transfers	(1,739,824)		(3,737,982)		(2,446,194)		(2,405,084)		(1,921,574)
Total business-type activities	(1,309,520)		(2,126,391)		(2,520,893)		(2,921,077)		(2,063,240)
Total primary government	 62,918,371		67,959,935		68,527,524		87,101,361		91,363,855
Change in Net Assets									
Government activities	7,295,368		8,786,173		9,462,460		28,367,759		23,780,773
Business-type activities	 834,539		819,743		281,376		(668,333)		107,334
Total primary government	\$ 8,129,907	\$	9,605,916	\$	9,743,836	\$	27,699,426	\$	23,888,107

(A) - Washtenaw County implementaed GASB Statement No. 34 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001. Accordingly, data prior to 2001 is not available.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Five Years (A)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005
General Fund									
Reserved	\$ 1,	687,275	\$ 2,647,421	\$	1,140,757	\$	966,852	\$	881,264
Unreserved	5,	759,252	 6,290,358		6,323,675		6,940,364		7,465,485
Total general fund	\$ 7,	446,527	\$ 8,937,779	\$	7,464,432	\$	7,907,216	\$	8,346,749
					_		_		
All Other Governmental Funds									
Reserved	\$	15,779	\$ 1,429,691	\$	2,435,812	\$	3,950,573	\$	6,207,220
Unreserved, reported in:									
Special revenue funds	8,	853,103	10,007,784		12,312,220		33,461,825		48,621,711
Debt service funds		13,391	12,595		12,676		12,976		15,591
Capital projects funds	27,	960,615	 22,933,029		16,016,182		21,568,510		14,753,918
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 36,	842,888	\$ 34,383,099	\$	30,776,890	\$	58,993,884	\$	69,598,440

⁽A) - Washtenaw County implementaed GASB Statement No. 34 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001. Accordingly, data prior to 2001 is not available.

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1996			1997		1998		1999		2000
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	37,296,854	\$	39,512,285	\$	41,805,726	\$	44,620,398	\$	47,877,830
Special assessments		-		-		17,634		33,829		27,043
Licenses and permits		2,392,609		2,614,065		3,003,375		3,180,792		2,948,645
Intergovernmental		41,482,229		41,387,272		42,586,141		42,674,681		48,223,102
Charges for services		32,591,715		35,456,534		37,294,079		42,948,659		46,220,352
Fines and forfeits		1,110,814		1,134,481		1,353,128		1,355,827		1,153,337
Investment income		1,333,061		1,363,997		2,530,738		3,232,954		4,871,889
Other revenues		6,438,831		6,715,495		5,777,814		5,196,355		5,032,923
Total revenues		122,646,113		128,184,129		134,368,635		143,243,495		156,355,121
Expenditures										
Legislative		395,407		433,125		397,893		402,723		490,648
Judicial		12,685,532		15,008,775		14,946,849		15,336,297		16,507,494
General government		11,225,862		7,629,256		8,799,555		9,860,291		10,441,919
Public safety		22,172,105		26,668,838		26,570,886		28,211,509		31,702,183
Public works		1,044,859		841,693		928,240		1,031,029		1,361,687
Health		47,512,820		48,767,045		46,990,073		50,169,991		54,118,438
Social services		17,678,436		15,830,425		17,439,105		17,551,932		22,027,437
Culture and recreation		4,332,049		4,122,227		4,538,645		6,074,255		7,507,217
Other activities		2,175,112		2,274,338		1,758,783		1,649,209		2,208,163
Capital outlay		1,850,136		5,285,523		11,243,640		8,057,651		14,253,745
Debt service		4,416,423		3,981,784		4,672,761		5,350,054		4,946,028
Total expenditures		125,488,741		130,843,029		138,286,430		143,694,941		165,564,959
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,842,628)		(2,658,900)		(3,917,795)		(451,446)		(9,209,838)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of bonds		-		15,913,913		11,397,165		14,786,625		-
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		-		1,175,112		-		-
Payments to escrow agent		-		-		(1,175,112)		-		-
Transfers in		23,583,365		17,464,552		24,003,730		30,720,493		27,745,642
Transfers out		(19,812,866)		(18,301,249)		(20,504,796)		(22,622,907)		(22,123,359)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,770,499		15,077,216		14,896,099		22,884,211		5,622,283
Net changes in fund balances	\$	927,871	\$	12,418,316	\$	10,978,304	\$	22,432,765	\$	(3,587,555)
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		3.6%	_	3.2%		3.7%		3.9%	_	3.3%

	2001		2002		2003		2004		2005
\$	50,424,580	\$	56,462,144	\$	60,406,712	\$	82,991,160	\$	87,864,506
	3,062,605		3,489,426		3,417,281		3,582,066		3,413,829
	51,149,556		55,289,575		55,515,317		53,442,839		56,934,228
	19,605,316		20,917,283		23,770,669		23,964,870		27,153,376
	1,212,956		1,043,636		1,192,646		1,846,181		1,167,872
	4,098,437		2,208,254		1,498,295		1,380,964		2,282,039
	4,190,175		4,347,661		7,927,593		5,588,048		5,129,028
			, , , , , , ,						
	133,743,625		143,757,979		153,728,513		172,796,128		183,944,878
	576,886		630,172		578,996		639,574		642,291
	16,525,671		17,711,346		19,154,639		20,414,926		21,176,406
	11,143,730		12,287,273		14,705,178		11,651,589		12,935,801
	33,799,524		36,324,964		39,767,190		41,600,021		44,163,259
	1,146,764		1,410,098		2,291,765		613,201		600,718
	29,038,088		31,222,165		30,148,915		31,486,496		35,254,194
	20,796,935		22,350,481		21,963,095		22,412,894		26,176,952
	9,190,778		9,474,501		11,120,549		10,234,930		12,382,181
	2,386,345		2,204,195		3,634,853		4,223,737		4,473,369
	16,120,377		13,540,717		13,085,312		5,105,824		11,795,834
	4,754,044		4,850,201		5,383,800		5,078,881		4,743,740
	145,479,142		152,006,113		161,834,292		153,462,073		174,344,745
	(11,735,517)		(8,248,134)		(8,105,779)		19,334,055		9,600,133
	_		2,947,500		_		6,365,000		_
	_		2,577,500		8,856,271		7,914,167		11,570,406
	_		_		(8,748,421)		(7,857,903)		(11,336,730)
	23,380,841		23,132,080		24,406,361		39,613,259		44,521,956
	(20,642,934)		(21,747,483)		(21,173,427)		(36,708,800)		(43,311,674)
	(20,012,731)		(21,717,103)		(21,173,127)		(30,700,000)		(13,311,071)
	2,737,907		4,332,097		3,340,784		9,325,723	_	1,443,958
\$	\$ (8,997,610) \$ (3		(3,916,037)) \$ (4.764.005\		\$	28,659,778	\$	11,044,091
Ψ	(0,777,010)	Ψ	(3,710,037)	\$	(4,764,995)	φ	20,039,110	Ψ	11,077,091
	3.7%		3.5%		3.6%	_	3.4%		2.9%

Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 34,168,564	\$ 36,186,668	\$ 38,286,244	\$ 40,865,238	\$ 43,376,837
Licenses and permits	1,402,446	1,633,865	1,992,862	2,117,549	102,966
Intergovernmental	10,150,861	8,919,571	9,445,552	9,511,542	10,704,930
Charges for services	10,000,925	9,932,938	11,103,292	11,626,324	12,410,195
Fines and forfeits	959,754	1,013,050	1,182,655	1,203,933	1,127,708
Investment income	916,079	769,134	1,041,596	1,147,169	1,287,098
Other revenues	 573,387	 632,400	 742,603	807,741	 914,803
Total revenues	 58,172,016	59,087,626	 63,794,804	 67,279,496	69,924,537
Expenditures					
Legislative	395,407	433,125	397,893	402,723	490,648
Judicial	10,367,959	10,511,302	10,747,283	11,093,975	11,343,377
General government	7,176,706	7,481,046	8,410,232	8,666,643	9,455,488
Public safety	22,986,916	24,236,366	24,669,635	25,931,237	26,689,224
Public works	255,350	259,868	223,296	226,578	284,395
Health	-	-	-	-	-
Social services	417,072	327,285	850,991	851,513	1,055,274
Culture and recreation	559,590	572,690	576,621	606,884	643,018
Other activities	 2,175,112	 2,274,338	 1,758,783	 1,649,209	 2,208,163
Total expenditures	 44,334,112	 46,096,020	 47,634,734	 49,428,762	 52,169,587
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 13,837,904	 12,991,606	 16,160,070	 17,850,734	 17,754,950
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,528,532	2,125,771	2,383,034	94,696	68,475
Transfers out	 (15,819,093)	 (14,612,927)	 (18,109,971)	(17,078,613)	 (17,447,274)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (13,290,561)	 (12,487,156)	 (15,726,937)	 (16,983,917)	 (17,378,799)
Net changes in fund balances	\$ 547,343	\$ 504,450	\$ 433,133	\$ 866,817	\$ 376,151

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
\$	45,683,776	\$ 48,813,596	\$ 52,227,354	\$ 54,883,846	\$ 59,645,096
	129,816	111,912	169,388	171,524	161,907
	11,578,947	11,714,821	10,563,759	7,758,214	5,641,139
	13,421,880	14,974,369	16,262,412	16,165,713	17,521,139
	1,191,936	1,003,693	1,125,425	1,226,872	1,106,638
	1,185,820	824,979	612,244	544,005	628,154
	1,003,157	790,671	1,084,307	941,153	1,032,874
	74,195,332	 78,234,041	 82,044,889	 81,691,327	 85,736,947
	576,886	630,172	578,996	639,574	642,291
	11,681,080	12,657,027	13,602,187	14,235,820	14,916,715
	10,869,970	11,910,251	13,284,578	9,619,781	10,553,533
	28,509,433	30,810,238	33,285,150	36,535,457	38,948,971
	274,615	406,286	402,840	-	-
	1,691,809	1,732,474	-	-	-
	1,001,111	1,100,806	1,243,477	1,178,913	1,263,782
	674,524	709,564	718,738	820,124	628,307
	2,386,345	2,204,195	3,634,853	4,223,737	 4,473,369
	57,665,773	62,161,013	66,750,819	67,253,406	71,426,968
_	37,003,773	 02,101,013	 00,730,819	 07,233,400	 71,420,908
	16,529,559	16,073,028	 15,294,070	14,437,921	14,309,979
	-	1,028,662	925,501	4,620,356	6,611,427
	(16,223,931)	(16,837,786)	(16,150,909)	(18,615,493)	(20,481,873)
			, , , , ,		
	(16,223,931)	 (15,809,124)	 (15,225,408)	 (13,995,137)	 (13,870,446)
\$	305,628	\$ 263,904	\$ 68,662	\$ 442,784	\$ 439,533

Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property			Personal Property	Total Assessed and Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
1996	\$ 4,591,219	\$ 1,406,685	\$ 432,190	\$ 269,698	\$ 889,032	\$ 7,588,824	\$ 5.5136	
1997	5,028,948	1,482,195	462,254	300,034	949,356	8,222,787	5.4967	
1998	5,609,646	1,549,552	508,729	311,021	1,002,125	8,981,073	5.4963	
1999	6,278,400	1,714,592	557,328	330,014	1,075,064	9,955,398	5.4957	
2000	7,047,875	1,903,334	587,548	353,442	1,059,130	10,951,329	5.5197	
2001	7,947,075	2,164,528	641,354	352,969	1,085,093	12,191,019	5.4759	
2002	8,983,153	2,382,889	757,346	433,528	1,145,185	13,702,101	5.6772	
2003	10,017,580	2,652,147	804,851	478,542	1,092,571	15,045,691	5.6186	
2004	11,016,278	2,820,335	848,380	533,236	1,096,757	16,314,986	5.5819	
2005	11,886,410	3,106,081	885,397	564,140	1,092,596	17,534,624	5.5493	

Note: Residential, commercial and industrial values are calculated without tax-exempt values

Source: County Equalization Department figures, exclusive of Industrial and Commercial Facility Tax and prior to any Board of Review actions.

WASHTENAW COUNTY Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years

(rate per \$1,000 of taxable value)

		1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
County direct rates											
Operation		\$ 4.83	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.83	\$ 4.80	\$ 4.76	\$ 4.72	\$ 4.67	\$ 4.64	\$ 4.61
County imposed and debt		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.49	-	-
Special voted		0.68	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.72	0.72	0.96	0.46	0.94	0.94
Total direct rate		5.51	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.52	5.48	5.68	5.62	5.58	5.55
Overlapping rates											
Cities:		16.00	1600	15.00	15.01	17.10	15.10	17.00	1607	1600	16.00
Ann Arbor		16.88	16.80	17.22	17.31	17.13	17.13	17.00	16.87	16.90	16.90
Milan		16.22	14.75	14.75	14.75	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75	15.75
Saline		14.50	14.30	13.80	12.30	10.00	10.00	9.96	10.96	12.95	13.72
Ypsilanti		24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.60	24.46	27.37	27.41	28.28	27.92
Townships (average)	(A)	2.40	2.57	2.55	2.55	2.54	2.62	2.72	2.80	2.77	2.97
Villages (average)	(B)	14.91	14.26	15.02	14.85	14.15	13.46	13.29	13.23	13.18	12.95
School districts (average)	(C)	29.14	29.47	29.21	29.72	29.82	30.15	30.16	30.15	29.39	30.22
Intermediate school district		3.43	3.43	3.43	3.32	3.16	3.13	3.11	3.07	3.46	4.04
Community college		3.06	2.93	3.90	4.10	4.03	3.99	3.97	3.86	3.83	3.77
(I) T											
(A) - Rates range from:		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Low		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
High		10.15	10.04	10.04	10.04	9.79	9.75	9.75	10.12	9.66	10.53
(B) - Rates range from:		10.04	10.25	10.25	10.05	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Low		10.84 17.15	10.25 16.84	10.25	10.05 16.69	10.00 16.54	10.00 15.74	10.00 15.30	10.00 15.67	10.00 15.27	10.00 15.28
High (C) Potes romes from:		17.15	10.84	16.89	10.09	10.54	15.74	15.50	15.07	15.27	15.28
(C) - Rates range from: Low		23.10	23.10	22.90	25.30	25.16	25.29	25.93	25.26	24.17	23.38
Low High		23.10 38.56	23.10 36.70	22.90 39.97	25.30 35.36	39.65	25.29 38.76	41.35	34.30	32.65	23.38 33.65
riigii		30.30	30.70	37.77	33.30	39.03	30.70	41.33	34.30	32.03	33.03

WASHTENAW COUNTY Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20		2005			1996			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	
Pfizer Global Research	\$	258,095,363	1	1.58%	\$	_		_	
Ford Motor Company/Visteon	Ť	188,872,200	2	1.16%	_	185,100,450	2	2.62%	
General Motors		169,813,650	3	1.04%		267,404,090	1	3.79%	
Detroit Edison		127,851,460	4	0.78%		106,555,347	3	1.51%	
Michigan Consolidated Gas		81,608,429	5	0.50%		89,379,320	5	1.27%	
Briarwood Complex		71,672,300	6	0.44%		51,828,300	6	0.73%	
Domino's		60,979,360	7	0.37%		40,921,620	7	0.58%	
Toyota		50,535,930	8	0.31%		31,259,200	9	0.44%	
Daimler Chrysler		42,107,500	9	0.26%		23,520,000	10	0.33%	
Meijer Incorporated		37,203,600	10	0.23%		14,087,100	15	0.19%	
Great Lakes Bank		36,463,300	11	0.22%		-		-	
NSK Corp		33,415,990	12	0.20%		31,313,900	8	0.44%	
Comcast/Media One		24,866,900	13	0.15%		-		-	
Lake in the Woods		22,539,800	14	0.14%		14,600,000	14	0.21%	
Arborland LLC		20,158,150	15	0.12%		-		-	
Parke-Davis		-		-		98,078,100	4	1.39%	
Johnson Controls Inc.		-		-		19,496,100	11	0.28%	
Consumer Power		-		-		18,549,435	12	0.26%	
Catherine McAuley, St. Joseph						15,123,730	13	0.21%	
	\$	1,226,183,932		7.50%	\$	1,007,216,692		14.25%	

Source: Washtenaw County Equalization Department.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Collected within the

	Taxes Levi			Fiscal Year of the Levy			Subsequent		ŗ	Total Collections to Date			
_	Year]	for the Fiscal Year			% of Levy		Years Collections		Amount	% of Levy		
	1996	\$	38,535,786	\$	36,524,079	94.78%	\$	1,875,746	\$	38,399,825	99.65%		
	1997		40,761,846		38,703,199	94.95%		1,945,179		40,648,378	99.72%		
	1998		43,164,015		40,920,859	94.80%		2,114,270		43,035,129	99.70%		
	1999		46,135,320		43,673,258	94.66%		2,243,851		45,917,109	99.53%		
	2000		49,444,080		47,151,623	95.36%		2,133,910		49,285,533	99.68%		
	2001		52,181,561		49,523,726	94.91%		2,350,685		51,874,411	99.41%		
	2002		58,269,004		55,501,885	95.25%		2,417,213		57,919,098	99.40%		
	2003		62,459,717		59,400,607	95.10%		2,586,635		61,987,242	99.24%		
	2004		65,676,479		62,650,121	95.39%		2,622,050		65,272,171	99.38%		
	2005		69,669,724		66,173,312	94.98%		3,031,443		69,204,755	99.33%		

Source: Washtenaw County Treasurer's Office

WASHTENAW COUNTY Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

			Gene	erai Bonde	a Debt Ot	itstand	aing			
Y	'ear	Less: Amounts General Restricted Obligation to Repaying Bonds Principal			unts icted aying		Total	% of Personal Income	% of Actual Taxable Value of Property	 Per Capita
19	996	\$	17,860,000	\$	-	\$	17,860,000	0.20%	235.35%	\$ 60.40
19	997		26,150,000		-		26,150,000	0.28%	318.02%	\$ 87.31
19	998		32,550,000		-		32,550,000	0.33%	362.43%	\$ 107.50
19	999		39,120,000		-		39,120,000	0.37%	392.95%	\$ 127.81
20	000		40,920,000		-		40,920,000	0.35%	373.65%	\$ 126.73
20	001		38,160,000		-		38,160,000	0.32%	313.02%	\$ 115.88
20	002		37,690,000		-		37,690,000	0.31%	275.07%	\$ 112.73
20	003		35,035,000		-		35,035,000	0.27%	232.86%	\$ 103.48
20	004		38,120,000		-		38,120,000	0.30%	233.65%	\$ 112.39
20	005		35,615,000		-		35,615,000	0.28%	203.11%	\$ 105.00

WASHTENAW COUNTY Computation of Net Direct and Overlapping Debt As of December 31, 2005

	Gross Amount Outstanding	Self-Supporting or Paid by Benefited Entity	Net Amount Outstanding
Direct debt General obligation tax notes Building authority bonds Notes payable Drain bonds and notes Public Works - water and sewer debt County Road Commission debt	\$ 10,000,000 35,615,000 272,658 3,539,805 41,107,279 2,480,000	\$ 10,000,000 - - 3,223,193 41,107,279 2,480,000	\$ - 35,615,000 272,658 316,612
Net direct debt	\$ 93,014,742	\$ 56,810,472	36,204,270
Overlapping debt School districts Cities Townships Villages Intermediate school district Community colleges Library Net overlapping debt			842,467,400 138,636,685 73,143,950 6,975,000 53,124 54,686,935 32,063,476
Net direct and overlapping debt			\$ 1,184,230,840

Source: Washtenaw County Finance Department and Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan.

Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for 2005

Assessed value	\$ 17,534,623,609
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$ 1,753,462,361
Debt applicable to limit - general obligation bonds	93,014,742
Legal debt margin	\$ 1,660,447,619

	 Debt Limit	 Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	1	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
1996	\$ 758,882,448	\$ 73,274,112	\$	685,608,336	9.66%
1997	822,278,851	78,108,793		744,170,058	9.50%
1998	898,107,280	81,807,890		816,299,390	9.11%
1999	995,539,887	91,858,434		903,681,453	9.23%
2000	1,095,132,936	87,063,154		1,008,069,782	7.95%
2001	1,219,101,814	93,087,172		1,126,014,642	7.64%
2002	1,370,210,183	100,449,507		1,269,760,676	7.33%
2003	1,504,569,055	95,545,110		1,409,023,945	6.35%
2004	1,631,498,572	101,955,812		1,529,542,760	6.25%
2005	1,753,462,361	93,014,742		1,660,447,619	5.30%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)		Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
1996	295,717	\$ 8,830,184	\$	29,130	2.30%
1997	299,503	9,251,319		29,998	2.10%
1998	302,787	9,994,082		31,971	1.90%
1999	306,073	10,710,960		33,654	1.80%
2000	322,895	11,541,043		35,594	1.60%
2001	329,308	11,774,476		35,867	2.30%
2002	334,351	12,232,147		36,794	2.90%
2003	338,562	12,869,105		38,323	3.20%
2004	339,191 (a)	12,869,105	(a)	38,323	4.30%
2005	339,191 (a)	12,869,105	(a)	38,323	3.80%

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Department of Commerce

Michigan Department of Career Development Employment Service Agency

Michigan Economic Development Corporation

⁽a) Census Data not available at the time of publication.

Principal Employers Curent Year and Nine Years Ago

		2005		1996			
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment	
University of Michigan	15,717	1	8.51%	22,596	1	14.11%	
University of Michigan Hospitals	9,021	2	4.89%	8,640	2	5.39%	
Visteon Corporation	5,200	3	2.82%	-	-	-	
General Motors	4,591	4	2.49%	6,900	3	4.31%	
Trinity Health	4,503	5	2.44%	-		-	
Ford Motor Company	4,392	6	2.38%	6,750	4	4.21%	
Pfizer Inc.	2,600	7	1.41%	-		-	
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,041	8	1.11%	1,910	9	1.19%	
Eastern Michigan University	1,991	9	1.08%	1,991	8	1.24%	
U.S. Government	1,973	10	1.07%	2,630	6	1.64%	
State of Michigan	1,664	11	0.90%	2,118	7	1.32%	
Washtenaw County	1,382	12	0.75%	1,200	11	0.75%	
Borders Group	1,365	13	0.74%	1,300	10	0.81%	
Standard Federal Bank	1,020	14	0.55%	=		-	
ProQuest Co.	906	15	0.49%	-		-	
City of Ann Arbor	812	16	0.44%	951	12	0.59%	
DTE Energy Co.	690	17	0.37%	-		-	
Chrysler Corporation	669	18	0.36%	574	17	0.36%	
Ypsilanti Public Schools	658	19	0.36%	586	16	0.37%	
Chelsea Community Hospital	638	20	0.35%	530	20	0.33%	
NSK Corp. Bearing Division	530	21	0.29%	570	18	0.36%	
U.S. Postal Service	488	22	0.26%	-		-	
Edwards Brothers Inc.	465	23	0.25%	491	22	0.31%	
Con-Way Transportation Services	450	24	0.24%	=		-	
Domino's Pizza Inc.	405	25	0.22%	650	15	0.41%	
Mission Health Corp.	-		-	3,698	5	2.31%	
Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical	-		-	885	13	0.55%	
UMI Inc.	-		-	850	14	0.53%	
Gelman Sciences Inc.	-		-	541	19	0.34%	
Johnson Controls Plastics Group	-		-	500	21	0.31%	
Washtenaw Community College	-		-	442	23	0.28%	
Great Lakes Bancorp	-		-	419	24	0.26%	
Environmental Research Institute				400	25	0.25%	
	64,171		34.76%	68,122		42.53%	

Source: Washtenaw County Equalization Department.

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31

			Fu	II-time Equ	ivalent Emj	ployees as o	of December	: 31		
Function/Program	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Legislative										
Board of Commissioners	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Judicial	12.0	10.0	12.0	10.0	15.0	10.0	15.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Circuit Court	28.1	28.1	23.1	23.1	24.5	24.5	32.8	32.8	36.9	36.9
District Court	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.3	48.3	44.0	44.0
Friend of the Court	54.0	54.0	54.0	54.0	56.0	56.0	57.0	57.0	58.0	58.0
Probate Court - Estates	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0	9.0
Probate Court - Juvenile	35.0	35.0	34.5	34.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	28.9	28.9
Public Defender	20.0	20.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
General Government	20.0	20.0	17.0	17.0	20.0	20.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
County Adminstration	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0
Finance	27.0	29.0	28.0	28.0	27.5	27.5	27.0	27.0	26.5	26.5
Information & Tech Systems	31.0	31.0	34.0	34.0	43.0	45.0	42.0	42.0	35.0	35.0
Human Resources	8.3	8.3	9.3	9.3	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.3	8.0	8.0
Corporation Counsel	2.2	2.2	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	1.5	1.5
Equalization	13.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Facilities Management	49.6	49.6	56.5	56.5	48.0	48.0	43.0	39.0	39.0	39.0
Emp Trng/Community Sves	94.2	94.2	66.7	66.7	66.6	66.6	21.9	21.9	18.4	18.4
Clerk/Register	44.1	44.1	42.5	42.5	46.5	46.5	51.5	51.5	50.5	50.5
Treasurer	12.5	12.5	12.0	12.0	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5	13.5
Drain Commissioner	10.0	10.0	16.0	16.0	19.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	23.0	23.0
	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	9.0	9.0				
Planning	0.0	6.0	6.0	0.0	9.0	9.0	13.8	13.8	18.3	18.3
Public Safety	22.7	20.7	20.0	20.0	45.0	45.0	47.0	47.0	40.0	50.0
Prosecuting Attorney	32.7	32.7	39.8	39.8	45.0	45.0	47.0	47.0	49.0	50.0
Sheriff	261.0	261.0	273.0	273.0	283.0	283.0	281.0	281.0	284.0	284.0
Emergency Management	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Building Inspection	14.4	14.4	19.9	19.9	28.4	28.4	28.1	28.1	15.0	15.0
Public Works					2.0	2.0				
Public Works	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.3	-	-
Health										
Environmental Health	41.1	41.1	43.6	43.6	48.9	48.9	48.8	48.8	43.0	43.0
Mental Health	271.3	271.3	274.2	274.2	257.2	257.2	271.1	270.1	231.8	231.8
Public Health	70.8	70.8	75.2	75.2	80.0	80.0	90.2	90.2	67.9	67.9
Social Services										
Child Care - Juvenile	36.6	36.6	35.3	35.3	8.5	8.5	12.5	12.5	12.7	12.7
Child Care - O'Brien Center	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	12.0	12.0	10.7	13.7	11.9	11.9
Child Care - Detention	-	-	26.0	26.0	33.1	33.1	34.7	40.7	29.6	29.6
Children's Services	-	-	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Head Start	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	40.0	36.5	36.5
Human Services Admin	42.0	42.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veterans Services	5.6	5.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Culture & Recreation										
Parks & Recreation	30.0	30.0	29.0	29.0	32.0	32.0	33.8	33.8	34.0	34.0
Library	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0	11.0	11.0
County Extention	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Total	1,340.5	1,342.5	1,342.9	1,342.9	1,366.8	1,371.8	1,408.7	1,408.7	1,302.8	1,303.8

Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
				<u> </u>	
Public Safety					
Sheriff:					
Number of incidents	-	-	-	-	57,744
Number of crash reports	-	-	-	-	7,624
Number of arrests	-	-	-	-	2,977
Number of bookings	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works					
Centerline miles of road maintained	1,535	1,546	1,554	1,565	1,570
Health					
Public Health:					
Vaccines admistered	-	41,967	43,127	36,710	33,132
Number of monthly particpants	4,571	4,831	4,038	4,090	3,443
Culture & Recreation					
Parks & Recreation:					
Recreation center participation	318,577	297,495	293,214	299,416	322,087
Aquatic center participation	86,435	65,869	82,818	77,155	62,647
Rounds of Golf	-	52,196	55,073	52,322	52,750
Boat Rental	963	827	864	673	738
Library:					
Total circulation	36,810	36,344	61,126	49,192	35,134
Registered individuals	1,018	986	1,241	1,165	1,161
Walk-In	1,113	868	867	920	853
Telephone calls	4,183	3,886	4,506	4,499	4,147

Schedule 16 UNAUDITED

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
61,433	56,942	54,644	53,266	52,479
7,499	4,656	4,703	4,339	4,273
2,921	2,900	2,648	2,509	2,306
7,833	8,419	8,093	7,135	6,969
1.500	1.500	1.504	1.602	1.612
1,580	1,582	1,594	1,603	1,612
37,535	41,642	44,971	40,410	54,143
4,125	4,522	4,559	4,667	4,580
269 221	205 100	414 254	262 700	267 591
368,221	395,190	414,354	363,709	367,581
88,409	89,343	77,195	75,127	107,403
43,273	40,816	39,249	39,169	37,591
744	904	541	652	734
39,876	41,032	43,953	41,753	40,059
1,223	1,251	1,298	1,317	1,348
1,020	950	852	968	1,156
4,727	4,173	3,611	3,523	3,278
, , ,	,	, -	,	.,

WASHTENAW COUNTY Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Police										
Corrections facility capacities	285	285	285	336	332	398	356	332	332	332
Vehicle patrol units:										
Police service automobiles	100	100	100	50	60	60	82	82	85	85
Animal control	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2
Marine safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	2	2
Jail	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16	17	17
Motorcycles	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	12	12	12
Parks and recreation										
Parks:										
County	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Natural areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	6
Park acreage:										
Parkland	1,117	1,117	1,117	1,158	1,256	1,376	1,376	1,438	1,438	1,647
Natural areas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	438	715	780
Picnic areas	11	11	11	12	12	12	19	19	19	19
Historic sites	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Buildings:										
Log cabins	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
County recreation center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fishing structures	3	3	3	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Pavilions	5	5	5	6	6	6	11	11	12	12
Concession	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Multi-purpose	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Nature cabin	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming beach areas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Swimming pools (in/out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	1
Golf Courses:										
18 hole course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
18 hole disc course	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Trails:	-	_	-	_	_	10	_	_	0	
Nature	7	7	7	7	7	13	7	7	9	9
Exercise	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Multiuse	-	-	-	-	-	1	8	8	8	8
Playgrounds	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	6	6	6
Water Areas: Water parks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	3	1 3	1 3	1 3
Spray play feature Lazy river ride	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 1	1
Lazy fivel fide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Public works										
Centerline miles of county roads:										
Federal and State	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	576
Primary	517	517	520	520	521	529	529	529	542	586
Local	1,005	1,005	1,020	768	768	758	758	756	743	703
Subdivision	-	-	-	-	-	282	282	296	308	323

Schedule of Insurance As of December 31, 2005

Type of Coverage Name of Company	Policy Period	Premium	Description
Genesis Insurance Company	10/1/05-10/1/06	\$ 562,000	Auto, general and police legal liability of the County for bodily injury, property damage and personal injury. Limit \$5,000,000 per occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate. Occurrence form; \$250,000 self insured retention.
Buildings and Contents CHUBB Insurance Co.	10/1/05-10/1/06	129,483	All risk coverage on buildings and contents at replacement cost. \$142,209,444 limit \$250,000 deductible per occurrence (includes burglary). Includes perils from flood and earthquake.
Inland Marine Coverage	10/1/05-10/1/06	Included	Covers scheduled portable equipment consisting of radio and video equipment, boats and trailers, etc. All risk coverage.
Data Processing Coverage	10/1/05-10/1/06	Included	Covers data processing equipment, media and extra expense. Limit \$500,000 per occurrence.
Employee Benefit Liability	10/1/05-10/1/06	Included	Policy limit \$1,000,000 covers employees, prospective employees, former employees, or their beneficiaries, for damages sustained in the administration of employee benefits programs.
Great American Ins. Co.	10/1/05-10/1/06	9,967	Covers loss to the County caused by dishonesty or fraudulent act of an employee or failure to faithfully perform the duties or the position. Limit \$5,000,000 with \$10,000 loss deductible. All County employees covered. Public Employee Blanket Bond.
Public Officials Genesis Insurance Company	10/1/05-10/1/06	Included	Policy limit \$5,000,000 subject to \$250,000 deductible covers liability for wrongful acts, claims made form, duty to defend.
Professional Liability Hudson Insurance Co.	10/1/05-10/1/06	149,941	Covers Public Health and Mental Health operations (includes doctors) \$1,000,000 each medical incident. Deductible of \$250,000 does not include defense costs.
Boiler Machinery Policy	10/1/05-10/1/06	Included	Covers boilers and air conditioning units, broad form basis (except cast iron), including repair and/ or replacement on most objects. \$1,000 deductible.
Lawyers Professional Lloyds/National Legal Aid and Defender Association	10/1/05-10/1/06 3/1/05-3/1/06	2,041 15,268	Covers Employee related issues in Public Defender's Office. Professional liability limit \$1,000,000. Disciplinary proceedings limit \$5,000. Also covers Labor Relation Attorney and Corp Counsel. Personal injury \$1,000,000/1,000,000. Disciplinary proceeding \$10,000. Subject to deductible.

Continued...

Continued...

WASHTENAW COUNTY

Schedule of Insurance As of December 31, 2005

Type of Coverage Name of Company	Policy Period	Premium	Description
Short-Term Bond Burnham & Flower of Michigan The Hartford	12/01/05-03/31/06	22,695	Bond was based on 40% of the tax levy for the County, schools and SET (State Education Tax). County is reimbursed for approximately 95% of the cost of the bond.
Judicial Liability Complete Equity Market	10/1/05-10/1/06	33,633	Covers 20 Judges, Magistrates and referees \$1,000,000 liability coverage per claim. \$2,500 deductible.
Federal Insurance Companies	10/1/05-10/1/06	11,000	Fiduciary Liability Policy for Washtenaw County covering the VEBA, MPPP and WCERS Systems with limits of \$3,000,000.
Zurich US Insurance Group	10/1/05-10/1/06	487	Provide insurance coverage for underground storage tanks with limits of \$1,000,000.
Workers' Compensation BROADSPIRE	02/01/05-02/01/06	40,443	TPA for Claims Service.
Safety National	02/01/05-02/01/06	41,695	Statutory specific excess insurance above a \$350,000 retention.
Long-Term Disability Unum Provident	Monthly	Varies	Covers all full-time regular employees. Choice of coverage is 50%, 60%, or 66 and 2/3% of monthly salary with varying elimination periods. Also covers part-time MNA employees basic coverage only
Traditional with Master Medical (MM50) Blue Cross/Blue Scheild	Monthly	Varies	Basic and Master Medical Comprehensive medical care coverage including emergency care, some out-patient treatment, and prescription co-pay. Annual deductible of \$50 (\$100 family) on Master Medical Benefits.
Comprehensive Major Medical (CMM 250) Blue Cross/Blue Shield	Monthly	Varies	A cost-sharing comprehensive medical care plan including emergency care, some out-patient treatment, prescription co-pay, and annual deductible of \$250 (\$500 family) on all covered benefits.
Dental Delta Dental Core Plan	Monthly	48.83	100% basic dental, 50% other services, 50% Prosthondontics and Orthodontic services, \$750 annual limit, \$600 lifetime for Orthodontic services.
Dental Delta Dental Retiree Plan	Monthly	61.36	100% basic dental, 50% other services, 50% Prosthondontics, no Orthodontic services, \$750 or \$1,000 lifetime.
Dental Delta Dental Premier Plan for those in Flex Benefits who choose this option	Monthly	100.09	100% basic dental, 80% other services, including sealants, 50% Orthodontics services, \$1,000 annual limit and \$1,750 lifetime for Orthodontics.
Life Insurance Unum Provident	Monthly	Varies	Covers death of employee and/or AD&D. All full-time employees with choice of coverage equal to 1 X annual salary up to 50K, 2 X annual salary up to 100K, or 3 X annual salary up to 150K. MNA Employee basic coverage (coverage up to 50K or 1 X annual salary)

Schedule of Insurance As of December 31, 2005

Type of Coverage Name of Company	Policy Period	Premium	Description
Vision Care Blue Cross/Blue Shied/ Vision Service Plan (VSP)	Monthly	Varies	Vision Care option pays for certain vision care tests and supplies when obtained from a participating provider after County employee pays the provider the required co-payment amount.
Care Choices Catherine McAuley	01/01/05-12/31/05	Varies	HMO offers primary care physicians, network hospitals, affiliated pharmacies and laboratories and other providers within the particular HMO network. The employee is responsible for the copay amounts at the time of service. All claims are handled directly between the HMO and service provider.
M-Care University of Michigan Hospital	01/01/05-12/31/05	Varies	HMO offers primary care physicians, network hospitals, affiliated pharmacies and laboratories and other providers within the particular HMO network. The employee is responsible for the copay amounts at the time of service. All claims are handled directly between the HMO and service provider.

SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005



WASHTENAW COUNTY, MICHIGAN SINGLE AUDIT

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Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:		
Food Commodities:		
Entitlement & Bonus Commodities 2004	10.550	\$ 3,498
Entitlement & Bonus Commodities 2005	10.550	2,312
School Breakfast Program:		
National School Lunch/Breakfast	10.553	12,731
CACFP	10.558	21,864
National School Lunch Program:		
National School Lunch	10.555	24,512
CACFP	10.558	76,395
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Michigan Department of Education		141,312
Passed through Michigan Department of Community Health -		
Women, Infants and Children	10.557	556,509
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		697,821
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Direct Programs:		
Community Development Block Grant / Entitlement Grants	14.218	988,873
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	366,989
American Dream Downpayment Initative	14.239	16,618
Timerican Broam Bownpayment intactive	11.237	10,010
Total Direct Programs		1,372,480
Passed through SOS Community Services, Inc		
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	119,082
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		1,491,562
		continued

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR		
Passed through Michigan Department of History,		
Arts and Libraries -		
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	\$ 25,241
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Direct Programs:		
Violence Against Women	16.590	633,555
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592	28,477
Total Direct Programs		662,032
Passed through Michigan Department of Human Services -		
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants:		
Juvenile Accountability	16.523	82,707
Building Restorative Communities Grant	16.540	64,350
Federal Drug Court Grant Program	16.585	1,057
Total Michigan Department of Human Services		148,114
Total U.S. Department of Justice		810,146
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
Passed through Michigan Office of Highway Safety Planning -		
State and Community Highway Safety -		
Drive Michigan Safely	20.600	85,019
		continued

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Expenditures
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		
Direct Programs:		
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements:		
Assessment Petroleum	66.818	\$ 736
Revolving Loan Fund	66.818	21,997
Assessment Pilot	66.818	41,631
Total Direct Programs		64,364
Passed through Michigan Department of Environmental Quality:		
Indoor Radon Grant	66.032	6,259
Mallets Creek Site Design for Regional Detention	66.460	35,288
Arsenic Rule	66.468	2,063
Operator Certification	66.471	10,910
Total Michigan Department of Environmental Quality		54,520
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		118,884
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY		
Passed through Michigan Department of Labor &		
Economic Growth -		
Solar Photovoltaic Demonstration	81.041	60,000
Passed through Michigan Department of Consumer &		
Industry Services -		
Rebuild Michigan	81.119	3,365
Total U.S. Department of Energy		63,365
		continued

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		
Direct Programs:		
Community Access Program	93.252	\$ 360,811
Head Start	93.600	3,685,783
Total Direct Programs		4,046,594
Passed through Michigan Department of Community Health:		
Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	15,936
Immunization Grants:		
Immunization Action Plan	93.268	135,712
Vaccine Handling	93.268	6,535
Vaccines	93.268	907,182
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations		
and Technical Assistance:		
Bioterrorism - EPI	93.283	211,238
CDC Emergency Prep Focus F	93.283	34,877
CDC Emergency Prep Focus G	93.283	17,899
Medical Assistance Program:		
Care Coordination	93.778	2,732
Infant Mortality	93.778	20,228
Medicaid	93.778	66,340
QHP Medicaid	93.778	58,525
Medicaid - Full Cost (settlement)	93.778	108,902
Medicaid - Full Cost	93.778	542,348
Child Special Health Care	93.778	14,988
HIV Prevention Program -		
HIV/AIDS Counseling and Testing	93.940	81,926
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant:		
Local Maternal and Child Health	93.994	109,958
SIDS	93.994	4,370
Child Special Health Care	93.994	21,998
Total Michigan Department of Community Health		2,361,694

continued...

Federal Agency/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	E	xpenditures
014HV01/110g14HH 11HV	110010001100		apenarui es
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (concluded)			
Passed through Washtenaw Community Health Organization:			
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	93.150	\$	124,921
Community Mental Health Services Block Grant:			
Wraparound Services Initiative	93.958		50,000
Child Respite	93.958		4,762
Cognitive Impairment	93.958		54,227
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse -			,
State Incentive Grant	93.959		162,043
Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act -			,
Preadmission Screenings and Annual Resident Reviews	93.778		352,407
Total Washtenaw Community Health Organization			748,360
Passed through Michigan Department of Human Services -			
Child Support Enforcement:			
Friend of the Court	93.563		3,550,876
	93.563		
Prosecuting Attorney	93.303		381,222
Total Michigan Department of Human Services			3,932,098
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			11,088,746
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Passed through Michigan Department of State Police:			
State Domestice Preparedness Equipment Support Program:			
2003 SHSGP Part II Training Grant	97.004		27,428
2004 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.004		577,741
State and Local All Hazards Emergency Operations Planning	<i>71.</i> 004		377,741
2002 Supplemental Planning Grant	97.051		50,342
Homeland Security Grant Program:	97.031		30,342
2005 Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		17,381
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.067		50,462
Emergency Management reformance Grant	71.001		JU, 4 02
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			723,354
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	15,104,138

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Washtenaw County, Michigan (the "County") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, Washtenaw County, Michigan provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Women, Infants and Children	10.557	\$ 95,508
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	558,742
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	207,040
Violence Against Women	16.590	109,289
Community Access Program	93.252	172,726
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	23,341
Head Start	93.600	1,712,186
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	50,342

* * * * * *



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

February 24, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners of Washtenaw County Ann Arbor, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of WASHTENAW COUNTY, MICHIGAN, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2006. We did not audit the financial statements of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund, which represent 0.4% of the assets and 7.5% of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information and 0.5% of the assets and 4.2% of the revenues of the governmental activities. Also, we did not audit the financial statements of the Washtenaw County Road Commission, which represents 70.5% of the assets and 88.8% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Employment Training and Community Services Fund and Washtenaw County Road Commission, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered *Washtenaw County*, *Michigan's* internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to

the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our report and the reports of other auditors noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests and the reports of the other auditors disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Loham



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

February 24, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners of Washtenaw County Ann Arbor, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of *Washtenaw County, Michigan* with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005. *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* compliance based on our audit.

Washtenaw County, Michigan's financial statements include the operations of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund, a special revenue fund of the County, which received \$6,899,333 in federal awards, which is not included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2005. Our audit, as described below, did not include the operations of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund because it was audited by other auditors in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, *Washtenaw County*, *Michigan* complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of *Washtenaw County*, *Michigan* is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered *Washtenaw County*, *Michigan's* internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our report and the report of other auditors noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Washtenaw County, Michigan* as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2006. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise *Washtenaw County, Michigan's* basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund, which represent 0.4% of the assets and 7.5% of the revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information and 0.5% of the assets and 4.2% of the revenues of the governmental activities. Also, we did not audit the financial statements of the Washtenaw County Road Commission, which represents 70.5% of the assets and 88.8% of the revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Employment Training and Community Services Fund and Washtenaw County Road Commission, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Lohan

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>Unqualified</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no		
Reportable condition(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no		
<u>Federal Awards</u>			
Internal Control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no		
Reportable condition(s) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unqualified</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?	ves X no		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS (Concluded)

Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
93.600 97.004	Head Start State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	<u>\$453,124</u>				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X yesno				
SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS No matters were reported.					
SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS					
No matters were reported.					
SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS No matters were reported.					
110 matters were reported.					
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March 2, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners Washtenaw County

We have audited the basic financial statements of *Washtenaw County* as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated March 2, 2006. We did not audit the financial statements of the Employment Training and Community Services Fund, a special revenue fund of the County, nor the financial statements of the Washtenaw County Road Commission, a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports were furnished to us.

Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and OMB Circular A-133

As stated in our engagement letter dated January 3, 2006, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Because of the concept of reasonable assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material errors, fraud, or other illegal acts may exist and not be detected by us.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Washtenaw County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. We also considered internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Washtenaw County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. Also, in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we examined, on a test basis, evidence about Washtenaw County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* applicable to each of its major federal programs for the purpose of expressing an opinion on Washtenaw County's compliance with those requirements. While our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, it does not provide a legal determination on Washtenaw County's compliance with those requirements.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility for selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we advised management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Washtenaw County are described in Note I to the basic financial statements.

As reflected in note III-A to the financial statements and the statistical section of the report, in 2005 the County adopted Statements of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statements) No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, and No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*. The effect of implementing these new standards did not result in the restatement of beginning net assets/fund balances.

We noted no transactions entered into by Washtenaw County during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the liability for uninsured risks of loss, including incurred but not reported claims, which are accounted for in certain of the County's internal service funds and for which the County utilizes the services of an independent third-party risk management consultant to estimate the liability. We relied upon the work of the third-party expert in determining that the liability is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the collectability of accounts receivable from third party payers for health and mental health services rendered by the County. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowances for uncollectable accounts in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the original cost and accumulated depreciation of infrastructure capital assets for the Drain Commissioner is based on data derived from certain prior year audit reports. We evaluated the key factors/assumptions used to develop the original cost and accumulated depreciation of the infrastructure capital assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable fixed assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of those assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Significant Audit Adjustments - None

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a significant audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the County's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or not by the County, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the County's financial reporting process.

Disagreements with Management - None

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultations with Other Independent Accountants - None

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Washtenaw County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit - None

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

This letter is intended for the use of the Board of Commissioners and management of Washtenaw County, the State of Michigan, and respective federal and state grantor agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Very truly yours,

Rehmann Loham